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Vision for Development Mission for the Nation

The 12-year tenure of Prime Minister Narendra Modi's government has been marked by setting new benchmarks in service, good governance, and development. During this period, the nation has witnessed self-reliance, a digital revolution, the expansion of infrastructure, and the forging of a strong identity on the global stage...



For e-copy

World Environment Day – June 5

Nature and Progress Both Integral to India's Culture

In India's millennia-old culture, progress coexists harmoniously with nature. Our ancestors' aspiration was: पृथ्वी: पू: च उर्वी भव।—meaning, May the whole earth, the whole environment, be most advantageous for all of us and give an opportunity to our dreams. Amidst the global efforts currently underway to combat the threat of climate change, India has emerged as a beacon of hope. It is only through the united efforts of the nation and its citizens—dedicated to safeguarding the climate and the environment—that we will be able to pass on a secure environment to future generations.

“

The balance between development and the environment is an integral part of our ancient tradition—a tradition that we are now transforming into a source of strength for an 'Atmanirbhar Bharat.' Our scriptures have always taught us the balance in the relationship between living beings and nature, between the individual and the collective, and between the soul and the Divine. Everything we do for ourselves has a direct impact on our environment as well. Therefore, India is increasingly intensifying its efforts towards the efficient utilization of its resources.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



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FROM THE EDITOR'S DESK...

Holistic—All-Inclusive—All-Encompassing 12 Years of Public Service, Public Trust, and Public Welfare

Greetings!

The evening of May 26, 2014, was etched in golden letters in the Indian democracy when Narendra Modi took the oath as Prime Minister for the first time at the forecourt of the Rashtrapati Bhavan. Prime Minister Narendra Modi took the oath for a third consecutive term on June 9, 2024. Under his leadership, the Central Government is completing 12 years. This has not merely been a political journey but a comprehensive campaign for the building of a 'New India.' Throughout these years, the citizens of the country have always remained at the center of governance, and the poor, the youth, the farmers, and women have been recognized as the greatest forces of development. The government ensured that its schemes were not confined merely to announcements, but that their benefits reached the very last person. The 'Viksit Bharat Sankalp Yatra' stands as a prime example of this commitment.

From a cultural and spiritual perspective as well, this period has been historic. India's ancient tradition of Yoga gained global recognition through the International Day of Yoga—a celebration that has now been embraced by the entire world.

In the realm of national security, the government has taken several bold decisions. India has carved out a new identity for itself in the realms of employment and entrepreneurship as well. The country's youth are no longer merely job seekers; they are becoming job creators. Today, India boasts the world's third-largest startup ecosystem and has emerged as the second-largest nation globally in mobile manufacturing. 'Digital India' has rendered governance both transparent and accessible. Currently, India stands as a country with the fastest real-time

digital payments. Furthermore, India continues to be the world's fastest-growing major economy. Prime Minister Narendra Modi has been conferred with the highest civilian honors from numerous nations—a testament to India's rising stature on the global stage.

Over these past 12 years, the government has not only rectified past shortcomings but, while simultaneously strengthening the present, has also placed before the nation the clear objective of a 'Viksit Bharat @ 2047.' Thus, embodying the spirit of नागरिक देवो भवः (The Citizen is God), the Central Government continues to advance steadfastly along the path of public service, public trust, and public welfare. The 12-year journey of the government led by Prime Minister Narendra Modi serves as the central theme—our cover story—for this issue.

Our 'Personality' section features Damodar Menon—who used the might of the pen to fight for freedom—along with a comprehensive overview of Prime Minister Narendra Modi's engagements over the past fortnight, including key decisions taken by the Union Cabinet.

Additionally, the magazine's inner page features special content dedicated to World Environment Day (observed on June 5), while the back cover highlights Prime Minister Narendra Modi's seven appeals made in the national interest.

We encourage you to continue sending us your valuable suggestions.



(Dharendra Ojha)



Read/Download the magazine available in Hindi, English and 11 other languages.

<https://newindiasamachar.pib.gov.in/>

MAIL BOX



Important for staying updated on national developments

Reading 'Prime Minister Narendra Modi's Appeal' in the 16-30 April 2026 issue of the New India Samachar was inspiring. The Prime Minister has kept an eye on every sector for the health, prosperity, and development of the country's citizens and has also guided us through appropriate advice. This is a crucial matter. In the editorial section, I received detailed information about 'The End of Red Terrorism in India', a major achievement of the Modi government. After independence, continuous Naxalite attacks had halted the development of tribal areas, causing loss of public wealth and the deaths of a large number of our soldiers. The Modi government took the right decision, launched a campaign, and succeeded in making India free from Naxalism. Therefore, the people of the country have developed greater trust in the policies and decisions of the Modi government.

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Detailed coverage of economic policies is highly informative

I am writing this letter to express my appreciation for New India Samachar. As a practising chartered accountant, I find the magazine's detailed coverage of national development, government schemes, and economic policies highly informative and extremely relevant to my profession. Thank you for your efforts in keeping the professional community well-informed.

Dharmesh Beladiya
dbeladiya32@gmail.com

A Valuable Source of Information for the People

I want to express my heartfelt gratitude to you and your entire team for the excellent work being done through New India Samachar. It is truly a magnificent Magazine, made even more special by its availability in all Indian languages – particularly Tamil. Thanks to this, people across the country have been able to easily understand and connect with our government's key initiatives, achievements, and vision. I especially appreciate the fact that all important news regarding our Prime Minister and the various programmes of the government are gathered on a single platform through New India Samachar. It is a valuable source of information for the public. Your dedication and commitment to delivering authentic and inspiring news to the nation are highly commendable. I wish you and your entire team continued success in the years to come.

S. Rajeshkanna
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Very helpful in providing information about Government Initiatives

I read the New India Samachar magazine regularly. I take a keen interest in reading this magazine to stay informed about government policies and initiatives. I consistently share the information with everyone around me.

Parul Sharma
ps308616@gmail.com

New India Samachar is an Excellent Magazine

The New India Samachar magazine is excellent. We are moving towards a Viksit Bharat. This is a matter of pride for every Indian citizen.

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A Courageous Journalist Who Used The Might Of The Pen To Fight For Freedom

Born: June 10, 1906 | Died: November 1, 1980

KA Damodar Menon—a renowned Indian journalist, freedom fighter, and social worker—played an active role in India’s struggle for independence and raised a powerful voice against British rule. During his long association with the Mathrubhumi newspaper, he penned impactful writings on various social and political issues. Fearlessness, integrity, impartiality, and a deep commitment to the public interest were the hallmarks of his journalism. He transformed these traits into formidable weapons during the freedom struggle. After independence, Damodar Menon, driven by the noble objective of public service, made significant contributions to public awareness, education, and social reform.

He remained unbiased and displayed fearless journalism even in the face of British brutality. Born on June 10, 1906, in Karumalloor, Kerala (now known as Keralam), Menon’s life stood strikingly as a living embodiment of the values of truth, integrity, and service. He received his education at Maharaja’s College, Thiruvananthapuram, and Rangoon University, Burma (present-day Myanmar). Subsequently, he obtained a degree in law from Trivandrum. Following his education, his interests grew immensely toward public service and journalism. Inspired by Mahatma Gandhi, he subsequently joined the freedom struggle.

Mahatma Gandhi and his ideals left a profound influence on Damodar Menon’s life. He actively participated in the ‘Salt Satyagraha’ and the ‘Civil Disobedience Movement’ spearheaded by Mahatma Gandhi. He was also sent to prison for his activism. Furthermore, participated in the ‘Quit India Movement’ and emerged as one of its key leaders. It was for this very reason that the British

authorities arrested him once again, and he remained incarcerated from 1942 to 1945.

Damodar Menon raised many public awareness issues as the editor of the renowned Malayalam daily “Mathrubhumi,” where he worked until 1948. Through this newspaper, he criticized the oppression of Indians by the British. Furthermore, he also edited newspapers such as “Samadarshi,” “Swatantra,” “Kahalam,” and “Power Shakti” in his career. Even after India’s independence, he continued to work for the national interest. He was elected to the Lok Sabha and the State Legislative Assembly. After being elected to the Kerala Legislative Assembly, he also became a minister in the state government. He advocated for liberal economic views. He was a supporter of not only inter-caste marriages but also inter-religious marriages. He passed away on November 1, 1980. Prime Minister Narendra Modi remembered and paid tribute to Damodar Menon at the inauguration ceremony of the centenary celebrations of “Mathrubhumi” on March 18, 2022. ●

MSP of Kharif Crops

And Two Semiconductor Projects Approved



The central government is continuously making significant decisions to safeguard the interests of farmers across the country and enhance their income. In line with this endeavour, the Union Cabinet has approved an increase in the minimum support price (MSP) for the Kharif season in 2026. This decision marks a significant step towards boosting farmers' income, making agriculture more remunerative, and strengthening the rural economy. Additionally, the Cabinet also approved several other key proposals, including two more semiconductor projects under the India Semiconductor Mission (ISM).

DECISION: Approval of MSP for 14 Kharif crops for the marketing season 2026-27

IMPACT: The government has increased the MSP for Kharif crops for the marketing season 2026-27 to ensure that farmers receive remunerative prices for their produce. Compared to the previous year, the highest increase in MSP has been approved for sunflower seeds (₹622 per quintal), followed by cotton (₹557 per quintal), nigerseed (₹515 per quintal), and sesame (₹500 per quintal).

DECISION: Two more projects approved under the Indian Semiconductor Mission (ISM)

IMPACT: The two approved proposals will lead to the establishment of semiconductor manufacturing units in Gujarat, with a total investment of approximately ₹3,936 crore; these initiatives are expected to generate 2,230 employment opportunities for skilled professionals.

- With these two approvals, the country's semiconductor ecosystem will receive a significant boost, as the total number of projects approved under the ISM will reach 12, representing a cumulative investment of approximately ₹1.64 lakh crore.
- These projects will play a complementary role in the country's emerging world-class chip design capabilities. This initiative has gained

UNION CABINET DECISIONS

momentum through the design infrastructure support provided by the government to 315 academic institutions and 104 startups.

- Momentum within India's semiconductor ecosystem is accelerating, with ten approved projects already at various stages of implementation.

DECISION: Approval of the Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) 5.0

IMPACT: The objective of this scheme is to enable businesses to recover from the challenges arising from the conflict in West Asia. Additionally, it is expected to assist businesses in sustaining their operations, safeguarding jobs, and maintaining supply chains.

- The proposed credit guarantee scheme represents a crucial step toward assisting businesses, particularly MSMEs and the airline sector, by ensuring that their additional working capital requirements are met by banks and financial institutions.
- By ensuring the timely availability of funds, this scheme will help sustain businesses and prevent job losses.
- It will also foster uninterrupted domestic production and uphold the resilience of the ecosystem.

DECISION: The cabinet approves the ship repair facility at Vadinar, Gujarat

IMPACT: The Vadinar Ship Repair Centre will directly address a critical gap currently existing in India's ship repair infrastructure, as the country currently lacks adequate domestic capacity to repair large vessels exceeding 230 metres in length. By enabling the repair of vessels up to 300 metres, this centre will make high-value repairs of large ships possible within India itself. This will significantly reduce dependence on foreign shipyards and curb the outflow of foreign exchange.

- The project is expected to create sustainable employment, generating approximately 290 direct and around 1,100 indirect jobs across ship repair, logistics, and ancillary industries, while catalysing a broader maritime industrial ecosystem.

DECISION: Approval granted for the proposal to introduce the Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Amendment Bill, 2026, in Parliament

IMPACT: The objective is to amend the Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Act, 1956, thereby

DECISION: The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs approved three multi-tracking projects covering 19 districts across the states of Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, and Telangana.

IMPACT: This will result in an addition of approximately 901 kilometres to the Indian Railways' existing network.

- The total estimated cost of these projects is ₹23,437 crore, and they are scheduled to be completed by the year 2030-31.
- The proposed multi-tracking projects will improve connectivity for approximately 4,161 villages, serving a combined population of about 83 lakh.

These projects include

Nagda-
Mathura: 3rd
and 4th Lines

Guntakal-
Wadi: 3rd and
4th Lines

Burhwal-
Sitapur: 3rd
and 4th Lines



increasing the number of judges in the Supreme Court of India, excluding the Chief Justice, from the current 33 to 37.

- The increase in the number of judges will enable the Supreme Court to function more efficiently and effectively, thereby ensuring speedier justice.
- Expenditure incurred on the salaries and other emoluments of the judges and supporting staff will be met from the Consolidated Fund of India.

DECISION: Fair and Remunerative Price (FRP) of ₹365 per quintal approved for sugarcane farmers for the 2026-27 sugar production season

IMPACT: This decision has been taken keeping the interests of sugarcane farmers in mind. This decision will benefit 5 crore sugarcane farmers, as well as 5 lakh workers engaged in sugar mills and associated ancillary activities.

DECISION: Approval granted for an incentive scheme for coal/lignite gasification projects

DECISION: Cabinet clears upgradation of Nagpur International Airport

IMPACT: This marks a significant milestone in the journey of Nagpur Airport towards becoming a regional aviation hub under the Multi-modal International Cargo Hub and Airport at Nagpur (MIHAN) project. Leveraging private sector efficiency combined with government oversight, the airport is poised for substantial investment, modernisation, and improved passenger and cargo services.

- Under a phased development plan, its ultimate capacity is projected to reach 30 million passengers per annum, thereby establishing it as one of the premier airports in Central India.
- This transformation will not only enhance connectivity within the Vidarbha region but also bolster its economic infrastructure. It is also expected to lead to a significant increase in cargo handling capacity.



Scan the QR code to watch the press briefing on the Cabinet decisions.

located near the source, with an outlay of ₹37,500 crore.

IMPACT: This scheme represents a major stride towards accelerating India's coal/lignite gasification programme and advancing the national target of gasifying 100 million tonnes of coal by the year 2030.

- Furthermore, it will aid in strengthening energy security and reducing import dependency on key products such as Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), of which over 50% is currently imported; Urea (20% imported); Ammonia (100% imported); and Methanol (80–90% imported).

DECISION: Approved a new project covering the Ahmedabad District in Gujarat

IMPACT: This will result in an addition of approximately 134 kilometres to the existing network of Indian Railways. The total estimated cost of this project is approximately ₹20,667 crore, and it is scheduled to be completed by 2030-31.

- This project section will establish improved connectivity between Ahmedabad, Dholera SIR, the upcoming Dholera Airport, and the Lothal National Maritime Heritage Complex.
- Connecting Ahmedabad to Dholera will reduce travel time for passengers, making daily commuting more

comfortable and enabling same-day return journeys.

- This semi-high-speed railway will bring people living hundreds of KM apart in different cities closer together.

DECISION: Approved the "Cotton Productivity Mission" with an outlay of ₹5,659.22 crore, aimed at achieving self-reliance in the cotton sector and enhancing competitiveness in global textile markets by 2030-31.

IMPACT: the mission aligns with the Government of India's '5F' vision (farm to fibre to factory to fashion to foreign).

- The mission focuses on enhancing cotton productivity through the development of high-yielding variety (HYV) seeds resistant to disease and pests; scaling up of existing and latest crop production technologies through state governments, Krishi Vigyan Kendras, and State Agricultural Universities (SAUs) through large-scale promotion and adoption of latest crop production technologies; ensuring a least contaminated cotton supply to industry; and promoting high-quality cotton exports with a focus on the following major aspects.
- Additionally, the mission aims to ensure the least contaminated cotton supply to industry and promote high-quality cotton exports. ●



12-Year Journey of Resolve

A New Era in the Journey Towards a Viksit Bharat



There comes a moment in a nation's journey of development when the country redefines itself. It embraces new resolves and seeks out the path to their realization. Driven by unyielding willpower, it dedicates itself to bringing these aspirations to fruition; it is precisely at this juncture that transformations begin—changes destined to remain etched in the collective memory of the people for generations to come. In the year 2014, the country's political landscape underwent a profound shift. The nation witnessed a new dawn—the inception of a journey of development that continues, uninterrupted, to this very day. On June 9, the government completed twelve years in this journey of national reconstruction—a journey undertaken by a nation marching forward with the monumental resolve to become a 'Viksit Bharat.' In Indian culture and across the scriptures of various faiths, the number 12 holds a special significance. According to scriptural traditions, the objective of 12 years of 'Tapasya' (rigorous spiritual discipline) is to guide the seeker toward attaining spiritual wisdom and self-realization. It is important to note that a 12-year period of such intense discipline is a rigorous and arduous process—one that not everyone is capable of undertaking. Under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, this 12-year journey of development has not merely addressed the immediate exigencies of the moment; rather, it has been grounded in a well-considered, long-term vision. The 12-year journey of development undertaken by the current Central Government represents that very 'Amrit'—that essence distilled from years of dedication and penance—which, with an unwavering commitment to transforming India into a developed nation during the 'Amrit Kaal,' has now surged ahead rapidly on the path toward fulfilling the grand resolve of a 'Developed India.'

Indeed, over the past 12 years, the ethos of Service is our Resolve—coupled with a steadfast commitment to advancing along the Kartavya Path—has shattered old paradigms and forged a new trajectory for development. Under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the initiatives undertaken over the last 12 years to deliver benefits to the marginalized people and to instill a true sense of freedom have etched an indelible mark—one that, commencing from the Azadi Ka Amrit Kaal, is poised to script the new destiny of a "New India" as it progresses to its centenary year. This New India fosters the dreams of its youth, fulfills the aspirations of its Nari Shakti, provides ample opportunities for the poor to advance, and elevates the ambitions of the middle class to new heights. The economy is growing at a rapid pace. Over the last 12 years, the benefits of numerous schemes have reached the doorsteps of millions of poor citizens. Today, every poor person in the country recognizes the transformative power of schemes ranging from Ujjwala to Ayushman Bharat. The pace of implementing government schemes has accelerated; they are now consistently achieving their targets.

The period from 2014 to 2026 has scripted a new chapter in the fulfillment of national resolves. This period has brought about major transformations, and today every citizen of the country feels part of this change. Thus, the achievements of the last 12 years under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi represent the 'Amrit'—distilled from years of rigorous dedication and penance; it is this essence that, with unwavering resolve to transform India into a developed nation during the 'Amrit Kaal', has now set forth decisively on the path of national reconstruction.



Compared to the past, the nation is advancing at a significantly faster pace. It is with this very resolve that India has embarked upon the journey of the Amrit Kaal—an era envisioned to ensure that 100 percent of villages have road connectivity, 100 percent of families possess bank accounts, 100 percent of beneficiaries hold Ayushman Bharat cards, and 100 percent of eligible individuals are covered under the Ujjwala scheme with gas connections. Be it insurance schemes, pension plans, or housing initiatives—the government is committed to bringing every eligible individual under the ambit of these programs. Street vendors and hawkers are being integrated into the formal banking system through the SVANidhi scheme. Furthermore, the nation is currently working with great urgency to implement the “Har Ghar Jal” Mission. Guided by a philosophy of holistic, all-inclusive, and all-encompassing development, the Central Government is ensuring that no individual or social group is left behind in the nation’s developmental journey—and that no geographical region or corner of the country remains untouched or neglected. Be it women’s empowerment or youth power—farmers or the poor and marginalized—there is but one singular vision: development must be all-encompassing. Over the past 12 years, concerted efforts have been made to uplift even those regions of the country that had previously lagged. Eastern India, the Northeast, the entire Himalayan region—including Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh—as well as coastal areas and tribal belts, are emerging as pivotal pillars for India’s future developmental journey. For all these regions, the guiding mantra of good governance fosters a mindset of consensus rather than mere majority rule—a philosophy encapsulated in the motto: “Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas, Sabka Vishwas, aur Sabka Prayas”. The nation is steadily advancing toward the creation of an India that is liberated from poverty, corruption, terrorism, casteism, and communalism.

STRENGTHENING PATH OF A DEVELOPED INDIA

From the ramparts of the Red Fort to various other platforms, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has enumerated a list of initiatives that should have been undertaken during the very early years of independence. However, at that time, a long-term vision focused on sustainable solutions for these issues was not adopted. Consequently, the nation today, under its current leadership, is witnessing the realization of projects that had remained pending—or, one might say, stalled in limbo—for seven decades. Now, the country no longer relies merely on fate; instead, new traditions of development are being established—driven by a clear vision, long-term policies, and an approach cen-



tered on sustainable solutions—thereby paving the way for the creation of a rising ‘New India.’ Over the past 12 years, India has not only doubled the size of its economy but has also achieved rapid growth, largely driven by modern infrastructure development. During this period, the budgetary allocation for critical infrastructure sectors—such as railways, roads, airports, ports, power, water supply, and gas pipelines—has been increased nearly sixfold. Today, work on mega-projects across the country is proceeding at an accelerated pace. Looking to the North, the Chenab Bridge—one of the world’s highest railway bridges—has been constructed in Jammu and Kashmir. In the West, the Atal Setu—the country’s longest sea bridge—has been built in Mumbai. In the East, the Bogibeel Bridge in Assam. And in the South, the construction of the Pamban Bridge—one of the few vertical-lift bridges in the world—has been completed. Similarly, the



Eastern and Western Dedicated Freight Corridors are also nearing completion. Work on the country's first Bullet Train project is progressing rapidly. Modern trains such as the Vande Bharat, Amrit Bharat, and Namo Bharat are further modernizing the nation's railway network. Underlying this development is a core philosophy: when every region of India becomes interconnected, the path toward becoming a developed nation is significantly strengthened. The new Parliament building and the Central Vista project have emerged as a true reflection of the fundamental ethos of an 'Atmanirbhar Bharat'. Aply, the very first bill passed within this new edifice was the historic legislation granting 33 percent reservation to women in both the Parliament and the State Legislative Assemblies. Similarly, after 34 years, a new National Education Policy was introduced—a testament to India's strides toward becoming a global knowledge superpower. Several decisions, including Triple Talaq, the Ram Mandir, the Bodo Accord, and Article 370, have paved the way for the establishment of peace and harmony. These were issues that had remained pending for decades, becoming intractable problems; yet, under the leadership of Prime Minister Modi, solutions were found, and a 'New India' is now emerging.

A NEW ERA OF TRANSFORMATION DRIVEN BY TECHNOLOGY

India ranks among the select few nations at the forefront of formulating technology policies with a keen eye on the future. Technology has exerted a profound impact across numerous sectors. It has ushered in a new chapter of transparency. Today, rural India consumes more internet data than its urban counterparts. During the COVID-19 era, platforms like UPI gained fresh momentum, leading people to embrace digital transactions as a way of life. The accessibility of vast markets has expanded significantly through e-commerce. It is precisely because of technology that 100 percent of benefits now reach the intended beneficiaries—a stark contrast to the past, when it was often said that for every rupee allocated, only 15 paise actually reached the villages. Whether it concerns the implementation or the monitoring of schemes, technology is providing the driving force behind infrastructure development in rural areas. While facilities such as IT-Faceless Assessment have brought about revolutionary changes, initiatives like 'e-Office' have accelerated the pace of administration. The establishment of Postal Banks in villages and the introduction of the Atal Innovation Mission in schools have sparked a new culture of innovation. There was a time when the prevailing mindset in India was that of a job-seeker; however, Prime Minister Modi has trans-

formed this outlook, fostering a culture of job creation. Empowered by the support provided to startups and the Mudra scheme, today's youth are soaring to new heights. Previously, the term 'startup' was understood by only a select few in India; today, however, young people even in the villages grasp its significance and are actively striving to build 'Unicorns.' India has now emerged as the world's third-largest startup ecosystem.

AN AUSPICIOUS OPPORTUNITY FOR GLOBAL LEADERSHIP

Over the past 12 years, India's stature has risen both domestically and globally, and the nation has emerged as a trusted leader. India's emergence as a vocal advocate for developing nations—whether during the crisis of the Russia-Ukraine war (exemplified by 'Operation Ganga') or at the COP26 summit in Glasgow and COP27 in Sharm El-Sheikh—stands as a testament to this fact; indeed, the world trusts India across international platforms such as the United Nations, BIMSTEC, and the G20. While holding the G20 presidency, India charted a new course for the world, offering the global community a profound appreciation of not only India's rich culture but also its immense capabilities. In the realm of environmental stewardship, initiatives such as 'Mission LIFE' and the 'International Solar Alliance' have illuminated a path for the world to foster harmony with nature and wildlife. Guided by the spirit of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam, India has consistently been among the pioneering nations to extend assistance to neighbors and countries across the globe during times of crisis—just as it became a global hub for pharmaceuticals during the COVID-19 pandemic. Over the last 12 years, India has successfully forged an identity for itself as a reliable partner on the global stage. Simultaneously, within the country, an environment has been fostered—spanning the social, economic, and political spheres—in which the common citizen has become an active participant in the Central Government's schemes, thereby becoming a true partner in the nation's development journey.

Undoubtedly, Prime Minister Narendra Modi—who has emerged as a visionary leader and a pioneer of bold, transformative reforms—has come to symbolize a 'New Beginning with Renewed Confidence.' The initiative to construct a secure, prosperous, and progressive India encapsulates the vision of 'Naya Bharat, Viksit Bharat'. Today, every Indian citizen is witnessing the realization of the resolutions undertaken by the Central Government over the past 12 years.

Let us now explore the achievements of this 12-year journey—Sankalp se Siddhi across the five sections that follow...



Cover Story
12 Years
 of Vikas Yatra

Committed to Lok Seva

Those who know me also understand me. I am here not for myself, nor for my own kin. I am here for the poor. I was born into poverty, and I have lived through it. I understand the pain of the poor.” These words of Prime Minister Narendra Modi are not merely an expression; they are the voice emanating from the heart of a deeply empathetic individual—someone who harbors immense sensitivity toward the nation’s Dalits, the poor, tribals, and backward communities. For him, prioritizing Antyodaya and the welfare of the poor in every decision has become part of his personality trait. Every national thought—and indeed, the very culture and ethos of India—is dedicated to the golden dream of a ‘Developed India’, anchored in service, good governance, and the welfare of the poor. It is this very vision that has forged a protective shield for the nation’s farmers, rural poor, and the middle class. Through the Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PM-JAY), health security has been extended to the masses. Over the past 12 years, the aspirations of the poor, farmers, and the middle class have been given new wings; by creating a cycle of holistic security through inclusive development—and by binding every citizen together in a bond of safety—a decisive step has been taken toward realizing a Atmanirbhar Bharat.

Welfare of the Poor



From Welfare for the Poor to a Life of Dignity

Today, whenever the achievements of the government in India are discussed, the welfare of the poor stands paramount. Over the past 12 years, the central government made the welfare of the poor its primary objective—an approach grounded not in appeasement, but in genuine fulfillment. In this context, the PM Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana serves as yet another protective shield for a vast segment of the country's population. Numerous schemes, designed to realize the pledges of 'Garib Kalyan' (Welfare for the Poor) articulated by Prime Minister Narendra Modi in 2014, have brought about a transformative change in the lives of villagers and the underprivileged. Credible global reports indicate that poverty in India has declined rapidly; this is because, in every decision taken by the top leadership, the welfare and empowerment of the poor—guided by the philosophy of *Antyodaya*—have become an enduring mindset.

PM Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana



81

crore people are receiving free ration under the PM Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana.

5 years extension to Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana from January 1, 2024.

- By March 2024, the supply of fortified rice was successfully implemented, replacing custom-milled rice with fortified rice.
- Under the National Food Security Act, 100% digitization of ration cards has been achieved across the country.
- The 'One Nation, One Ration Card' scheme has been implemented for beneficiaries across all States and Union Territories. Over 207 crore portability transactions till March 2026.

Under the leadership of PM Modi

25 crore citizens have overcome poverty and emerged from it. In his third term, the campaign to empower the poor has advanced with even greater momentum.

19% was the social security coverage in the country in 2015 and reached 64.3% in 2025. More than 94 crore people currently benefit from at least one social security scheme.

120 million toilets have been constructed under the Swachh Bharat Mission, making the country Open Defecation Free (ODF). This marks a significant advancement in public health and sanitation.



Financial Security

58.12

crore Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) accounts were opened as of April 15, 2026. These accounts hold a total deposit balance of approximately ₹ 2.94 Lakh



32.21

Crore (55.8%) of the Jan Dhan accounts belong to women, and approximately 45.17 Crore (78.2%) of the PMJDY accounts have been opened in rural and semi-urban areas.



₹2 Lakh

life insurance in the event of death due to any cause under the Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana (PMJJBY) has over 27.33 Crore enrollments.

- The Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY) offers insurance coverage of ₹200,000 for death or permanent total disability caused by an accident, and ₹100,000 for permanent partial disability. It has recorded 57.92 Crore enrollments.



Over 9 million

enrollments have been recorded under the Atal Pension Yojana (APY), aimed at providing a monthly pension to eligible subscribers.

- Under the *Stand-Up India* scheme, 275,000 loans amounting to ₹62790 Crore have been sanctioned to entrepreneurs from Scheduled Castes (SC), Scheduled Tribes (ST), and women, enabling them to establish Greenfield projects across the manufacturing, trading, services, and agriculture-allied sectors.
- A robust financial inclusion platform, known as the 'Jan Dhan-Aadhaar-Mobile' (JAM) trinity, has been established, linking Jan Dhan accounts with mobile numbers and Aadhaar identities.
- **PM SVANidhi Scheme** – From its inception up to April 15, 2026, loans were disbursed to 74.90 Crore street vendors under this scheme.

Jal Jeevan Mission

126.1 million additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections as of May 13, 2026.

At the launch of the mission in 2019, only 32.3 million (16.7%) rural households possessed a tap water connection.

15.85 crore households—out of the country's 19.36 crore rural households—are receiving tap water connections in their homes as of May 13, 2026.

- On March 10, 2026, the Union Cabinet approved the extension of the duration of the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) until December 2028.



I never tire of hard work; rather, the smile that my efforts bring to the faces of the poor fills me with a profound sense of satisfaction.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

Farmer Welfare: The Dawn of a New Era

India's Annadata—who remained neglected for decades—has now become an integral partner in India's developmental journey. It is a testament to this very shift in mindset towards farmers that the Ministry of Agriculture has now been renamed the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare. Driven by this vision, and over the past 12 years, the Central Government has comprehensively addressed every need of farmers—spanning the pre-sowing, sowing, and post-sowing stages—through various schemes; a concerted effort that has provided a new direction to India's farmers...

Rising Food Grain Production

Over **357.73** million metric tonnes food grain production achieved by India in the agricultural year 2024-2025.

With **150** million tonnes of production volume, India has emerged as the world's largest producer of rice.



- Our country has also become the world's second-largest producer of fish. This achievement underscores the nation's success within the 'Blue Economy' sector.



- In the realm of milk production as well, India is recognized as one of the world's most successful nations. This success is a direct result of the strength of the cooperative movement.



PM Kisan Samman Nidhi

Under this scheme, financial assistance of ₹6,000 per year is transferred via Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) into the Aadhaar-seeded bank accounts of farmers, disbursed in three equal installments. Since its inception, over ₹4.27 lakh crore has been distributed across 22 installments.



The Government Continues to Increase MSP

- Since 2018-19, the government has been increasing the Minimum Support Price (MSP) for all crops. This is fixed at a level of at least 1.5 times the farmers' cost of cultivation, ensuring that farmers realize a profit of at least 50% over their production costs.



Funds for Agricultural Development

The budget allocated ₹ 1,32,561 crore for the agriculture sector in 2026-27. Approximately ₹ 9,967 crore was allocated for agri-education and research. This reaffirms the government's commitment to prioritizing agricultural development.

Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maandhan Yojana

60 year-and-above persons who opted for it will be given a monthly pension of ₹ 3,000. The monthly contribution amount ranges from ₹ 55 to ₹ 200, depending on the entry age.

24.96 crore farmers are registered under the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maandhan Yojana as of February 6, 2026.



“

The government currently at the Centre is working with absolute sincerity to reduce farmers' expenses and to share the burden of their costs. The PM Kisan Samman Nidhi stands as the world's largest scheme wherein financial assistance is transferred directly into the bank accounts of farmers.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

Farmers Continue to Receive Fertilizers at Concessional Rates

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent conflicts, fertilizer prices in the international market skyrocketed manifold. Sourcing fertilizers from foreign markets also became extremely difficult; however, the Central Government made every possible effort to mitigate this crisis.

3,000 rupees worth urea bag in the international market has been provided by the Central Government to farmers below ₹ 300.



- The government has spent over ₹ 12 lakh crore from its own exchequer on this initiative to ensure that no financial burden falls upon the farmers.
- Over the past 12 years, the Central Government has woven a robust safety net around the nation's farmers. Schemes such as MSP, affordable credit, crop insurance, and the PM Kisan Samman Nidhi have served as pillars of immense support for the farming community.
- With the objective of integrating farming with modern technology, connecting farmers to innovative irrigation methods, and ensuring benefits for their crops, the government formulated the 'Per Drop, More Crop' policy. Through this initiative, micro-irrigation technologies—such as drip and sprinkler systems—were made accessible to farmers.
- The Centre launched the Kusum Scheme. Today, a large number of farmers are not only utilizing solar pumps for irrigation but are also generating electricity through them, thereby earning additional income.





Giving New Wings to the Aspirations of the Middle Class

In a rapidly transforming India—whether in terms of development or governance, courage or the capacity for resolve—the middle class has emerged as a dominant force across every sphere of life. Comprising one-third of the population, the middle class constitutes a formidable force in realizing the vision of a prosperous and developed India—a segment whose aspirations have been given new wings by the Central Government over the past 12 years.

Income Tax Relief

No income tax payable under the new tax regime on an annual income of up to

₹12 lakh.



₹75,000

standard deduction and effective income threshold of ₹12.75 lakh for salaried taxpayers...

- Comprehensive revisions to income tax slabs and rates in the Union Budget 2025-26, designed to benefit all taxpayers.
- Substantial tax relief for the middle class through reductions in slab rates and exemptions, thereby boosting household consumption expenditure and investment.
- The number of income tax filers rose from 6.9 crore in the Financial Year (FY) 2022 to 9.2 crore in FY 2025.

UDAN Scheme

1.64+

crore citizens availed benefits of the UDAN scheme through 3.45 lakh flight services.



Government has further expanded this scheme. For this purpose, an allocation of approximately ₹29,000 crore has been sanctioned.

95

airports, heliports, and water aerodromes are connected via 665 routes.

- In the coming years, plans are in place to construct 100 new airports and 200 new helipads in smaller cities under this scheme.
- Before 2014, there were only 74 airports in the country. Today, there are more than 160 airports across the nation.

Vande Bharat Service

9.1 crore passengers have traveled across 1 lakh trips since the inception of the Vande Bharat service up until March 31, 2026

162 Vande Bharat services have been launched to date, resulting in a reduction of travel time by up to 45 percent on several corridors.

90 services consist of 8 coaches

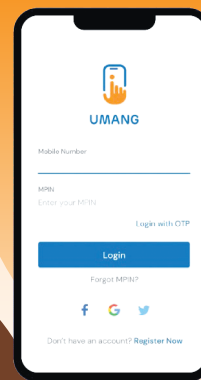
38 services of 20 coaches

34 services of 16 coaches.

Indian Railways—dedicated to serving the poor and the middle class—is rapidly advancing towards achieving its goal of 100 percent electrification.



UMANG App One Platform, Many Services



11.02 crore registrations on the UMANG App.

766.35 crore transactions.

2,517 services onboarded.

Launched in 2017, this app signifies shorter queues, greater control, and faster access to public services for the middle class.

DigiLocker



Over **63.88** crore registered users.

Over **950** crore documents issued.



Reduced Mobile Data Costs

97% reduction in mobile data cost in 2025-26 compared to 2014

Real Estate Regulation

- To protect the interests of homebuyers and bring transparency to the housing sector, Parliament passed the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act in 2016.
- RERA has resolved 1.57 lakh cases; RERA authorities are operational in 35 States and Union Territories.
- Over 1.61 lakh real estate projects and 1.13 lakh real estate agents across the country are registered under RERA.



PM Awas Yojna (Urban)

Since June 25, 2015, the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs has been supporting the efforts of States and Union Territories by providing central assistance under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana – Urban (PMAY-U). This initiative aims to provide pucca houses—equipped with basic civic amenities—to eligible young individuals and working professionals among the urban beneficiaries across the country.



A total of **125.15** lakh houses have been sanctioned nationwide to date, including 13.67 lakh houses under PMAY-U 2.0.

Construction work has commenced on 116.57 lakh of the sanctioned houses; of these, 97.30 lakh houses have been handed over to beneficiaries as of March 2, 2026.

Post Office Passport Seva Kendras

452 Post Office Passport Seva Kendras are operational across 23 circles.



PM-Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana

36.88

lakh households installed solar systems under the Pradhan Mantri Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana as of April 30, 2026.



Subsidies amounting to **₹19,480** crore have been released.

The installed capacity under the scheme reached 10.77 GW.

Rapidly Growing Economy

Over the past 12 years, the country’s economic foundation has strengthened significantly. Despite various global crises, India continues to remain the world’s fastest-growing major economy. India has further improved its track record of keeping inflation rates low. The direct benefits of this are accruing to the country’s poor and middle-class families.



Since middle-class families contribute so much to the nation, it is incumbent upon the nation to make continuous efforts to fulfill their aspirations regarding their quality of life. I envision that by 2047—when the dream of a ‘Developed India’ is realized—one of its defining features will be a reduction in government interference in the lives of the common people.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

India: Towards Health and Prosperity

Did you know that a one-year increase in average life expectancy translates to a 4 percent boost in a country's GDP? This is precisely why, for the first time in independent India's history—starting in 2014—the health sector was not only accorded priority but was also placed at the very top of the policy and political agenda by the current Central Government. By ensuring a healthy future through the provision of affordable healthcare services, the Government of India has taken significant strides toward achieving better outcomes over the past 12 years. Today, India is leading the world's largest healthcare program: Ayushman Bharat.

Overhauling health education in 12 years

23

The number of AIIMS (All India Institutes of Medical Sciences) in the country

172%

The increase in the number of medical seats over the last 12 years.

818

The number of Allopathic medical colleges has reached this figure (up from 387 in 2014).

323

Dental colleges, along with 942 AYUSH institutions.

1,28,975

MBBS seats in the country, a significant rise from 51,384 in 2014

85,020

The number of medical PG (Postgraduate) seats in the country has risen from 31,185 in 2014

Vaccination

Vaccines are administered to newborns, children, and adolescents to protect against

12

different types of diseases.

- Under the Mission Indradhanush program launched in 2015, the objective is to reach children and pregnant women who have not been vaccinated or have been only partially vaccinated.
- Free vaccination is provided annually to 29 million pregnant women and 25.4 million newborns.
- The HPV vaccine was launched in 2026 to protect against cervical cancer.
- Full Immunization Coverage stood at 62% in 2015 and has risen to 98.4% as of January 2026.
- During the COVID-19 pandemic, India administered over 2 billion doses of the COVID-19 vaccine.





Improved Outcomes

- Since 1990, the Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) has declined by 86 percent—a figure that exceeds the global average of 48 percent.
- A 78 percent decline has been recorded in the mortality rate among children under five years of age—surpassing the global average of 61 percent.
- The Neonatal Mortality Rate has declined by 70 percent, whereas the global decline stands at 54 percent.
- The Infant Mortality Rate has recorded a decline of over 37 percent in the last decade, dropping from 40 deaths per 1,000 live births in 2013 to 25 in 2023.



	Rural Areas		Urban Areas	
Institutional Deliveries	90.5% Year 2017-18	95.6% Year 2025	96.1% Year 2017-18	97.8% Year 2025

Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PM-JAY)

- Launched on September 23, 2018 (AB-PMJAY). It is the world's largest public healthcare scheme.
- Health coverage of up to ₹5 lakh per year for medical treatment for socio-economically disadvantaged families and all citizens aged above 70 years.



12 Crore+ people have received treatment.

36,038 Hospitals registered under the scheme.

43.93
Crore+
Ayushman
Cards issued.

Ayushman Arogya Mandir

1,84,235
Ayushman Arogya Mandirs are operational (as of February 27, 2026).

42.6
Crore+ people have received tele-consultations (as of December 31, 2025).





Medical Tourism

- In the year 2025, 507,244 foreign nationals arrived specifically for medical treatment.
- The medical tourism market is projected to grow to \$16.2 billion by the year 2030.
- E-Medical Visa and E-Medical Attendant Visa facilities have been extended to 172 countries.

According to the Medical Tourism Index 2020-21...

- India ranks 10th globally among the top 46 medical tourism destinations.
- Ranks 12th among the world's top 20 wellness tourism markets.
- Ranks 5th among the top 10 healthcare destinations in the Asia-Pacific region.

Affordable and Quality Medicines

19,200

Quality generic medicines are available at affordable prices through the Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP) at Janaushadhi Kendras (centers).

- More than 2,100 medicines and 315 surgical products are available at these centers, sold at rates 50-90% lower than market prices.



Approximately **40,000** Crore saved by the common people due to access to affordable medicines.

Reduced Financial Burden

- Out-of-pocket expenditure on healthcare treatment has decreased from 62.6% in 2014-15 to 39.4% in 2020-21. The Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana has played a significant role in this achievement.



National Health Policy, 2017

- On March 15, 2017, under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the Union Cabinet approved the National Health Policy, 2017. Its objective is universal access to health through a comprehensive healthcare policy and to provide high-quality healthcare services without any financial hardship.

Milestones

- India was declared Polio-free in 2014
- Elimination of neonatal tetanus in 2015.
- In 2024, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared India free of trachoma.
- India is also moving towards the elimination of Kala-azar in the near future.





Unceasing Journey of Empowerment

Development at Every Moment, New Possibilities at Every Turn

Before embarking on the path of progress and glory, it was imperative to give special attention to those sections of society that had long been neglected and ignored. However, the Prime Minister Narendra Modi did not merely acknowledge these sections; he revered them. The marginalized were accorded the highest priority in all policies and schemes of the Central Government. "Where women are honored, there the deities rejoice; but where they are not honored, all actions remain futile." This ancient adage became the guiding mantra for women-led development; consequently, over the past 12 years, Nari Shakti has excelled in every field. Similarly, the call—"This is the time; this is the right time; this is India's precious time"—a mantra for a 'Developed India' dedicated to the youth—serves as a powerful testament to the fact that India's young generation is poised and ready to give new wings to their aspirations. Today, as the potential of youth power has gained a new identity, the 'Amrit Peedhi' of New India has emerged as a symbol of India's knowledge, science, and timeless achievements. It would be no exaggeration to say that these past 12 years have marked an era—a distinct epoch dedicated to the empowerment of the underprivileged, women, the youth, and farmers. With a sensitive mindset and an inclusive approach, the new leadership of New India has, over the last 12 years, made every section of society and every region a partner in development—and thus began the journey toward a Swarnim Bharat.



India: Towards Health and Prosperity

“नारी तू नारायणी, तुमसे ही सामर्थ्य है, तुम्ही हो राष्ट्रशक्ति” *With this very resolve, New India is scripting ever-newer chapters of excellence. The prosperity of any nation is unimaginable without the power of its women. Consequently, over the past 12 years, the vision guiding national policy has shifted from merely the upliftment of women to fostering development under the leadership of women's power. Numerous initiatives aimed at empowering women across the spheres of education, health, economic prosperity, and leadership opportunities have proven to be milestones in this direction. Now, the central government stands committed to ensuring a 33 percent reservation for women in the Lok Sabha and state legislative assemblies...*

Steps Towards Women's Empowerment

In **2023** a pivotal first step was taken within the new Parliament building with the enactment of the 'Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam'.

Today, more than 14 lakh women in India are successfully serving in local government bodies. In approximately 21 states, their participation in panchayats has reached nearly 50 per cent.



Over the last 12 years, more than 3 crore women have become homeowners under the 'PM Awas Yojana'.

Over 70% of the houses allotted under the PM Awas Yojana are registered either solely or jointly in the names of women.



Under the 'Stand-Up India' scheme, 75% of the loans disbursed have been granted to women. Furthermore, women hold a 55% share in 'Jan Dhan' bank accounts.

70% of the loans sanctioned under the 'Mudra Yojana' have been given to women.

- Maternity leave for women has been extended to 26 weeks.
- Over the past 12 years, 100 million women joined SHGs.
- To accelerate the rural economy, the government has set a target of transforming 6 crore women into 'Lakhpati Didis'. Of these, more than 3 crore rural women have already achieved the status of 'Lakhpati Didi'.
- Under the 'Swasth Nari, Sashakt Parivar' campaign launched in September 2025, health check-ups were conducted for approximately 7 crore women.

In 2015, the government launched the Mission Indradhanush programme, to reach children and pregnant women who have not been vaccinated.



Mission Shakti Portal: Following the launch of the Mission Shakti Portal (<https://missionshakti.wcd.gov.in/>) in January 2025, details of 2,428 protection officers were updated on the portal by the states and union territories by March 23, 2026.

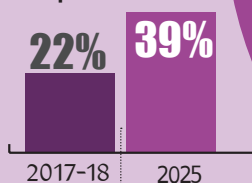
Empowering Women

Over **48%** of startups feature at least one female director.

- India's women's cricket team has won the World Cup for the first time. Similarly, the Blind Women's Cricket Team has also won the World Cup.

The first batch of female cadets has passed out from the National Defence Academy.

The Female Worker Population Ratio



The enrolment of female researchers in PhD programmes has more than doubled, registering an extraordinary growth of 135.6% (from 2014-15 to 2022-23) – thereby adding 64,724 additional female researchers.

The number of girls pursuing studies in mathematics and science, specifically in STEM education, has reached





A Beacon of Well-being The Ujjwala Scheme

Over **10.57** crore gas connections were provided under the Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana as of March 1, 2026.

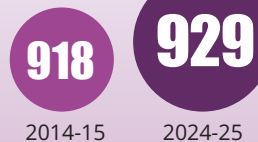
Women now save 2 to 3 hours daily, time that was previously spent gathering firewood to light traditional stoves. Women now utilise this time for income-generating activities or for caring for their families.



Beti Bachao Beti Padhao Scheme

The Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (BBBP) scheme, launched on January 22, 2015, in Panipat, Haryana, has completed a decade of existence.

The national-level sex ratio at birth improved



The Gross Enrolment Ratio of girls at the secondary school level rose



Pradhan Mantri Surakshit Matritva Abhiyan

8,812 | **22,349**

Registered volunteers

Number of facilities providing PMSMA services

Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana

This scheme provides maternity benefits of ₹5,000 for the first child (along with the Janani Suraksha Yojana incentive, averaging ₹6,000) and ₹6,000 for the second child (if a girl) to socially and economically disadvantaged pregnant and lactating mothers.



4.28 crore women have received benefits.

4.92 crore women have registered.

A total amount of **₹20,150** crore has been disbursed.

Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana: Empowering Girl Children

- The Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana was launched on January 22, 2015, under the government's 'Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao' campaign, featuring an interest rate of 8.2%.
- Since its inception, over 4.6 crore accounts have been opened, and the total deposited amount exceeds ₹3.33 lakh crore.



Today, in our journey towards a developed India, the role of women has become even more important. I am pleased that in 2014, the people of the country gave me the opportunity to serve, and since then until now, our government has formulated schemes for every stage of women's life cycle and has also successfully implemented them.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

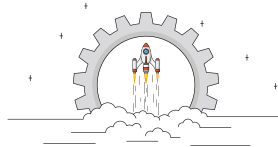
The Torchbearers Raising India's Flag High

This is the time; this is the right time; this is India's precious moment... This mantra, dedicated to the youth of a Viksit Bharat, reflects the spirit that India's young generation is ready to give new wings to its aspirations. This is the era when India stands as the youngest nation in the world. Therefore, over the past 12 years, through the far-sighted vision of the central government, the potential of youth power has gained a new identity and has become a symbol of India's knowledge, science, and timeless achievements – the "Amrit Peedhi" of New India.

Startups

Over **2.23** lakh startups have been established, creating more than 23.36 lakh jobs. Robust growth has been observed in funding, credit assistance, and public procurement.

- In 2014, India had only 4 unicorns; today, the country boasts 127 active unicorns.



55,200 startups have been recognized by the government during the financial year 2025–26, marking the highest number of recognitions granted in a single year since the inception of this initiative.

Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana (PMMY)

Over **₹40.07** lakh crore was disbursed across 577.9 million loans under the PMMY over a period of 11 years. This has significantly strengthened the credit ecosystem for Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs).

- The MUDRA scheme facilitates seamless access to collateral-free institutional credit of up to ₹20 lakh for non-corporate and non-agricultural income-generating activities.



Increased Number of Educational Institutions

From 2014 to the present:

- The number of IITs has increased from 16 to 23.
- The number of IIMs has increased from 13 to 21.



The number of AIIMS has increased from 7 to **23**

- The number of medical colleges has increased from 387 to 818.
- International campuses of IITs have been established in Zanzibar and Abu Dhabi.

Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana

A total of **1.64** crore candidates have been trained across more than 35 sectors under the Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY).

3,15,014 candidates have been trained for roles in the construction, telecommunications, and healthcare sectors, as well as for positions as career and education counsellors.





Dedicated Work Over 12 Years to Empower Youth

Over

12

lakh jobs secured through Rojgar Mela.



More than
10,000

Atal Tinkering Labs have been established in schools, engaging over 11 lakh students.



- The new National Education Policy 2020 implemented after three decades.
- India possesses the world's largest youth population, with approximately 65% of its people under the age of 35.
- The National Youth Festival (NYF) 2026 was organised at Bharat Mandapam in New Delhi from January 9 to 12, 2026.
- PM-SHRI (PM Schools for Rising India) - A Centrally Sponsored Scheme aimed at modernising schools to serve as model institutions aligned with the NEP.
- The Pradhan Mantri Viksit Bharat Rojgar Yojana was implemented on August 15, 2025. This scheme will provide new employment opportunities to approximately 3.5 crore young people.

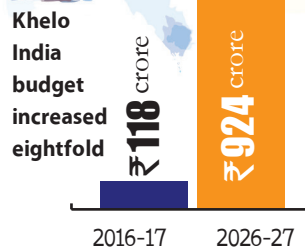


India's youth have made a mark globally. Our Yuva Shakti is associated with dynamism, innovation and determination. Our youth have driven India's growth with unmatched energy and conviction.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

Khelo India

Over **27,500** athletes are currently undergoing training at Khelo India centres.



Agnipath Scheme

- The government launched the Agnipath Scheme on June 15, 2022. Under this scheme, both male and female candidates are recruited as 'Agniveers' into the three branches of the Armed Forces, in ranks below that of an officer, for a tenure of four years.

17.5

to 21-year-old youths to be recruited as Agniveers for a period of four years of military service is the objective of this program.

46,000

personnel enrolled in the first batch completed their training in 2023. They received training in discipline, leadership, and technical skills, along with the 'Seva Nidhi' package and priority in post-service employment.



Priority to the Marginalised-The Hallmark of Good Governance

Today, work is being carried out across the country with a spirit of equity, resulting in the emergence of a large beneficiary base over the past 12 years. Before 2014, a significant section of society was deprived of basic amenities. However, Prime Minister Narendra Modi began his tenure by adopting the principle of prioritising the marginalised right from the outset. For the first time, a government proactively reached out to those who had been denied the benefits of various schemes and facilities for decades. As PM Modi often says, "Those whom no one reached, Modi reaches." By attaining a life of dignity, these individuals are now actively contributing to the nation's development.

Promoting Tribal Heritage



728 Eklavya Model Residential Schools were sanctioned by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs; of these, the construction of 428 school buildings has been completed, 249 are currently under construction, and 46 are in the preconstruction phase.

- In 2021, November 15th was declared 'Janjatiya Gaurav Divas' (Tribal Pride Day) to commemorate the birth anniversary of the tribal freedom fighter Birsa Munda.

11

tribal freedom fighter museums have been approved. To date, four such museums have been established across three states: one in Jharkhand, one in Chhattisgarh, and two in Madhya Pradesh, while work on the remaining seven is currently underway.

Extending Benefits and Facilities to the Marginalised

- On March 13, 2024, PM Modi unveiled the 'Pradhan Mantri Samajik Utthan evam Rojgar Adharit Jankalyan' (PM-SURAJ) national portal. This portal symbolises the government's commitment to prioritising credit assistance for marginalised sections of society.



1.15

crore street vendors to benefit from the restructured PM SVANidhi scheme. Loans have already been disbursed to 74.90 lakh beneficiaries, and the period for loan disbursement extended till March 31, 2030.

- Through robust policy interventions, significant strides have been made in elevating the standard of living for over 60 crore people and lifting 25 crore people above the poverty line.
- More than 31.65 crore e-Shram cards have been issued. This currently covers 14 social welfare schemes.
- The Ministry of Labour and Employment launched the e-Shram mobile application on February 24, 2025.
- The 102nd Constitutional Amendment Act of 2018 granted constitutional status to the National Commission for Backward Classes.
- During the financial year 2025-26, Rs 7,981.47 crore was disbursed to over 75 lakh Scheduled Caste beneficiaries, marking a significant increase in major scholarship schemes.
- The Union Budget 2026-27 announced the 'Divyang Kaushal Yojana' and 'Divyang Sahara Yojana' for persons with disabilities.





PRADHAN MANTRI SAHAJ BIJLI HAR GHAR YOJANA

2.86 crore households across the country have been electrified. All states achieved 100% electrification of all identified willing, non-electrified households before March 31, 2019.

Labour Codes

Announcement regarding the implementation of the four Labour Codes - the Code on Wages, 2019, Industrial Relations Code, 2020, Code on Social Security, 2020, and Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 - with effect from 21 November 2025. These have been implemented in place of the existing 29 labour laws.



Achievements of the Pradhan Mantri Vishwakarma Yojana

Approximately 30 lakh artisans and craftsmen have registered.

Loans worth Rs 41,188 crore sanctioned to

4,78,020 people

Skill verification has been completed for **26,36,865** artisans.

23,69,249 e-vouchers have been issued.

The Viksit Bharat – Guarantee for Rojgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin) (VB-G RAM G Act, 2025

Under this Act, every rural household is guaranteed at least 125 days of wage employment per financial year – an increase from the previous guarantee of 100 days.



The poor, the deprived, all those neglected people, for whom even the doors of government offices used to be closed before, are my priorities. Not only does Modi consider them first, Modi also worships them. For me, every poor person in the country is a VIP. Every mother, sister and daughter in the country is a VIP for me. Every farmer of the country is a VIP for me. Every youth of the country is a VIP for me.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

The Foundation of Aatmanirbhar Bharat

Self-reliant agriculture is the fundamental pillar of Aatmanirbhar Bharat. Whether it is giving Shree Anna (millet) a global identity, increasing the Minimum Support Price (MSP) to ensure farmers receive one-and-a-half times the cost of production, or working towards doubling farmers' income, these are not merely promises but the government's firm commitment. Over the past 12 years, policies and initiatives aimed at developing agriculture like an industry have paved the way for the economic empowerment of farmers. By identifying sectors where India was dependent on imports and taking decisive steps toward self-reliance, the nation is moving forward with the vision: empowered farmers, prosperous nation.

National Agriculture Market (e-NAM)

By March 2026

1,656

mandis (wholesale markets) were integrated across 23 states and 4 union territories.

- Between 2016 and March 2026, a total trade volume of 13.25 crore metric tonnes was recorded, with a cumulative value of ₹ 4.84 lakh crore.
- The trade value surged from ₹ 3.19 lakh crore in 2024 to ₹ 4.84 lakh crore in 2026, reflecting the growing scale and deepening market integration.
- As of March 2026, agricultural produce amounting to 204.76 lakh metric tonnes was traded in the recent period, demonstrating sustained operational momentum.
- Under the mobile-based price information services facilitated through the e-NAM app, 247 commodities have been covered.

Additionally, over

1.80

crore farmers, 2.73 lakh traders, and 4,724 Farmer-Producer Organisations (FPOs) registered on the e-NAM platform.



Shri Anna – In 2018, highlighting the significance of millets (Shri Anna), PM Modi proposed a resolution at the United Nations, which subsequently declared 2023 as the International Year of Millets.

- In the year 2024-25, production reached approximately 18.59 million tonnes. With this achievement, India secured the top position globally in millet production. Rajasthan, Maharashtra, and Karnataka made major contributions in this regard.

Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maandhan Yojana (PM-KMY)

Under this scheme, 24.95 lakh farmers have been enrolled as of February 2, 2026, thereby providing the benefits of social security to small and marginal farmers.



Crop Insurance Protection

- 4.19 crore farmers were insured under the Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY) during the year 2024-25, covering an area of 6.2 crore hectares.
- Claims exceeding ₹ 1.90 lakh crore have been disbursed from the year 2016-17 up to March 2026. Over 86 crore applications for crop insurance were received during this period.
- Coverage has witnessed a 32 percent increase compared to the year 2022-23, thereby further strengthening protection against climate- and market-related risks.





Launch of Significant Schemes

- To foster the nation's self-reliance and ensure the welfare of farmers, Prime Minister Narendra Modi launched two significant new schemes on October 11, 2025.
- The first is the Pradhan Mantri Dhan Dhanya Krishi Yojana, and the second is the Pulses Self-Reliance Mission.



A budget of **₹ 24,000** crore has been allocated for the Pradhan Mantri Dhan Dhanya Krishi Yojana, while a budget of ₹1,440 crore has been earmarked for the Mission for Aatmanirbharta in Pulses.

- The government is set to spend over ₹35,000 crore on these schemes. These two initiatives are poised to transform the fortunes of crores of farmers across India.



Kisan Credit Card

Over **₹ 10**

lakh crore was disbursed to 7.57 crore farmers through the Kisan Credit Card (KCC) scheme by December 31, 2025

- Farmers are able to easily access loans at low interest rates through the Kisan Credit Card to meet their requirements related to farming and animal husbandry.

1.55

crore RuPay KCC cards have been issued to members of cooperative societies as of January 31, 2026.

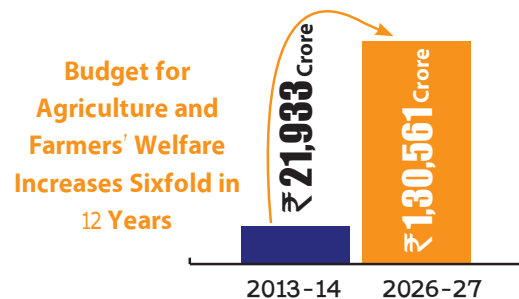


Achievements Over 12 Years

- Over the past 12 years, India's agricultural exports have nearly doubled, and grain production has increased by approximately 90 million metric tonnes.
- Production of fruits and vegetables has increased by more than 64 million metric tonnes. Today, we rank number one globally in milk production.
- India is the world's second-largest fish producer. Honey production in India has also doubled compared to 2014 levels. Egg production has doubled over the last 12 years.
- During this period, six major fertiliser factories have been established. Over 25 crore soil health cards distributed.
- Micro-irrigation facilities have been extended to an area covering 10 million hectares.
- Under the PM Fasal Bima Yojana, farmers have received claims amounting to approximately ₹200,000 crore.
- Over the last 12 years, more than 10,000 FPOs formed.

India in the Global Agri Market

- Revenue generated from agri exports stood at US\$ 34.5 billion in FY 2020, it rose to US\$ 51.1 billion in FY 2025.
- In FY 2025, agri-food exports, including processed food products, amounted to US\$ 49.43 billion, accounting for approximately 11.2 percent of the country's total exports.



“

After so many decades of independence, today we have a government in the country that understands the pain and concerns of the farmers. Therefore, decisions have been taken continuously in the interest of the farmers by the Government of India. We have established new systems for farmers, from seeds to markets.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Nation Building

The Resolve for a Developed India is the True ‘National Policy’

There is a saying in English: “the size of the cake matters”—meaning that the larger the cake, the larger the slice people receive. Guided by this very philosophy, the Central Government has set a target for India’s economy to reach a size of five trillion dollars. The larger the size of the economy, the greater, naturally, will be the nation’s prosperity. It is this very prosperity that brings about a transformation in the income and standard of living of every family and every individual. This has now become the bedrock of the Indian economy’s journey. Similarly, infrastructure serves as the cornerstone of any nation’s progress. It not only bolsters the competitiveness of manufacturing and logistics but also strengthens social harmony and gives a new impetus to the narrative of economic growth. When science and technology are integrated into this growth narrative, the resulting ‘Ease of Doing Business’ fosters public trust and enhances the ‘Ease of Living’ for citizens. In the journey of nation-building over the past 12 years, the ‘Ashtalakshmi’—that is, the Northeastern region—has also emerged as a vital engine of growth. In essence, while a holistic approach to development has driven progress toward social advancement and economic equilibrium, policy reforms have written a new chapter in nation-building, paving the way for the realization of the resolve for a Developed India.



The Amrit Yatra of Economy

With a vision of holistic development, steps were taken towards social progress and economic balance, while policy reforms ushered in a new chapter of economic growth. Economic policies and financial subjects were connected with the common people in such a way that every citizen began to see themselves as an active participant. People felt that there was someone who truly cared about their concerns as well. Whether it was tax reforms or initiatives to give new direction to the economy, GST, the Taxpayer Charter, or the faceless system, structural reforms have provided a fresh momentum to the economy. As a result, a new story of India's evolving and developing economy has begun.



Free Trade Agreements with Developed Nations

- India's economy is continuously scaling new heights. In the realm of foreign trade, specifically exports, it is setting new records on a daily basis.
- The primary catalyst behind this rapid pace of economic growth has been the global expansion of the Indian market over recent years, facilitated by Free Trade Agreements.

On April 27, 2026, India signed a Free Trade Agreement with New Zealand, marking India's ninth such agreement with

38 developed countries in recent years.

Strengthening the Momentum of Growth

In 2025, India surpassed Japan to emerge as the world's fourth-largest economy.

By 2030, the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is estimated to reach **7.3** trillion US dollars.



- Amid global trade and policy uncertainties, strong domestic demand helped India's real GDP grow at 8.2% in the second quarter of FY 2025-26, higher than 7.4% in the fourth quarter of FY 2024-25. This is the highest among all major economies in the world.
- Real Gross Value Added (GVA) expanded by 8.1 percent, fuelled by a surge in the industrial and services sectors.

The World's Fastest-Growing Economy

- The World Bank estimates that India's economy will grow at around 6.6% in 2026-27, making it the fastest-growing major economy in the world.

World Economic Outlook

- According to Outlook 2026, India's growth rate is estimated at 6.5%, compared to 1.8% for developed countries, 3.9% for developing countries, and 3.1% for the global economy.
- USA: 2.3% ■ Germany: 0.8% ■ UK: 0.8%
- In China: 4.4% ■ Brazil: 1.9%

Growing Exports through Atmanirbharta

India's exports of goods and services reached a record 860.09 billion US dollars in FY 2025-26, marking a 4.22% increase over the previous year. In 2014, exports stood at 479 billion US dollars.



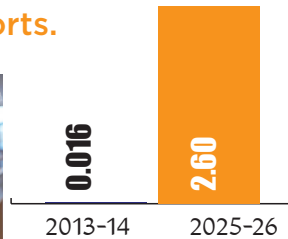
\$48 billion

with Electronic goods exported in 2025-26, up from \$6.3 billion in 2014-15. This represents an average annual growth rate of 20.3%.

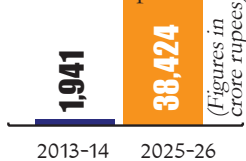
- 52.6 billion dollars was India's export of agricultural, plantation and marine products in FY 2025-26, compared to 39.6 billion dollars in 2013-14.

A 166-time growth was recorded in mobile phone exports.

(In lakh crore rupees)



20-fold growth recorded in defence exports



MSMEs: Strengthening the Economy



7.47

crore+ MSMEs are engaged in manufacturing, services and trade activities.

31.1%

is the contribution of this sector to India's GDP.

48.58%

contribution is made by MSMEs to the country's total exports.

35.4%

share in manufacturing sector output comes from MSMEs.

32.8

crore people receive livelihood support through MSMEs.

Figures that reflect strength and resilience

357.14

Lakh crore rupees is the estimated GDP of India at current prices for FY 2025-26, reflecting the strength of the Indian economy.

484

BSE's market capitalisation of ₹484 lakh crore demonstrated the growing strength of the Indian stock market. (Data as of May 14, 2026).

- 20.41 lakh crore rupees worth of sales were recorded under the PLI scheme till March 2026.
- 135.4 billion dollars in remittances received made India the world's largest remittance recipient country in 2025-26.
- 1.89% (4.03 lakh crore rupees) was the NPA ratio of scheduled commercial banks in December 2025, compared to 4.28% (3.23 lakh crore rupees) in March 2015.
- 22 lakh crore rupees+ record GST collection was achieved in 2025-26.
- 3.99 lakh crore rupees were recovered for lenders through the IBC process till September 2025.



701
billion dollars



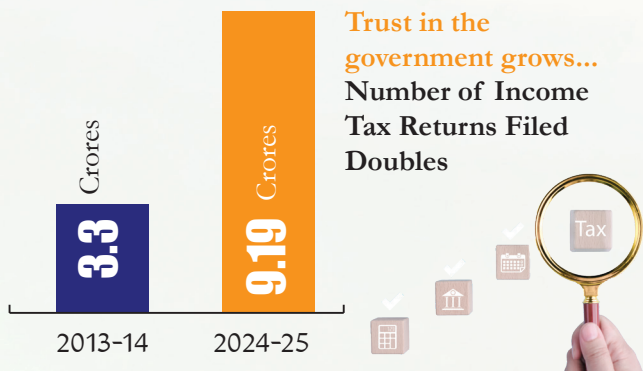
was India's foreign exchange reserve in January 2026, compared to 668.3 billion dollars in March 2025.

Now, money will be saved for additional expenses

12.75 lakh rupee annual income under the new tax regime is now exempt from income tax, leaving people with more money to spend.



Trust in the government grows... Number of Income Tax Returns Filed Doubles



28 lakh crore rupees+ was the gross direct tax collection in 2025-26.

- Next-gen GST has simplified taxation and expanded the taxpayer base to 1.5 crore, resulting in a GST collection of ₹2.36 lakh crore in April 2025.

2.43 lakh crore rupees were the GST collections recorded in April 2026.



10.9%

is the estimated tax revenue-to-GDP ratio for 2026-27, slightly higher than the revised estimate of 10.8% for 2025-26.

New Jobs Driving Growth and Prosperity

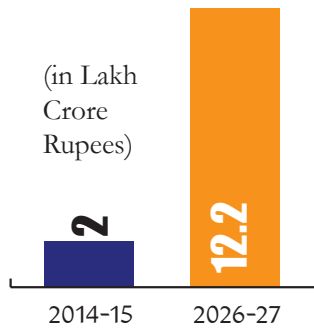
- India's declining unemployment rate reflects the underlying strength of its economic momentum.
- The 2025 PLFS survey indicates a significant decline in unemployment, alongside a notable improvement in both the participation rate and the worker-population ratio.
- In November 2025, the unemployment rate for individuals aged 15 years and above dropped to 4.8 percent, down from 5.4 percent in October 2025.
- This marks the lowest level recorded since April 2025 (5.1 percent).



Modern Infrastructure Strengthening the Foundation of India

Building 'New India' has been made possible only through bold reforms and unprecedented infrastructure development. With infrastructure-led growth at its core, the nation is working with extraordinary speed and scale across every domain—be it water, land, or air. Hundreds of bridges, along with iconic structures such as the Parliament House, Bharat Mandapam, and Yashobhoomi, are shaping India's fortune. Now, standing on the threshold of its centenary year of independence, India is rapidly advancing its infrastructure, thereby paving the way to realize the dream of a 'Developed India'...

Government Expenditure on Infrastructure Increased Six-fold Over 12 Years



2,000 Infrastructure Projects to Bolster Modern India

Over **41.5** Lakh Crore Rupees, worth of projects is actively underway across the country on over 1,900 infrastructure projects. Each of these projects carries a cost exceeding ₹150 crore.

- The Government of India is monitoring these Central Sector infrastructure projects via a dedicated digital platform PAIMANA. This facilitates timely reviews and enables data-driven decision-making.
- By March 2026, approximately ₹20 lakh crore had been expended on these infrastructure projects currently in progress across the nation; this figure represents approximately 48.02 percent of the projects' revised estimated costs.

1,428

Projects are associated with the transport and logistics sector (the highest number), involving an expenditure of ₹22.66 lakh crore. This indicates that the country is prioritizing connectivity-based infrastructure development.

777

Projects have achieved a progress rate of over 80%.

1,941

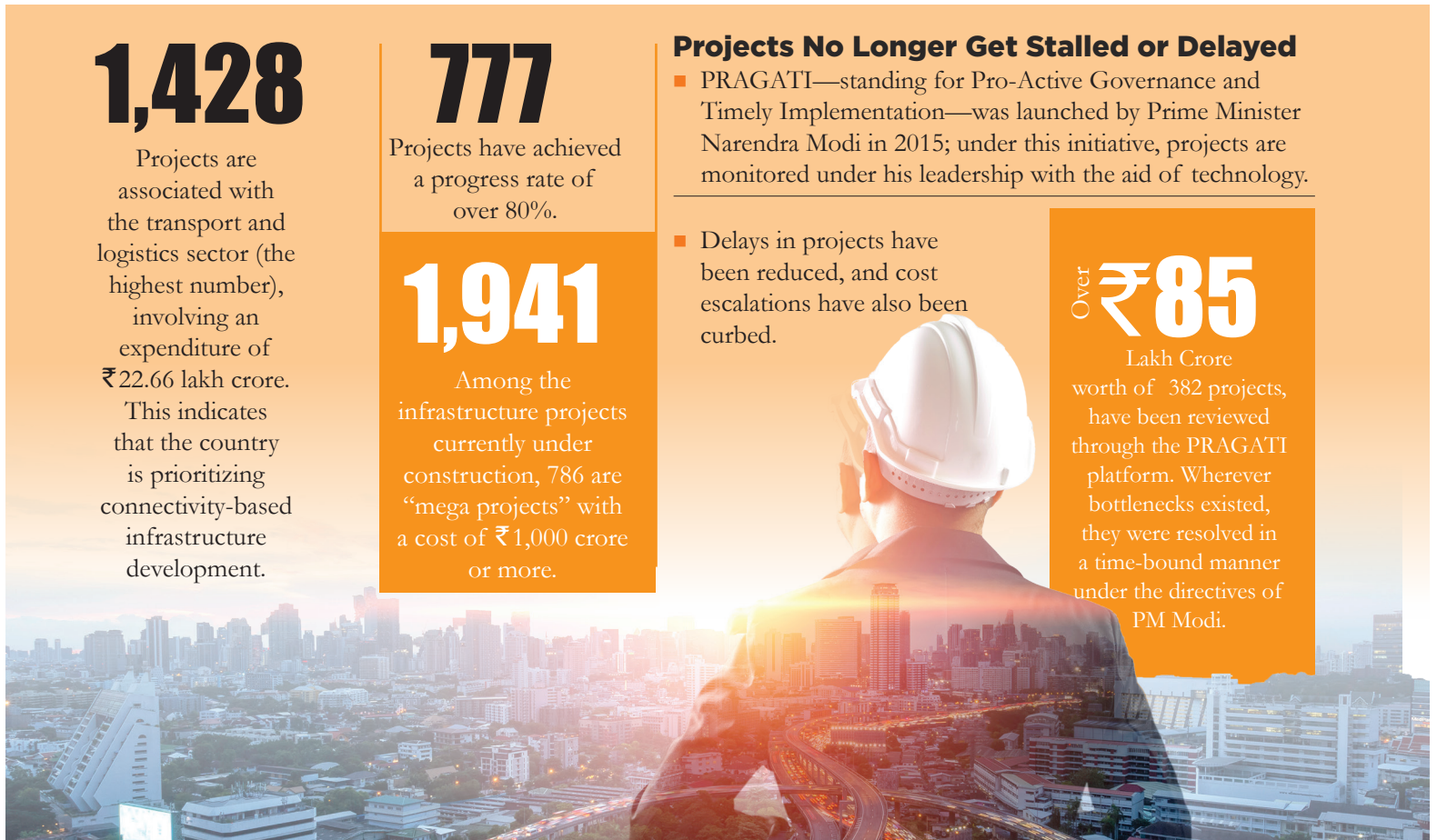
Among the infrastructure projects currently under construction, 786 are "mega projects" with a cost of ₹1,000 crore or more.

Projects No Longer Get Stalled or Delayed

- PRAGATI—standing for Pro-Active Governance and Timely Implementation—was launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi in 2015; under this initiative, projects are monitored under his leadership with the aid of technology.
- Delays in projects have been reduced, and cost escalations have also been curbed.

Over ₹85

Lakh Crore worth of 382 projects, have been reviewed through the PRAGATI platform. Wherever bottlenecks existed, they were resolved in a time-bound manner under the directives of PM Modi.





India Now Has the World's Second-Largest Road Network

National Highway Network Expanded

91,287 km

1,46,572 km

March 2014 February 2026

The length of access-controlled National High-Speed Corridors/Expressways has reached **3,052** km, up from just 93 km in 2014.

Under the Bharatmala Pariyojana, **22,223** km of National Highways were constructed as of February 2026, while 26,425 km have been sanctioned.

Railways: Cleaner, Safer, and Faster

- Budgetary support for the Railways has increased ninefold; from ₹ 32,000 crore in 2014-15, it rose to ₹ 2.78 lakh crore in 2025-26.

1,338 Stations are being redeveloped under the 'Amrit Bharat Station Scheme,' with work completed on over 200 stations. Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated 119 stations in 2025-26.

139

Terminals commissioned under PM Gati Shakti; approval has been granted for the development of new terminals at 300 additional locations.

- The Vande Bharat Sleeper service launched on the Guwahati-Howrah route in January 2026; plans are in place to start 260 train sets of Vande Bharat Sleeper trains.
- With the completion of the 51-kilometer-long Bairabi-Sairang railway line, Mizoram is now connected to rail network.
- On January 22, 2026, the first full freight train—comprising 42 wagons and carrying 2,768 metric tonnes of rice—arrived in Anantnag.
- Seven new high-speed rail corridors will be developed. A network spanning approximately 4,000 km will be created. Investments worth ₹ 16 lakh crore are expected.

162

Vande Bharat train

services launched, with a target of 4,500 train sets. By 2030, 800 trains are projected to be operational.

Strengthening Maritime Infrastructure

Notified National Waterways

Increased from 5 in 2014 to 111 in 2026.

Number of Indian-Flagged Ships/Vessels

Increased from 1,250 in 2014 to 1,593 in 2026.

Major Port Capacity Nearly Doubled

Increased from 873 MMTPPA (Million Metric Tonnes Per Annum) in 2014 to 1,726 MMTPA in 2026.



“

Today, work on mega-projects is progressing at a rapid pace across the country. If you look to the North, the Chenab Bridge—one of the world's highest railway bridges—has been constructed in Jammu & Kashmir. If you head West, the Atal Setu—the country's longest sea bridge—has been built in Mumbai. And if you travel East, you will witness the Bogibeel Bridge in Assam. In the South, the construction of the Pamban Bridge—one of the world's select vertical lift bridges—has been completed. Work on the country's first bullet train is progressing rapidly.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Metro Rail Network

1,155

kilometers—this is the length of India’s metro network as of 2026, a significant expansion from the 248 kilometers in 2014.

- The Union Budget 2026-27 introduced new measures—such as the Infrastructure Risk Guarantee Fund and Urban Economic Zones—aimed at strengthening infrastructure-led growth and balanced urban development.

- The monetization of government assets has generated proceeds exceeding ₹1.5 lakh crore, facilitating the recycling of funds into new projects. This initiative has also successfully attracted global investors.

Increased Private Participation in Infrastructure

- According to the World Bank, India has emerged as the largest recipient of Private Participation in Infrastructure (PPI) investment in South Asia, accounting for over 90 percent of the region’s total investment.



Infrastructure Spending Boosts Job Creation

- The International Monetary Fund (IMF) states that every \$1 million (approximately ₹8.3 crore) invested in infrastructure generates between 7 and 30 new jobs. This yields direct benefits for sectors such as steel, cement, and transportation, where new employment opportunities witness rapid growth.
- Spending over ₹12 lakh crore on infrastructure in a single year is expected to provide employment to millions of people. Estimates suggest that the construction sector alone is expected to generate jobs for 100 million people by 2030.

Increased rural connectivity... Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana



8.25

lakh km of rural roads approved from inception till December, 2025.

7.87

 lakh kilometres of roads constructed by December 2025.

PM Gati Shakti gives impetus to infra projects

16.10

 lakh crore rupees

on 352 infrastructure projects were appraised by the Network Planning Group through the PM Gati Shakti National Master Plan.

201 projects approved, of which 167 projects are under implementation





Science and Technology An Era of Transparency and Transformation

The scriptures state: ज्ञानम् विज्ञान सहितम् यत् ज्ञात्वा मोक्षयसे अशुभात्। Science serves as the very foundation for solutions, development, and innovation. Inspired by this ethos, the 'New India' of today is marching forward, rallying under the slogan: "Jai Jawan, Jai Kisan, Jai Vigyan"—and now, "Jai Anusandhan". Science and technology have emerged as pivotal instruments for India's growth, scripting the saga of this New India...

India Soars High in Global Science and Technology Indices

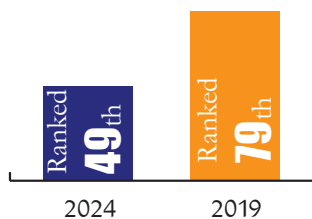
Global Innovation Index (GII) 2025

India has secured the 38th rank among the world's top innovative economies.

WIPO Report 2023

India ranks 6th globally in terms of Intellectual Property filings.

Network Readiness Index 2024



The NRI (Network Readiness Index) is one of the leading global indices assessing the usage and impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) across 133 economies worldwide.

India ranks 3rd globally in terms of research publications.



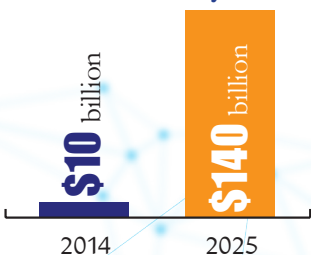
Transformations Over the Past Decade

- Expenditure on Research and Development (R&D) has doubled.
- The number of granted patents has crossed the 100,000 mark; in 2014, this figure stood at 5,978. The volume of patents has increased 17-fold.
- With over 200,000 startups, India has now emerged as the world's third-largest startup ecosystem.

6,000+ 'Deep Tech' startups currently operating in sectors such as clean energy and advanced materials.

- India's semiconductor sector has also taken flight. The Semiconductor Mission 2.0 is set to be launched.

Bio-economy



National Quantum Mission

4 Thematic Hubs established, comprising 152 researchers from 43 institutions and 17 project teams.

- India possesses the world's first and most successful digital public infrastructure. 218,000 Gram Panchayats have been connected via optical fiber. This facility has made life easier for citizens.
- While India's space programs have reached as far as the Moon and Mars in recent years, the benefits of this advanced technology have also been extended to farmers and fishermen.
- Annual number of patent filings by women has exceeded 5,000.
- INSPIRE MANAK has promoted STEM education. In the year 2025-26, a total of 1.147 million ideas and innovations were garnered from schools; notably, 52% of the enrollments were girls.
- Women's participation in STEM education has reached 43%, surpassing the global average.
- 10,000 Tinkering Labs have been established, where over 10 million children are currently conducting experiments. India is now working towards setting up 25,000 new Atal Tinkering Labs.
- In past few years, 7 new IITs and 16 IIITs established.
- Under the New Education Policy, young people will now be able to pursue STEM courses—such as Science and Engineering—in their own local languages.
- Today, AI is being utilized everywhere—from retail to logistics, and from customer service to children's homework. In line with this trend, India is investing over ₹10,000 crore in the India AI Mission.

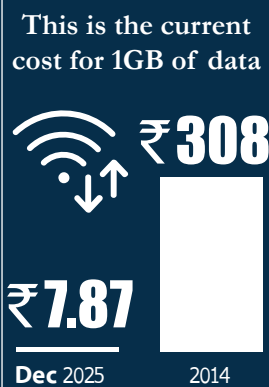
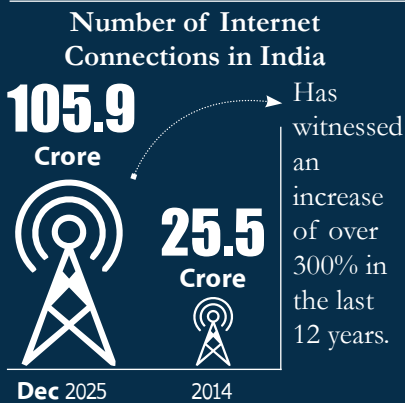
No other leader has embraced digital technology in the way Prime Minister Narendra Modi has. There is ample evidence of the manner in which he has leveraged this technology within both the realms of politics and policy-making.

India's Digital Ascent

5G services have reached 99.6% of the country's districts in just 22 months. Currently, 5G services are available in **99.9%** of the country's districts.

- 5G is unlocking immense opportunities for the adoption of new technologies in India.
- The cost of internet data has dropped by 97.07%, making the internet more affordable and accessible for the common people.
- India is poised to become a global leader in 6G technology; the goal is to contribute approximately 10% to global patents related to 6G. To date, India has already granted nearly 4,000 patents.

7.22 lakh kilometers of optical fiber cable have been laid under the BharatNet scheme, significantly strengthening internet connectivity across the country.



- Mobile subscribers reached 127.33 crore by February 2026. Thanks to the digital ecosystem, sending money and making payments for purchases has become easier and faster.
- Through the “Mobile Tri-Shakti” (Mobile Trinity), the benefits of government schemes are reaching the intended beneficiaries directly. This has led to a reduction in duplication and fraud.

Technology helps recover stolen mobile phones

10 Lakh lost or stolen mobile phones have been recovered through the Sanchar Saathi initiative.



This is a technology-based solution designed to prevent the misuse of telecom resources.

Here, users can report suspicious or fraudulent calls/messages, report stolen mobile phones, and verify whether a mobile handset is genuine or counterfeit.



₹2,300 Crore-plus worth of fraudulent transactions have been prevented—with the help of the Financial Fraud Risk Indicator (FRI)—since its inception in May 2025.

When science scales up, when innovation becomes inclusive, and when technology drives transformation, the foundation for monumental achievements is strengthened and firmly established. India's journey over the past 10–11 years stands as a testament to this very vision. India is no longer merely a consumer of technology; it has emerged as a pioneer of transformation driven by technology.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Ease of Doing Business

Reforms Pave an Easier Path for Industries

In its ongoing efforts to make India a more attractive destination for business and investment, the Government of India is continuously working on a series of comprehensive reforms through the formulation of a Business Reform Action Plan. These reforms have led to a significant reduction in both the time and cost required to establish a business within the country. The current Central Government aims to leverage this favorable environment to foster increased new investments, new businesses, and new employment opportunities across India.

The Government of India is implementing several major reforms under the Business Reform Action Plan (BRAP) to facilitate greater ease of doing business.

- Under the 7th edition of the BRAP, over 9,700 reforms have been implemented.
- Regulations pertaining to labor, environment, land, and taxation have been simplified.
- Processes for environmental clearances and registrations have been streamlined and digitized.
- The procedure for changing land use has been simplified.
- Information regarding land availability for industrial purposes has been integrated with GIS platforms and the India Industrial Land Bank.
- Changes to building construction regulations have helped minimize land wastage.
- Third-party agencies, specifically private entities are now being engaged to assist with the building approval process.
- Obtaining Occupancy and Completion Certificates has become a simpler, online-based process.
- Minor violations under various laws have been decriminalized (removed from the category of criminal offenses).
- 32 Central Ministries/Departments and 33 States/Union Territories have been integrated into the National Single Window System (NSWS) to facilitate seamless and digitized government-to-business (G2B) approvals.
- Access to over 3,000 essential government-to-business (G2B) approvals across various States and Union Territories has been made easier through the NSWS; additionally, over 300 approvals from Central departments are also accessible via this platform.



Regulatory Compliance Burden (RCB) Initiative

The Government of India launched the Regulatory Compliance Burden (RCB) initiative in 2020. Under this initiative, the Central Government and Union Territories identified and reduced 47,000 compliances that had become a burden on businesses and citizens by 2025.

Under the RCB+ initiative, out of 6,262 compliances identified across 23 Acts typically implemented by States and Union Territories, 4,846 compliances have been reduced.

4,623

Compliances were decriminalized.

4,270

Unnecessary and duplicative compliances were eliminated.

16,109

Compliances Simplified.

Over 1,500

obsolete laws were repealed.

Regulatory Compliance Burden

22,287

Compliances were digitized.

The reform initiative commenced with the Jan Vishwas (Amendment of Provisions) Act, 2023. This Act amended 42 Central Acts.

183

Provisions were decriminalized; monetary penalties and other administrative enforcement mechanisms were introduced to replace imprisonment as a form of punishment.



Ease of Doing Business Facilitated by the Jan Vishwas Act

Jan Vishwas (Amendment of Provisions) Bill, 2026

784

Provisions across 79 Central Acts spanning 23 Ministries were amended.



- **317** provisions were converted from fines to civil penalties.
- In **158** provisions, fines were completely removed.
- In **113** provisions, the punishment of both imprisonment and fines was removed, and civil penalties were introduced.
- In **57** provisions, both imprisonment and fines were eliminated.
- In **63** provisions, a provision for a warning/notice was introduced for the first offense.
- In **17** provisions, the term of imprisonment was reduced, while in 29 provisions, imprisonment was completely removed.
- In **17** provisions, the facility for settling cases through mutual agreement (compounding) was introduced.
- In **9** other provisions, imprisonment was replaced with civil penalties, the nature of imprisonment was rationalized, or the scope of the offense was narrowed.

World Bank's 'Ease of Doing Business Ranking 2020'



The definition of MSMEs has been revised. MSME loans have been linked to external benchmarks. Collateral-free loans of up to ₹10 lakh are now available for Micro and Small Enterprises. For MSMEs, the loan limit for working capital requirements—up to ₹5 crore—has been fixed at a minimum of 20% of their estimated annual turnover.



“

India has witnessed a transformative shift in its culture of governance over the past decade. When decisions are taken on time, coordination is effective, and accountability is established, the pace of government operations naturally accelerates. The impact of this becomes directly visible in the lives of citizens.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Ease of Living

A Revolutionary Transformation

'Ease of Living'—the facility of living one's life with ease—is the right of every individual. The vision of the top leadership of 'New India' implies a commitment not merely to a 'privileged few,' but to making life easier for the rural population, the poor, tribal communities, and the middle class. Over the past 12 years, the Central Government has not only envisioned the nation's dreams on a grand scale but has also worked with great speed to ensure the 'saturation' (universal coverage) of programs designed to help people rise out of poverty into the middle class and to enhance public amenities. Consequently, 'Ease of Living' is no longer just a phrase; it has become the government's guiding mantra...

- Next-generation GST reforms represent a decisive step toward simplified taxation, reduced burden on citizens, and improved ease of doing business.
- Promoting Ease of Living, the government has significantly boosted highway, railway, port, and high-speed air connectivity across the country including the Delhi-NCR region.
- In the 'Ease of Living Index 2025,' Pune, Navi Mumbai, Greater Mumbai, Tirupati, and Chandigarh feature among the top 5 cities.
- The government implemented the new Income Tax Act, 2025, following a comprehensive restructuring of the Income Tax Act, 1961. By simplifying and streamlining tax legislation, it will become more accessible and transparent.
- To ensure safe and convenient travel for tourists, the toll-free numbers 1800111363 and 1363 have been launched as dedicated helplines. These services are available 24 hours a day in 12 languages, including 10 international languages.
- To promote labor welfare and simplify the lives of workers, four Labor Codes have been implemented, replacing the previous laws.



12.61 Crore additional rural households were provided with tap connections as of May 13, 2026. Currently, 15.85 crore households have access to drinking water within their homes.

1.90 crore Digital Life Certificates were submitted from the comfort of home between April 1, 2025, and March 31, 2026. Digital Life Certificates have made life easier for senior citizens.



58.18

Crore Jan Dhan accounts were opened, thereby enhancing the ease of banking and access to government subsidy benefits for the common citizen.

No income tax under the new tax regime on an annual income of up to ₹12 Lakhs.



For salaried taxpayers, there is a standard deduction of

₹75,000

3.3 Crore

9.19 Crore

2013-14 2024-25 — the number of taxpayers filing ITRs.

Transactions exceeding ₹314 Lakh Crore

were processed via UPI in 2025-26. This represents a 12,000-fold increase over the past 10 years.



Global Share: Indian UPI real-time payments, as compared to the world, stood at

49%

Over 700 banks have joined the network. Today, approximately 540 million people are using UPI.



“

Ease of living is the right of every citizen. Our governance must be such that the ‘Ease of Living’ and ‘Quality of Life’ of the nation’s citizens improve day by day; this is our benchmark. I state with full conviction that this is the best time to be living in India. In today’s India, doing business is becoming easier, and the lives of the people are becoming simpler as well.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

Facilities That Have Simplified Life



1.15

Million people are availing facility of metro daily

1155

kms metro network has spread across 26 cities.

120 Million Toilets constructed under the Swachh Bharat Mission.

- Over 40 million housing units have been distributed under the PM Awas Yojana, making all-weather housing accessible in both urban and rural areas.
- 105.6 million gas connections have been provided under the Ujjwala Yojana; this not only eliminated the adverse health effects caused by smoke but also saved time—specifically, the extra time previously spent on gathering firewood or making cow-dung cakes.
- 93 million passengers have already availed the benefits of the ‘DigiYatra’ facility at airports; this facility has now been launched at 38 airports.
- 587,000 Citizen Service Centers (CSCs) are currently providing services across the country (as of December 2025); these centers offer over 800 different types of services.
- The number of internet users reached 1.0286 billion in December 2025—up from a mere 250 million in 2014—marking a growth of over 300%. In terms of the number of internet users, India now ranks among the top three nations in the world.
- The average data consumption per wireless data subscriber stands at 25 GB per month, whereas in high-income countries, this figure is 17.9 GB. The cost per GB of data has dropped from ₹308 in 2014 to just ₹7.87 today. Affordable access to data has made life easier through digital services.

Over **1.64**

crore passengers have availed the benefits of the UDAN scheme.

665

Routes connect 95 airports, heliports, and water aerodromes.

74

2014

165

2026

Number of Airports





Ashtalakshmi: The Powerhouse of Peace and Prosperity for a New India

Ashtalakshmi, signifying the eight states of the Northeast are brimming with self-confidence. They have embarked on a new trajectory and stand ready to lead the nation's developmental journey. Once known for violence and blockades, this region home to a population exceeding 50 million is now traversing the path of progress and witnessing holistic development. Over the past 12 years, this new wave of development has proven that the Northeast is no longer a remote frontier, but rather a gateway to security and prosperity - a region that is neither distant from Delhi, nor distant from the heart...

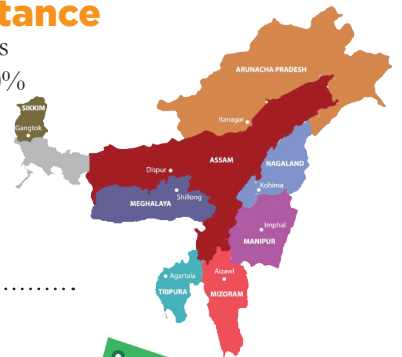
Special Focus on the Northeast; Enhanced Connectivity with Delhi

- Over the last 12 years, the government in centre has significantly strengthened its direct engagement with Northeast India. The Prime Minister, his cabinet ministers, and senior officials have been making regular visits to the Northeastern states.
- The government has mandated that, every 15 days, a Union Minister must visit one of the Northeastern states.
- While Prime Minister Narendra Modi has visited the Northeast 83 times, Union Ministers have collectively visited the region 880 times between January 2015 and December 2025.



10% Budgetary Assistance

Under this framework, 55 ministries and departments allocate at least 10% of their respective budgets toward the development of the Northeast. Thanks to these concerted efforts, the Northeast region is witnessing rapid development.

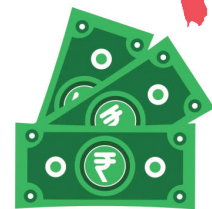


Historic Expansion in Budgetary Expenditure

2014-15
2025-26

₹24,819 Crore

₹1,00,271 Crore



The Northeast has received substantial financial resources over the past 12 years.

Total Budgetary Allocation

6.97

Lakh Crore Rupees

Actual Expenditure

7.12

Lakh Crore Rupees



Continuous Development Works Underway in the Northeast Region

Under the schemes administered by the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region (MoDNER), approximately:

₹3,735 → ₹49,907

projects have been sanctioned for the Northeast region

Crore— representing their total estimated cost.





Massive Investment in Development Projects, Enhanced Connectivity...

- Bogibeel Bridge: Inaugurated in 2018 (announced 16 years prior).
- Over the last 12 years, 8 new Greenfield airports have also been constructed. The number of operational airports rose from 9 in 2014 to 17 in 2026.
- The length of National Highways in the North Eastern Region stood at 10,905 km in 2014; by April 1, 2025, this figure had reached 16,207 km. Currently, 177 road projects spanning 3,634 km—with a combined cost exceeding ₹87,000 crore—are at various stages of implementation.
- Under the NESIDS scheme, 72 projects have been completed, resulting in the construction of 997.55 km of roads. Work is currently underway on 911 projects.

Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana

89,503



km of roads (comprising 17,666 distinct roads) and 2,396 bridges have been sanctioned.

81,448

km of roads (16,547 distinct roads) and 2,126 bridges out of the sanctioned projects have been completed.

₹53,353.49

Crore has been expended.

For the First Time Since Independence

2022

The first goods train arrived in Manipur.

2023

The first goods train arrived in Meghalaya.

2025

The first train arrived in Mizoram.

“
The North East is not merely a vital part of the country; it represents India’s ‘Ashtalakshmi’ (Eight Goddesses of Wealth).

Therefore, while we continue to work on the ‘Act East’ policy, we have also resolved to ‘Act Fast’ for the North East.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



वयुधैव कुटुम्बकम्

ONE EARTH • ONE FAMILY • ONE FUTURE



Rashtra Pratham

An Empowered, Prosperous, and Secure India

राष्ट्र रक्षा समं पुण्यं, राष्ट्ररक्षासमं व्रतम्
राष्ट्र रक्षा समं यज्ञो, दृष्टो नैव च नैव च

Meaning: There is no virtue, no vow, and no sacrifice greater than the defense of one's nation.

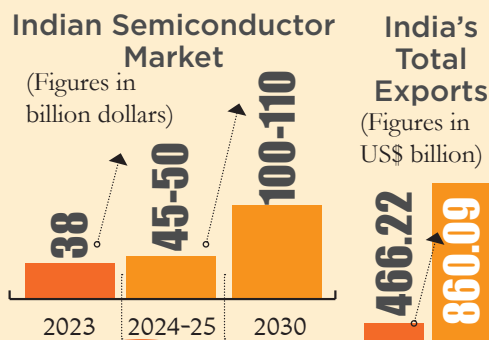
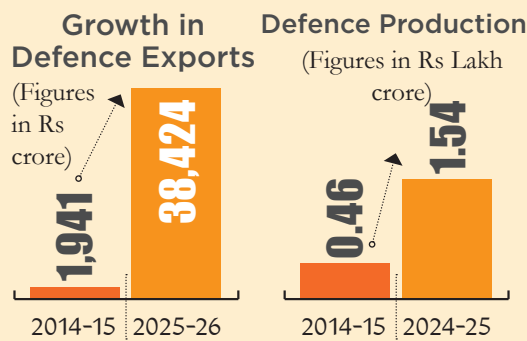
To secure its land borders spanning over 15,000 kilometers across seven neighboring nations and its maritime boundaries—extending beyond 7,500 kms—India today conducts its effective foreign policy guided by the principle of 'Nation First,' while simultaneously advancing toward self-reliance in the defense sector. The Central Government remains not only resolute but also deeply committed to a policy of 'Zero Tolerance' against terrorism. The world witnessed this unwavering resolve following the terrorist attack on the military camp in Uri, just as it did after the cowardly assault on the CRPF convoy in Pulwama. Just last year—on the intervening night of May 6 and 7, 2025 'Operation Sindoor' sent a clear message to the world: India does not seek war, but terrorism will not be tolerated under any circumstances. India—the land of the Buddha—has consistently conveyed the message that it places its faith not in war, but in the Buddha; that is to say, in peace. While it is essential for any nation to possess robust military strength, neither war nor military might constitutes the sole prerequisite for becoming a true global power. Over the past twelve years, whether through the global propagation of Yoga, the branding of unique international image, emerging as a beacon of support for both its own citizens and people across the globe during times of crisis, transforming a global calamity like COVID-19 into an opportunity to set an example for the world, or spearheading a new revolution in self-reliance within the defense sector—India is steadily forging a new identity for itself as a formidable soft power.

A New Flight of Development, Trust, and Self-Reliance

Today, India is scaling new heights of self-reliance, innovation, and inclusive development. The digital revolution, infrastructure expansion, women's empowerment, and youth leadership have secured a strong place for the country on the global stage. 'Empowered India' is no longer merely a dream; it has become a living testament to the collective efforts and resolve of millions of Indians—writing a new narrative of development and trust.

Key Facts about Empowered India...

- India has remained the world's 2nd-largest steel producer since 2018. In 2014, India's share of global production stood at 5.2%, which has risen to 7.9% in 2024.
- The 'Pharmacy of the World': Today, India ranks as the world's third-largest pharmaceutical producer by volume and the 11th-largest by value. In 2024-25, the sector recorded an annual turnover of ₹4.72 lakh crore.
- Approximately 65% of defense equipment is now being manufactured domestically, whereas previously, about 65-70% was imported.
- Today, India supplies one-fifth of the world's total generic medicines and provides over half of the vaccines required by UNICEF.
- Through initiatives such as 'Shakti', medical tourism, and the export of high-quality medicines, India is on track to emerge as a \$300 billion biopharma superpower.
- Over the past few years, India has expanded its Free Trade Agreement (FTA) network, signing nine agreements with 38 countries.
- For the first time, India hosted the meetings of the ISO International Subcommittee on 'Space Systems and Operations'.



India in the Space Sector

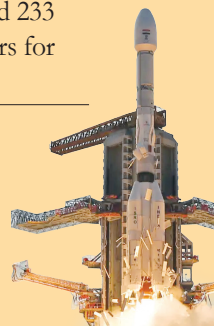
Registered Startups

1 in 2014 to over 400 just

Foreign Satellites

Out of the 434 foreign satellites launched by ISRO, 399 have been launched since 2014. These launches have generated revenue of approximately 323 million Euros and 233 million US Dollars for India.

India's space economy has reached a value of approximately \$8.4 billion.



Fastest-Growing Economy

World Bank Projection: India's economy is projected to grow at a rate of approx 6.6% in 2026-27.

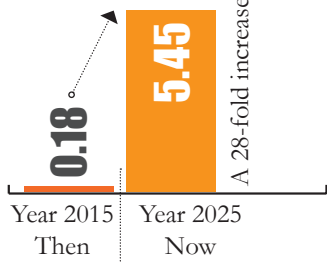
According to the World Economic Outlook 2026, India's growth rate is projected at 6.5%, while the projections stand at 1.8% for developed nations, 3.9% for developing nations, and 3.1% for the global economy as a whole.



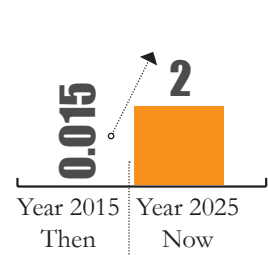
India: A Powerhouse of Global Electronics Manufacturing

(Figures in Rs Lakh crore)

Mobile Manufacturing Production Value



Mobile Phone Exports



The Identity of an Empowered India

An Empowered India in AI

At the AI Impact Summit, Prime Minister Narendra Modi delivers a speech, which is simultaneously transcribed into sign language for the differently-abled using AI technology.

An Empowered India of Bold Decisions

Article 370—which stood as an obstacle to implementing the principle of “One Constitution, One Law” in Kashmir for decades—was abrogated. Consequently, all laws applicable to the rest of the country’s states are now in force in Kashmir as well.

An Empowered India Led by Women

Breaking a three-decade-long impasse regarding 33 percent reservation for women in the Lok Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies, the Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam was notified. Although efforts had been made since 1996, the Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam, 2023, was finally passed in the new Parliament building.



An Empowered India in Space

India has now reached near the lunar south pole—an uncharted lunar region where no other nation in the world had ever ventured before.

Dismantling Colonial Legacies

Through the call for ‘Panchamrit’, the vestiges of colonialism are being erased from the country. Initiatives such as installing the statue of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose on Kartavya Path to instill pride in our heritage, redesigning the Naval Ensign, and delivering the ceremonial 21-gun salute using indigenous artillery during Independence Day and Republic Day celebrations exemplify this commitment.

Disaster Risk Management Missions

- Operation Maitri (Nepal, 2015)
- Operation Devi Shakti (Afghanistan, 2021)

Humanitarian Assistance Delivered by the Navy under ‘Mission SAGAR’

- Operation Samudra Setu (2020)
- Operation Ganga (Ukraine, 2022)
- Operation Dost (Türkiye and Syria, 2023)
- Operation Kaveri (Sudan, April 2023)
- Operation Brahma (Myanmar, 2025)
- Operation Sagar Bandhu (2025)



Strategic autonomy and indigenous capabilities are the keys to decisively countering threats, making self-reliance the foundation of national power, dignity, and the journey to becoming a developed India by 2047.

*Narendra Modi,
Prime Minister*



Operation Sindoor...

Nine Terror Camps Destroyed

Targeting strongholds of Lashkar-e-Taiba, Jaish-e-Mohammed, and Hizbul Mujahideen, India successfully destroyed nine major terrorist launch pads located in Pakistan and in Pakistan-Occupied Jammu & Kashmir (POJK). More than 100 terrorists were killed in this operation.

Cross-Border Precision Strikes

India redefined the rules of engagement by conducting strikes deep within Pakistan's hinterland—including the Punjab province and Bahawalpur. These areas were once considered off-limits even to US drones.

A New Strategic Red Line

Operation Sindoor drew a new red line: if terrorism is a state policy, it will be met with a direct and forceful response.

Demonstration of India's Air Defense Superiority

India's multi-layered air defense system—including the indigenous AkashTeer system—shot down hundreds of drones and missiles. This demonstrated India's growing capabilities in the export of advanced defense systems.

Airstrikes on Pakistani Military Bases

On May 9–10, India became the first nation to strike 11 airbases of a nuclear-armed state in a single operation, resulting in the destruction of 20% of the Pakistan Air Force's infrastructure.

India Sent a Global Message

India demonstrated to the world that it requires no one's permission to defend its people. It reinforced the message that terrorists and their ringleaders can hide nowhere, and that if Pakistan attempts retaliation, India stands ready to launch a decisive counter-strike.



Widespread Global Support

Unlike in previous conflicts, this time numerous global leaders extended their support to India rather than merely issuing appeals for restraint. This shift reflected India's enhanced global standing and its command over the narrative.





India Shining on the Global Stage

Over the past decade, under the leadership of PM Narendra Modi, India's foreign policy has not only expanded beyond its traditional boundaries but has also redefined the country's role on the global stage. Amidst a changing international landscape, a multipolar world order, and emerging geopolitical challenges, India has strengthened its diplomatic identity by adopting a balanced, proactive, and strategic approach. From prioritizing relations with neighboring nations to deepening partnerships with global powers, India's foreign policy has played a pivotal role in safeguarding national interests while simultaneously promoting global peace, stability, and cooperation...

Free Trade Agreements

- India has redefined the trajectory of global trade, paving the way for a new era of Free Trade Agreements (FTAs).
- Over the past few years, India has significantly expanded the scope of its Free Trade Agreements. To date, a total of nine FTAs have been concluded with 38 countries. This initiative commenced in 2021 with the India-Mauritius agreement.

G20 Presidency: Championing 'One Earth, One Family, One Future'

- From December 1, 2022, to November 30, 2023, India's G20 Presidency marked the beginning of a significant chapter in global diplomacy.
- The 18th G20 Leaders' Summit, held at Bharat Mandapam in New Delhi on September 9–10, 2023, witnessed the participation of 20 member nations, nine invited countries, and 14 international organizations.
- India hosted over 200 meetings across 60 cities, attended by more than 100,000 delegates.

A Credible Voice for Developing Nations

- India emerged as a credible voice for developing nations during the COP26 summit in Glasgow and the COP27 summit in Sharm El-Sheikh.

Vaccine Maitri



- During the COVID-19 crisis, India launched the 'Vaccine Maitri' initiative as a testament to its human-centric diplomacy.
- Since January 2021, India has provided over 301.2 million vaccine doses to 99 countries and two United Nations bodies.
- This swift and comprehensive assistance reinforced India's image as a reliable partner for global health and a compassionate voice from the Global South.



Over **50** countries were gifted 1.51 crore vaccine doses.



International Solar Alliance



- Launched on November 30, 2015, at COP21 in Paris by Prime Minister Modi and French President François Hollande, the International Solar Alliance (ISA) is India's flagship climate change initiative.

With **120** member and signatory countries, the ISA aims to mobilize over \$1 trillion in investment for solar energy by 2030.

- Headquartered in Gurugram, it is the first international inter-governmental body to be located in India.

India: A Leader in Times of Crisis



- India has provided humanitarian assistance and disaster relief to over 150 countries.
- In July 2021, the Ministry of External Affairs established a Rapid Response Cell to coordinate with national agencies and foreign governments.

Prioritizing the Neighborhood

- India's 'Neighborhood First' policy has shaped a bold and visionary approach toward regional relations.
- This policy prioritizes strong physical, digital, and cultural linkages with neighboring countries such as Bhutan, Nepal, Sri Lanka, the Maldives, Myanmar, Bangladesh, and Afghanistan.

New Embassies and Consulates



Over **40** New embassies and consulates were opened by India across the globe between 2014 and 2025.

Their number has reached

220 now. This expansion has further strengthened India's global presence and outreach.

Employment Opportunities Abroad

- Over the past decade, India has established mobility and migration partnerships with more than eighteen countries—including Saudi Arabia, France, the UAE, Japan, the UK, Australia, and Germany. This has opened up employment opportunities abroad for Indian citizens.





Relief and Evacuation Operations

- Over the last 10–12 years, India’s foreign policy has not only been shaped by diplomacy and dialogue but has also focused on taking decisive action whenever the safety of its citizens abroad is at risk. Relief and evacuation efforts have emerged as prime examples of the “Nation First” policy. Be it a pandemic, a conflict crisis, political upheaval, or a natural disaster, India has consistently brought its people home safely and swiftly.

Major Evacuation Missions



- Several missions—including the Vande Bharat Mission, Operation Devi Shakti, Operation Ganga, Operation Kaveri, Operation Ajay, and Operation Indravati—have been conducted under the initiative of the Government of India.

India’s Prestige Enhanced by Highest Civilian Honors



- As of April 2026, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has been conferred with the highest civilian honors by more than 29 different countries, making him the Indian leader to have received the highest number of international accolades in history.

Strict Policy on Terrorism



- Strong Response to Terror Attacks:** Any terrorist attack on India will be met with a befitting and decisive response, regardless of where the perpetrators are operating from.
- Zero Tolerance for Nuclear Blackmail:** India will not be intimidated by nuclear threats and will continue to carry out precision strikes against terrorist hideouts.
- No Distinction Among Terrorist Elements:** No distinction will be made between the masterminds and the sponsors of terrorist attacks; both will be held accountable.
- Terrorism to be Prioritized in Any Dialogue:** If any dialogue were to take place with Pakistan, it would focus exclusively on the issue of terrorism or Pakistan-occupied Kashmir. **No Compromise on Sovereignty:** ‘Terrorism and dialogue cannot go hand in hand; terrorism and trade cannot coexist; and water and blood cannot flow together.’ Amidst terrorist threats, the bilateral relations are in abeyance.



Zero Tolerance Towards Terrorism

India firmly maintains that there is no such distinction as “good terrorism” or “bad terrorism.” It is an assault on humanity, liberty, and civilization. Consequently, the Central Government remains resolute in its policy of zero tolerance towards terror. The world has witnessed this commitment firsthand through the Uri surgical strikes, the Balakot air strikes, and Operation Sindoor. By executing precise, stern, and decisive strikes, a clear message was conveyed to the world: India does not seek war, but terrorism will absolutely not be tolerated.

Operation Sindoor

- In April 2025, following a brutal terrorist attack on civilians in Pahalgam, India launched Operation Sindoor.
- Precise retaliatory strikes were carried out against nine terrorist camps located in Pakistan and Pakistan-occupied Jammu & Kashmir.
- The Indian Army utilized drone strikes, artillery fire, and multi-layered air defense systems to neutralize threats without crossing international borders.
- This operation stands as an exemplary demonstration of coordination among the Indian Army, Air Force, and Navy.
- The Indian Air Force executed precision strikes against terrorist infrastructure within Pakistan,

conducting aerial operations targeting key objectives such as the Noor Khan Air Base and Rahim Yar Khan Air Base.

- The Navy deployed its Carrier Battle Group (CBG), equipped with MiG-29K fighter jets and airborne early warning helicopters.
- Alongside its tactical success, the operation delivered a powerful strategic message—demonstrating India’s capability to execute coordinated military actions across land, air, and sea domains.
- Satellite imagery captured before and after the strike on the Shahbaz Air Base in Jacobabad clearly illustrates the extent of the destruction.

- The strikes targeted major ammunition depots and airbases—such as those in Sargodha and Bholari—where F-16 and JF-17 fighter jets were stationed. As a result, approximately 20% of the Pakistan Air Force’s infrastructure was destroyed.
- More than 50 people—including Squadron Leader Usman Yusuf and four airmen—were killed in the bombing of the Bholari Airbase. Several Pakistani fighter jets were also destroyed.
- Operation Sindoor has drawn a new red line: if terrorism is a state policy, it will be met with a clear and forceful response.

Within a mere **three hours**, India targeted **11 military bases** including Noor Khan, Rafiqui, Murid, Sukkur, Sialkot, Pasrur, Chunian, Sargodha, Skardu, Bholari, and Jacobabad.





India and France United Against Terrorism

- Emphasis on FATF compliance to curb terror financing
- Hosting of Milipol 2025 in New Delhi to showcase India's counter-terrorism leadership
- Hosting of India-France Counter-Terrorism Dialogue in April 2024

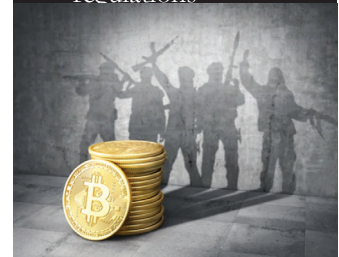


India and the US Form a United Front Against Terrorism

- India-US solidarity to dismantle terror networks
- Joint action against terrorist groups such as Al-Qaeda, ISIS, Jaish-e-Mohammed, and Lashkar-e-Taiba
- Strong response to the perpetrators of the 26/11 and Abbey Gate attacks
- US hands over 26/11 conspirator Tahawwur Rana to India
- Appeal to Pakistan to take action against the perpetrators of the 26/11 and Pathankot attacks

Global Campaign Against Terror Financing

- India hosted the 'No Money for Terror' conference in 2022
- India emphasizes the promotion of global crypto regulations



- On September 28–29, 2016, India responded to the terrorist attack in Uri—which claimed the lives of 18 soldiers—by conducting surgical strikes.
- These strikes inflicted heavy casualties upon terrorists and their patrons across the Line of Control (LoC).
- On February 14, 2019, following the Pulwama terrorist attack, India took swift action. On February 26, 2019, the Balakot air strikes eliminated a large number of Jaish-e-Mohammed terrorists, including senior commanders.
- Pre-emptive actions demonstrated to the world that India would no longer tolerate proxy warfare waged through terrorism.



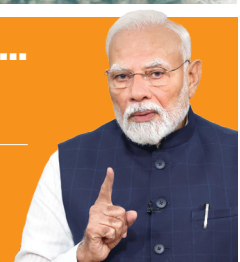
Surgical Strikes and Balakot Air Strikes

Masood Azhar Designated as Global Terrorist

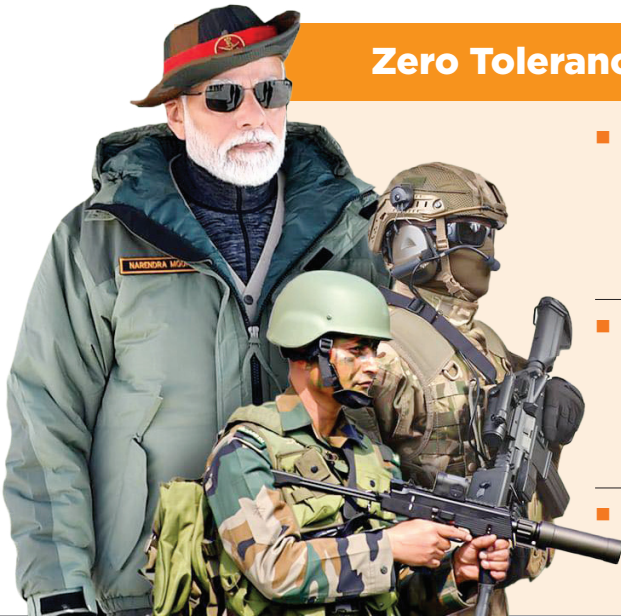
- The UN Security Council has listed Masood Azhar as a terrorist.
- Proved to be a major diplomatic victory for India in 2019.

Towards New and Secure India...

- Deaths caused by terrorism declined by 85 percent between 2010 and 2024.
- Terrorism-related incidents in Jammu & Kashmir have decreased by 70 percent since 2019.



Zero Tolerance Against Terrorism



- On August 2, 2019, amendments to the NIA Act incorporated new offenses and empowered the NIA to conduct investigations abroad as well.
- Amendments to the UAPA have granted the authority to confiscate the assets of terrorists and to designate individuals as terrorists.
- The current Central Government has, for the first time, provided a legal definition for terrorism.

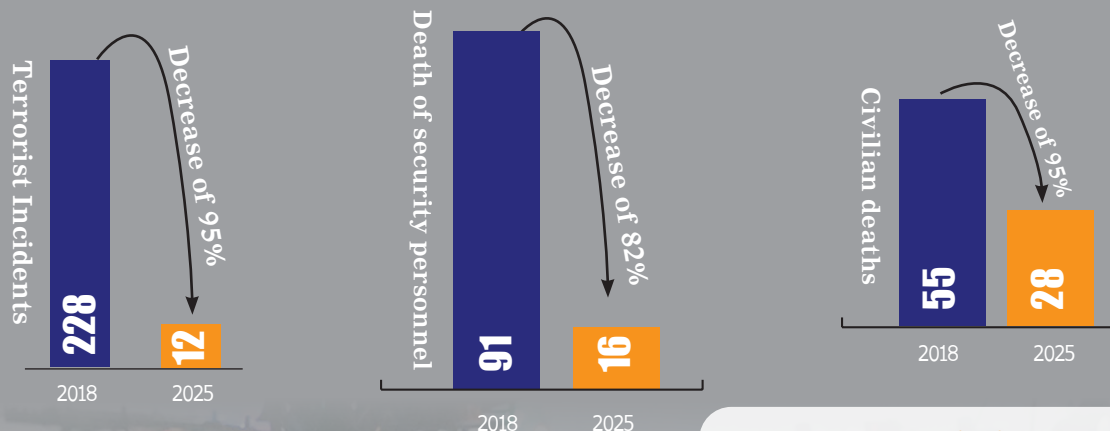
A Secure India Through Robust Policies

- A 70% reduction in terrorist incidents over the past 10 years.
- The NIA delivers a 95 percent conviction rate in UAPA cases—a testament to a strong counter-terrorism policy.

Ban Imposed on Over 15 Organizations as Terrorist Entities



Terrorist Incidents



“Some nations support terrorism as part of their foreign policy. These nations must be isolated. There should be absolutely no ‘ifs’ or ‘buts’ regarding this.”

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister





Naxal-Free India

Naxal-Free India: The New Story of a New India

India has been liberated from Naxalism and Maoist terror. In terms of national security, this stands as one of India's most significant achievements over the past 12 years. The country's Constitution has triumphed over bombs, guns, and pistols. What were once known as the "Red Corridors" are today visibly transforming into "Green Growth Zones." The resolution to eradicate this decades-old problem in a time-bound manner—the pledge for a Naxal-free India—wrote a historic chapter of "achievement born of struggle" on March 31, 2026.

Developmental Works in Naxal-Affected Areas

Since 2014, in Naxalism-affected regions: Approval has been granted for the construction of **17,589** kilometers of roads. Of these, **12,000** km of roads have been built.

Approximately **5,000** mobile towers have been installed At a cost of ₹6,000 crore.

Over the past 12 years: **1,804** bank branches have been opened, and **1,321** ATMs have been installed.



6,025 Post offices have been opened.



A decision has also been taken to install **8,000** 4G towers.

Naxalism Eliminated in Several States by 2024

- Odisha and Bihar had already become Naxalism-free before 2024.
- Maharashtra had become Naxalism-free before 2024, with the exception of a single tehsil
- Jharkhand had become Naxalism-free before 2024, with the exception of a single district.
- On August 24, 2024, Home Minister Amit Shah announced the complete eradication of Naxalism from the entire country by March 31, 2026.



“Left-wing extremists and their supporters presented a false narrative to innocent tribals, claiming that they were fighting for their rights and to secure justice for them.”

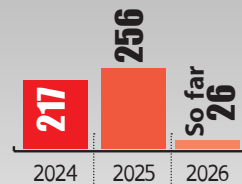
Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

Steps Taken to Eradicate Naxalism

Over 11 years, **596** fortified police stations were constructed. Number of Most-Affected Districts

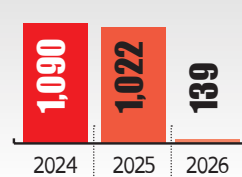


Maoists Killed



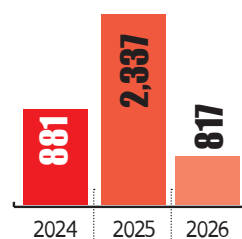
(Note: Data as of March 30, 2026.)

Arrested



(Note: Till 30th April 2026)

Surrendered





Impact of government policies

- **92%** of the weapons seized from Naxalites had been looted from the police.
- The Naxalite General Secretary, Basavaraju, was neutralized.
- Hidma, who was responsible for the murder of **27** people, was neutralized.
- Gajurella Ravi, active for **11** years, was neutralized.
- Kadri Satyanarayana Reddy, active for **46** years, was neutralized.
- Ganesh Uike, active for **44** years, was neutralized.
- Venugopal and Palluri Prasad Rao Chandana, active for **46** years, surrendered.
- Vasudev and Ramdev Manjhi Debu, active for **36** years, surrendered.
- Tipri Tirupati, active for 44 years, has also surrendered.
- All remaining top-tier armed Maoist leaders have been neutralized.

Naxalbari

The movement that began in Naxalbari spread across 12 states.

encompassing:

17% of the country's landmass **More than 10%** of its population.

Operations for Naxalite Elimination



Operation Octopus:

Conducted in the Budha Pahad region of Bihar in 2022.

Operation Double Bull:

Conducted in the Gumla, Lohardaga, and Latehar districts of Jharkhand in February 2022. All three districts have since been liberated from Naxalism.

Operation Thunderstorm:

Conducted in the Seraikela, West Singhbhum, and Khunti districts of Jharkhand in Sept 2022.

Operation Bheemburg:

Conducted in Munger during June-July 2022.

Operation Chakrabandha:

Conducted in the Gaya and Aurangabad districts of Bihar in 2022.

Operation Black Forest:

Conducted in 2025 on a hill spanning 50 km in length and 37 km in width, situated along the border of Telangana and Chhattisgarh.

Formation of Special Courts and Investigative Agencies

- The NIA has been significantly strengthened, and State Investigative Agencies (SIAs) have also been established in Left-Wing Extremism (LWE) affected states.
- Four LWE Special Courts were operationalized in Chhattisgarh, and exclusive courts were also established in other states.

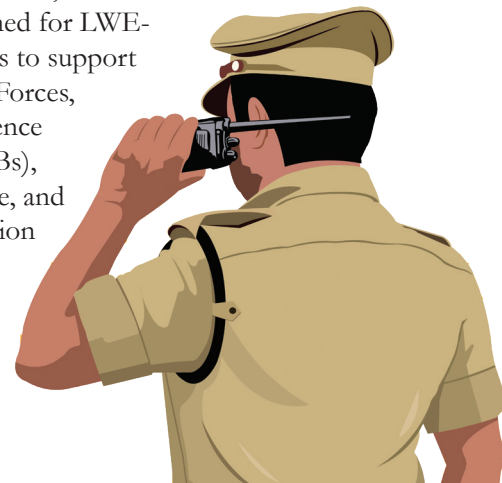
Curbing Naxal Finances

An aggressive strategy was adopted to curb Naxalite financing by actively engaging the National Investigation Agency (NIA). This resulted in a depletion of their financial resources.



Modernization of Police Forces

- Efforts to equip and modernize state police forces were supported under the “Modernization of Police Forces” scheme.
- Under this scheme, the Central Government assisted state governments in procuring weapons, IT equipment, communication systems, training, construction of police stations, mobility assets, police housing, and other police infrastructure.
- Under the Special Infrastructure Scheme (SIS), projects worth ₹1,761 crore were sanctioned for LWE-affected states to support their Special Forces, State Intelligence Branches (SIBs), District Police, and the construction of Fortified Police Stations (FPS).





Cover Story
12 Years
of Vikas Yatra

Vikas Bhi, Virasat Bhi

A Strong, Prosperous, and Secure India

Whether it concerns national unity or a sense of civic duty, cultural heritage serves as a vital link. It is this robust bond that connects not only the nation itself but the entire world to India. Driven by this ethos—and taking pride in its cultural heritage—India has, over the past 12 years, scripted a golden future; it has done so by integrating new dimensions into its magnificent and glorious history, thereby harmonizing development with heritage. Furthermore, by embracing the mantra of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam under the theme of “One Earth, One Family, One Future,” India has emerged as a global guide in the realm of environmental conservation. Acting as a vocal advocate for numerous international institutions, India has unveiled a new path for the world—one centered on “Mission LiFE” and a harmonious coexistence with nature. By paving the way for an era of leadership in environmental commitment, India has ushered in a new chapter.

Identity of the Past, Direction for the Future

India's heritage is a living reflection of its thousands of years old civilization, culture, and traditions. In this country filled with diversity, historical monuments and ways of life enrich its identity. In today's era, heritage is not merely a legacy of the past, but also a foundation for development and national pride. Through efforts such as preservation, promotion, and digital documentation by the government, this invaluable heritage is being connected with the younger generation. This initiative not only strengthens our roots but also establishes and empowers India on the global cultural map.

The New Parliament Building

- Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated the new Parliament building on May 28, 2023, and dedicated it to the nation.
- It was Prime Minister Modi himself who had laid the foundation stone for the construction of the new Parliament building on December 10, 2020.



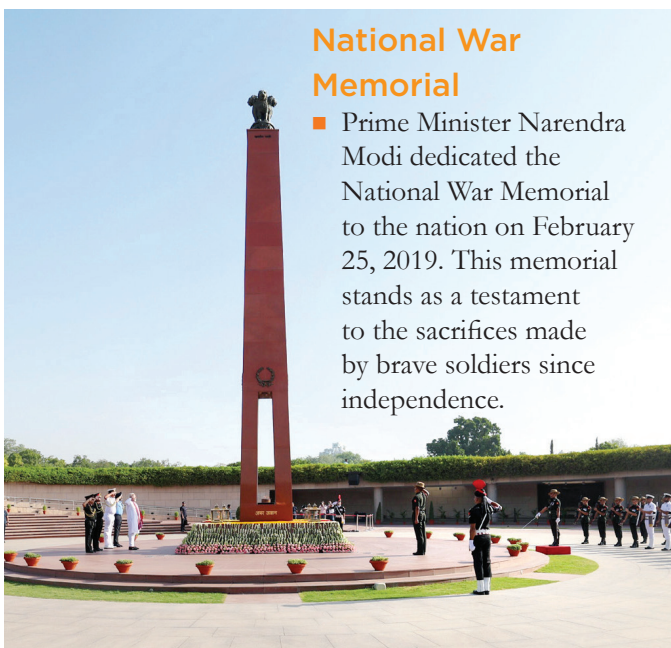
Liberation from a Colonial Mindset



- A grand statue of national hero and freedom fighter Subhash Chandra Bose has been installed near India Gate, replacing the statue of King George V that previously stood at the site.
- 'Kingsway' or 'Rajpath', a symbol of slavery during the British Raj, has now become a subject of history; in September 2022, it was renamed 'Kartavya Path'.
- Race Course Road was renamed '7 Lok Kalyan Marg' in 2016.
- Dalhousie Road was renamed 'Dara Shikoh Road' in 2017.

National War Memorial

- Prime Minister Narendra Modi dedicated the National War Memorial to the nation on February 25, 2019. This memorial stands as a testament to the sacrifices made by brave soldiers since independence.



- New designs for the President's Colours and Ensign, as well as the Crest of the Indian Navy, were unveiled in Visakhapatnam on December 4, 2022, on Navy Day.

- As part of the drive to break free from a colonial mindset, the Navy received a new Ensign, the design of which draws inspiration from the legacy of Shivaji Maharaj.

- The 21 largest unnamed islands in the Andaman and Nicobar archipelago have been named after 21 recipients of the Param Vir Chakra.

1,500 archaic laws repealed.



Pradhanmantri Sangrahalaya

- On April 14, 2022, the Prime Minister inaugurated the Pradhanmantri Sangrahalaya. This museum recognises the contributions of all of India's prime ministers and demonstrates how democracy has provided leaders from every section and stratum of society the opportunity to contribute to the nation.



Restoration of Lost Heritage

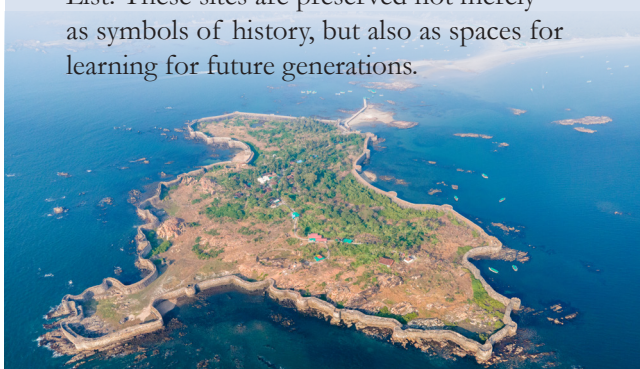
- Since 2014, more than 653 stolen antiquities have been brought back to the country.
- Before 2013, only 13 stolen antiquities had been repatriated to India from abroad.
- Since 2016, the U.S. government has facilitated the return of numerous trafficked or stolen antiquities.



The total number of cultural artefacts returned to India from the U.S. since 2016 stands at 578. This represents the highest number of cultural artefacts returned to India by any single country.

UNESCO: Heritage Milestones

- Over the past decade, India has expanded its presence on the World Heritage List. India now boasts 44 sites on the World Heritage List and 69 sites on UNESCO's Tentative List. These sites are preserved not merely as symbols of history, but also as spaces for learning for future generations.



Digital Archival Records

- The National Archives of India (NAI) has initiated a phased programme for the digitisation of archival records to preserve historically valuable documents and improve access to archival resources for researchers and the general public.

Content Currently Available on the Abhilekh Patal Portal.



18.98
Core Digit-
ised Pages

40.09
Lakh Digit-
ised Files

74.03
Lakh Refer-
ence Media
Records

Preservation of Positive Heritage

- As successful nations moving forward, they do not abandon their positive heritage; rather, they preserve it. Today, India is advancing based on this very vision of 'Vikas aur Virasat.'
- After the new Kartavya Bhavan, the North and South Blocks will also become part of Bharat's great legacy. The North and South Blocks are being transformed into "Yuge Yugeen Bharat" - a museum for the people of the country. Every citizen will be able to visit and witness the historical journey of our nation.

The 'Panch Pran'

- From the ramparts of the Red Fort, Prime Minister Narendra Modi called upon all fellow citizens to embrace the 'Panch Pran'—the goal of a Viksit Bharat; shedding the colonial mindset; taking pride in our traditions; dedicating one's entire life to unity and integrity; and instilling a sense of duty in the mind of every citizen.

A New Era of Monuments: New Inspiration from Heritage

- Construction of Pradhanmantri Sangrahalaya, National War Memorial, National Police Memorial, Jallianwala Bagh Memorial, Biplobi Bharat Gallery as well as approval for 11 tribal museums across the country.

Cultural Identity on the Global Stage

A nation truly gains respect and recognition on the global stage only when its cultural heritage is acknowledged alongside its economic power. This is precisely why, over the past 12 years, under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the Government of India has undertaken numerous initiatives, both nationally and internationally, that have instilled a deep sense of pride in the country's cultural heritage among its people...

Ram Mandir

- On January 22, 2024, in Ayodhya, Prime Minister Narendra Modi performed the Pran Pratishtha (consecration ceremony) of Ram Lalla at the magnificent Shri Ram Mandir, marking the culmination of a 500-year-long wait.
- The grand Shri Ram Janmabhoomi Mandir has been constructed in the traditional Nagara style of architecture.
- Its length (east-west) is 380 feet; width 250 feet, and height is 161 feet.
- The pillars and walls of the temple feature intricate carvings depicting various Hindu deities.
- The idol of Lord Shri Ram in his childhood form (Shri Ram Lalla) has been enshrined in the main Garbhagriha on the ground floor.
- The construction of the temple complex was completed on November 25, 2025, marked by the hoisting of the saffron flag atop the Shri Ram Mandir.

Bhoomi Pujan and Foundation Stone Laying

- PM Narendra Modi performed the Bhoomi Pujan and laid the foundation stone for the construction of the Shri Ram Mandir on August 5, 2020.
- On February 5, 2020, the Government of India granted its approval for this project.



- On November 9, 2019, the Supreme Court, delivering a unanimous and historic verdict, allotted the entire 2.77 acres of disputed land for the construction of the Shri Ram Mandir.

“

This grand Ram Mandir will witness India's flourishing, India's rise; this grand Ram Mandir will witness –India's prosperity and Viksit Bharat.

*Narendra Modi,
Prime Minister*





Shri Kashi Vishwanath Corridor

5.5 acres area covered by the ₹355 crore Kashi Vishwanath Corridor project, which was inaugurated on December 13, 2021.

- This corridor directly connects the Kashi Vishwanath Temple to the River Ganga via a four-lane route, providing ease of access to pilgrims visiting the temple.

₹3,880 crore The value of development projects launched by Prime Minister Narendra Modi in Kashi on April 11.

- From 2014 to March 2025, work commenced on 580 development projects in Kashi, undertaken at a total cost of ₹48,459 crore.



“

Today, Kashi stands not only as a symbol of antiquity but also as a beacon of progress.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Mahakal Lok Project

- On October 11, 2022, Prime Minister Narendra Modi dedicated the first phase of the Mahakal Lok project to the nation in Ujjain, Madhya Pradesh.
- ₹850 crore is the total cost of the entire project.
- The Mahakal Path features 108 pillars depicting Lord Shiva in his blissful Tandava form.
- Several religious sculptures illustrating the life of Lord Shiva have been installed along the Mahakal Path.
- The murals adorning the walls along the path depict stories of creation from the Shiv Purana, the birth of Lord Ganesha, the legend of Sati and Daksha, among others.
- The entire complex is monitored by a Command and Control Centre utilising artificial intelligence and surveillance cameras.



Maa Kamakhya Temple, Assam

The redevelopment of the Maa Kamakhya Temple focused on enhancing infrastructure and pilgrim amenities, thereby ensuring improved facilities and a comfortable, accessible spiritual experience.



Kedarnath Temple, Uttarakhand

The development of Kedarnath includes the installation of a statue of Adi Shankaracharya, which symbolises civilisational unity and enhances the spiritual significance of the pilgrimage site.



Reconstruction of Juna Somnath Temple, Gujarat

The legacy of Ahilyabai Holkar has been carried forward through the renovation of key pilgrimage sites, including the development of the area surrounding the Somnath Temple and the construction of the Parvati Temple.

- A promenade has been developed to offer pilgrims a magnificent view of the Somnath Temple set against the backdrop of the Arabian Sea.



Separate Department Established within the Ministry of External Affairs

Under the leadership of Prime Minister Modi, the government has established a dedicated department within India's Ministry of External Affairs specifically for the restoration, renovation, and preservation of cultural heritage.



An Era of Leadership in Environmental Commitment

Embracing the mantra of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam—"The World is One Family"—under the theme of "One Earth, One Family, One Future," India has emerged as a global guide in the realm of environmental conservation. Acting as a vocal advocate for numerous global institutions, India has charted a new path for the world—one defined by Mission LiFE' and harmony with nature. Over the past 12 years, the central government has ushered in a new era of harmony with nature.

India: Leading the World

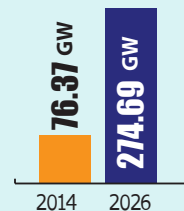
- India has consistently advanced its climate goals under the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement. From its initial NDC targets set in 2015 to the new targets now established for the 2031–2035 period, India remains steadfast in fulfilling its commitments. India has now emerged as a strong and prominent voice in global climate change negotiations.
- In 2015, India submitted its first Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) under the UNFCCC, outlining targets to be achieved by the year 2030.
- Since COP21, Prime Minister Modi's principle of "Climate Justice" has ensured that concerns regarding equity and justice are not overlooked in matters related to climate change.
- At the COP26 summit held in Glasgow (2021), Prime Minister Modi introduced the concept of "Lifestyle for



Environment"—or LiFE. This initiative aims to inspire individuals and communities to adopt small, eco-friendly actions in their daily lives as a means of combating climate change.

- Prime Minister Modi's "Panchamrit" initiative positions India as a global exemplar in the fight against climate change.
- BRICS 2026: India has initiated discussions with member nations on key themes such as promoting sustainable lifestyles, afforestation, forest fire management and disaster resilience, the circular economy, and climate adaptation.
- Resolution on Forest Fires at UNEA-7: At the 7th session of the United Nations Environment Assembly (UNEA-7), held in Nairobi, Kenya, in December 2025, a resolution titled "Strengthening the Global Response to Forest Fire Management"—tabled by India—was adopted.

Renewable Energy Capacity Increased Nearly Fourfold



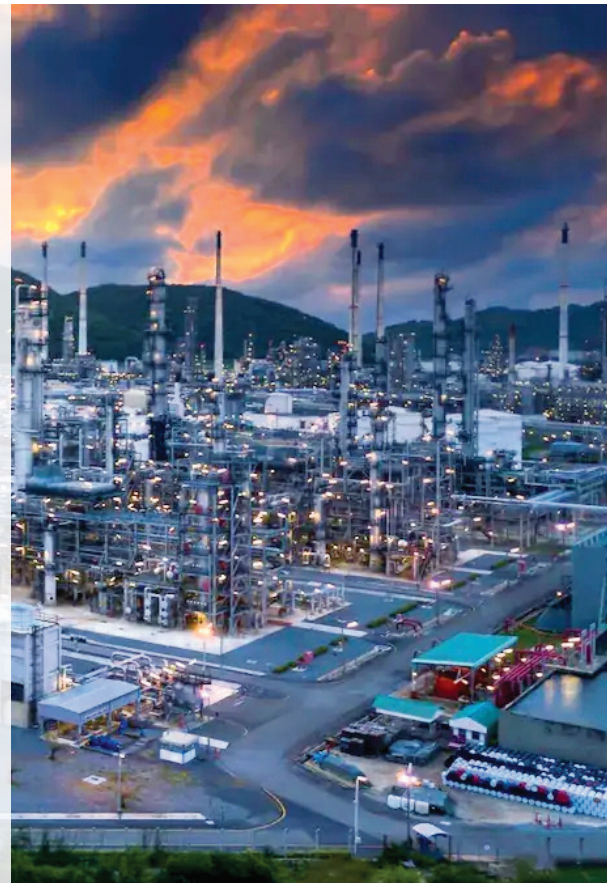
Figures up to March 2026

India Leads in Renewable Energy

- India ranks third globally in terms of installed renewable energy capacity.
- India is the world's fourth-largest country in terms of installed wind energy capacity.
- India ranks third in terms of installed solar energy capacity.
- India achieved a non-fossil fuel installed energy capacity of 283.47 GW by March 2026. This constitutes 53.21% of the total installed power capacity of 532.74 GW.

Goals Achieved Ahead of Schedule

- India achieved its target of reducing the emission intensity of its GDP 11 years ahead of schedule—specifically, as early as 2019.
- India fulfilled its 2015 Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) target—related to increasing the share of non-fossil fuel-based energy sources—nine years ahead of the stipulated deadline.
- Under the National Biofuel Policy, the target for ethanol-blended petrol was also achieved five months ahead of the scheduled timeline.
- The 2030 target set under the Paris Agreement—to achieve 50% of installed electricity capacity from non-fossil fuel-based energy sources—was achieved in June 2025, five years ahead of schedule.
- Between 2005 and 2020, India reduced its emission intensity by 36%.
- By 2021, India had created an additional carbon sink equivalent to 2.29 billion tonnes of CO₂, which is very close to the 2030 target of 2.5 billion tonnes.
- In March 2026, the Union Cabinet, chaired by the Prime Minister, approved India's next Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) for the 2031–2035 period.
- India is set to achieve 500 GW of non-fossil fuel-based electricity capacity by the year 2030.



Behavioral Change for Cleanliness

- From sanitation to avoiding single-use plastics, PM Modi has consistently inspired people to adopt lifestyle changes for environmental conservation.
- The GOBARdhan scheme is a “Waste to Wealth” initiative that aligns with the principles of the Circular Economy and Mission LiFE. It was launched on April 30, 2018. By January 2026, 189 compressed biogas projects commissioned.

Swachh Bharat

Over **120** million toilets constructed



262

crore saplings were planted under the Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam initiative

By transforming campaigns such as ‘Namami Gange’ into mass movements, changes in people’s habits were ensured on a large scale.



“

We must remember this mantra—*प्रकृति रक्षति रक्षितः*—meaning that those who protect nature are, in turn, protected by nature. I am confident that by adhering to our ‘Mission LiFE’ (Lifestyle for Environment), we will build a better world.

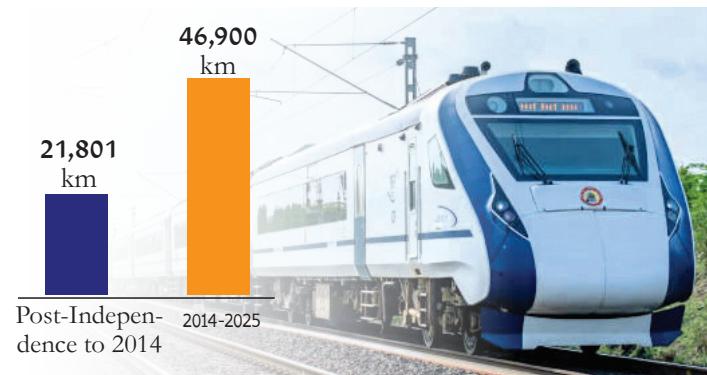
Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the government has demonstrated that development and environmental conservation can go hand in hand. Reforms in environmental laws have led to both improved regulatory compliance and greater ease of doing business.

Railway Line Electrification...

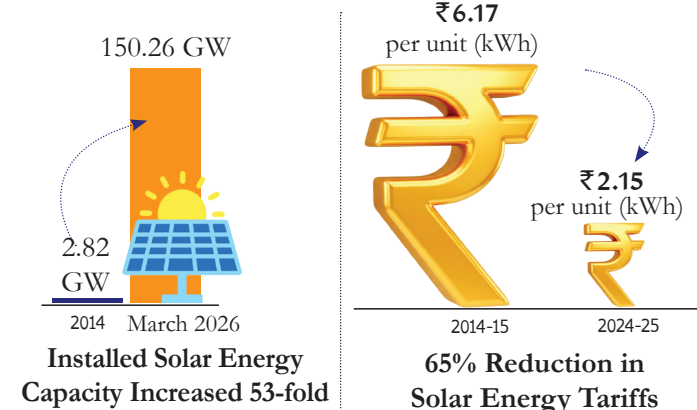
Saving 178 Crore Liters of Diesel Annually



3.61 lakh bio-toilets have been installed in railway passenger coaches since 2014, whereas only 9,587 were installed between 2004 and 2014.

Homes Lit Up by Solar Energy

Solar systems have been installed in 36.88 lakh households under the Pradhan Mantri Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana as of April 30, 2026. The installed capacity under the scheme has reached 10.77 GW. Subsidies amounting to ₹19,480 crore have been disbursed.



Capacity Expansion Accompanied by Stricter Regulations

The Central Government has notified the Solid Waste Management (SWM) Rules, 2026, which will supersede the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016. These rules have come into full force effective April 1, 2026. The rules include a provision for levying environmental compensation based on the 'Polluter Pays Principle.' Under the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2026, the segregation of waste into wet waste, dry waste, sanitary waste, and special care waste has been made mandatory.

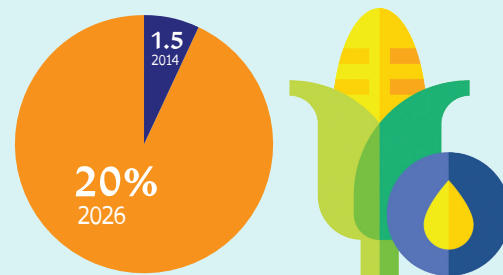
Solid Waste Processing Increases 5-Fold



Fuel Savings

FASTag has reduced waiting times at toll plazas from 12 minutes to less than 47 seconds; thanks to this modern system, fuel savings are resulting in annual savings of approximately ₹1,500 crore.

Ethanol Blending Increases 13-Fold

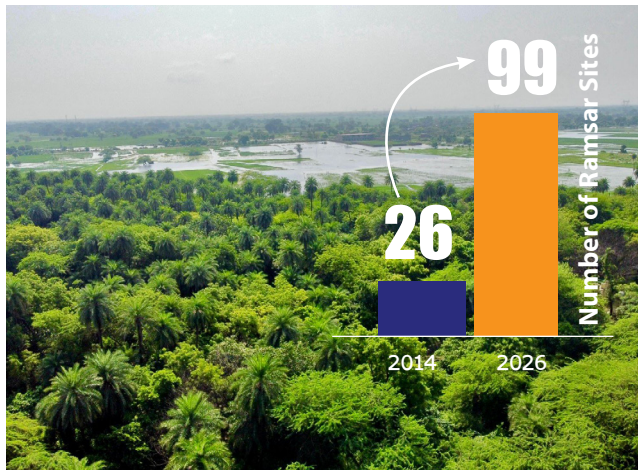


13 of India's beaches have received the 'Blue Flag' certification—an accolade awarded for excellence in cleanliness, environmental conservation, safety, and superior tourism amenities.

Initiatives for the Welfare and Conservation of Wildlife

The forest cover in the country has increased significantly. The area under protected forests is also continuously expanding. Not only are Ramsar sites fostering biodiversity within the nation, and 'Project Tiger' boosting the country's tiger population, but the inter-continental initiative to reintroduce African cheetahs to India has also given a significant fillip to the country's biodiversity. Furthermore, it is not just the cheetah population that is growing; Great Indian Bustard chicks are making a comeback under new conservation initiatives—a testament to the deep-seated aspiration for the welfare of all living beings, a sentiment echoed even in our ancient scriptures.

India: From Ramsar Sites to Tiger and Dolphin Conservation



Over the past 12 years, India has significantly strengthened its commitment in this direction by adding 73 new Ramsar sites.

- Over the last decade, the tiger population in India has more than doubled. According to the 2022 census, the tiger count has reached a record high of 3,682.
- Today, approximately 70% of the world's tigers are found in India. Moreover, the area under protected forests covered by 'Project Tiger' has expanded to approximately 85,000 square kilometers.



'Project Cheetah' is world's first inter-continental translocation project involving a major wild carnivorous species. This initiative has significantly enriched the country's wildlife diversity.

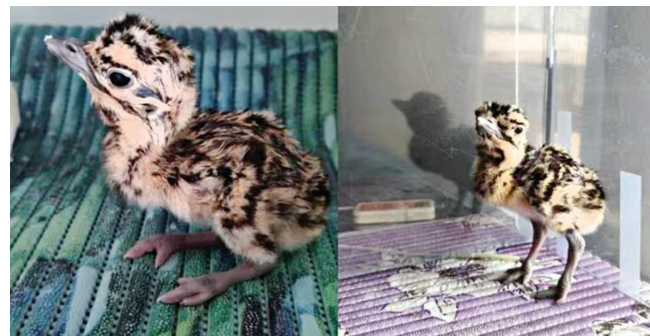
- In 2023—after a gap of 70 years—cheetah cubs were born in India, marking a historic moment as the species had previously gone extinct within the country. To date, the total number of such cubs born in India has reached 37.

718
Snow Leopards

6,327
Dolphins

The first scientific numerical estimate for the country has been presented.

According to the 'Status of Leopards in India 2022' report, the leopard population in India stands at **13,874**



A chick of the 'Great Indian Bustard' (GIB) has hatched in Kutch, Gujarat, after nearly a decade. This achievement was made possible through an innovative conservation measure known as the 'Jumpstart Approach,' which was planned a year ago. Project GIB was conceptualized by PM Modi in 2011 for the conservation of the Great Indian Bustard within its natural habitats, including Gujarat.



In the country, conservation efforts for key species are being undertaken through initiatives such as Project Tiger, Project Elephant, Project Lion, Project Snow Leopard, and Project Dolphin. Conservation actions focused on 24 endangered species—including marine turtles—are being implemented.



Initiatives for Wildlife

1,134 protected areas dedicated to the safety, conservation, and development of wildlife in the country in 2025, up from 921 in 2020.

The number of Tiger Reserves in the country reached 58 in 2025, compared to 48 in 2014. The number of Elephant Reserves increased from 31 to 33 between 2020 and 2025.



- During the 7th meeting of the National Board for Wildlife, a new initiative was approved to conserve Gharials and address the threats facing their survival. The Gharial has now been included in the 'Species Recovery Programme' under the Central Government's 'Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats' scheme.
- The Manas–Pobitora–Nameri–Kaziranga–Dibru Saikhowa wildlife circuit has been developed.
- A wildlife circuit has been developed across the Panna–Mukundpur–Sanjay Dubri–Bandhavgarh–Kanha–Mukki–Pench landscape. ●



We take pride in the fact that India is home to some of the world's most magnificent wildlife. We harbor more than 70% of the world's tiger population. We also possess the largest population of one-horned rhinoceroses and the highest number of Asian elephants. India is the only place in the world where the 'King of the Jungle'—the Asiatic Lion—is thriving.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



NATION | The Art of Living

The Art of Living Foundation Day Celebration

Bengaluru Elevates Spirituality and Spiritual Consciousness to New Heights

Bengaluru—renowned globally for its software and services—has also elevated India’s cultural identity, spirituality, and spiritual consciousness to new heights. On May 10, speaking at the 45th Foundation Day celebration of The Art of Living in Bengaluru, Karnataka, Prime Minister Narendra Modi stated that when a resolve is clear, and work is undertaken with a spirit of service, every effort yields positive results.

The seed of The Art of Living was sown 45 years ago by Sri Sri Ravi Shankar, and today, it has blossomed into a massive banyan tree. Addressing The Art of Living’s Foundation Day celebration, Prime Minister Narendra Modi remarked, “Today, it stands before us as a colossal banyan tree, with thousands of branches touching the lives of countless people across the globe.” India possesses a rich diversity of languages, traditions, customs, and modes of worship. What is it that binds these beautiful diversities together? The answer lies in living not for oneself, but for others—a tradition of Yoga, Meditation, and Pranayama that is deeply rooted in India’s values. PM Modi emphasized that people worldwide are currently inspired by India’s spiritual values, and it is precisely these ancient values that continue

to serve as a source of inspiration for many institutions across India. Ancient teachings found in the Puranas state that serving others is a virtuous act, whereas inflicting pain upon others is a sin. Service constitutes the inherent character of Indian society. Numerous spiritual movements in India have ultimately manifested themselves through the service of humanity. This very spirit is evident in every endeavor undertaken by The Art of Living. PM Modi remarked that organizations such as The Art of Living play a pivotal role in advancing India’s holistic development. Urging a focus on connecting farmers with natural farming practices, he stated that sustainable agriculture is, in itself, an expression of “The Art of Living,” and that protecting Mother Earth from chemicals symbolizes both spiritual practice and environmental conservation. Embracing natural farming and safeguarding Mother Earth from chemicals—this, too, is The Art of Living.

PM Modi emphasized the necessity for farmers to adopt improved water management practices, highlighting the “Per Drop, More Crop” initiative. He noted that, with the cooperation of society, even better results could be achieved in this direction. With the approaching monsoon season in mind, he underscored the urgency of this task, stating that this is an opportune moment to disseminate widespread awareness regarding water conservation. Saving every single drop of water—this, too, is The Art of Living.

The atmosphere of Bengaluru... the environment here... is truly unique. This city is renowned globally for its software and services sectors. Yet, this city has also elevated India’s cultural identity its spirituality and spiritual consciousness to new heights.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister




Scan the QR code to watch the Prime Minister’s full schedule.

India Is Riding On The Reform Express

Accelerating the 'Reform Express,' India is rapidly expanding its world-class road, rail, air, and energy connectivity infrastructure. With the help of 'PM MITRA Parks,' India's rich heritage in the textile industry is being revitalized and strengthened. Continuing this momentum, Prime Minister Narendra Modi laid the foundation stones for several projects and inaugurated development projects worth approximately ₹9,400 crore in Hyderabad, Telangana, on May 10...

To make life easier for the people of Telangana and open up new avenues of employment for the youth, Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated and laid the foundation stones for several projects in the state on May 10. These projects will foster the development of the entire industrial sector—including the food processing industries to be established in this zone—as well as the next-generation manufacturing of vehicles and machinery within this region. The benefits of these initiatives will accrue not only to the general public but also to the laborers and farmers of Telangana.

Cyberabad is a prominent IT and business hub within the city of Hyderabad, Telangana. This is why numerous projects have been launched from Cyberabad. Today, India is riding on the 'Reform Express.' Concurrently, modern India is also actively building state-of-the-art infrastructure. This very objective lies behind the development of the Zaheerabad Industrial Area. This industrial zone forms an integral part of the Government of India's national campaign to develop industrial corridors. It will feature world-class infrastructure along with an uninterrupted power supply; indeed, every facility essential for industrial operations will be made available here for investors from across the globe. PM Modi stated that the 'PM MITRA Park' established in Warangal will accelerate the textile revolution within the country. Units setting up operations here will be eligible to receive benefits under various Central Government schemes, including the Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme. Beneficiary enterprises have, in fact, already begun availing themselves of the benefits offered by the PLI scheme. This textile park is poised to generate a vast number of employment opportunities—particularly for women. PM Modi highlighted that, over the past 12 years, the Government of India has made unprecedented investments in modern connectivity infrastructure, encompassing roads, railways, and airports. For the development of National Highways, an allocation of approximately ₹1.75 lakh crore has been made. In 12 years, the state's National Highway network has doubled in length. Before 2014, the railway budget for the undivided state of Andhra Pradesh stood at less than ₹1,000 crore; in stark contrast, Telangana's current annual railway allocation exceeds ₹5,500 crore. Railway projects worth approximately ₹50,000 crore are currently underway. Furthermore, five 'Vande Bharat' and six 'Amrit Bharat' trains have been launched in



In the past, when India was one of the world's largest economies, our textile industry played a pivotal role. We are now revitalizing that legacy. The PM MITRA Park in Warangal will accelerate the textile revolution across the country.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Inauguration of PM MITRA Park

Inauguration of the PM MITRA Park in Warangal, developed at a cost of ₹1,700 crore. Also known as the Kakatiya Mega Textile Park, this facility is India's first fully operational PM MITRA Park. The park is situated in proximity to the proposed Nagpur-Vijayawada Greenfield Expressway (National Highway-163G) and National Highway-163. It offers excellent multimodal connectivity to major railway networks and ports.

Facilities for Cancer Patient

The Hyderabad-based Sindhu Hospital has been dedicated to the nation. This hospital is a state-of-the-art, multi-super-specialty institution dedicated to cancer treatment. Spanning 18 floors, the hospital features 1,500 beds, over 150 doctor consultation rooms, and 29 advanced operation theaters. The facility provides comprehensive care, including chemotherapy, radiation therapy, cancer surgery, bone marrow transplantation, advanced intensive care, and services across more than 33 medical specialties.



Projects Will Accelerate Development...

Foundation stone laid for the 4-lane NH-167 from Gudebellur to Mahabubnagar, along the Hyderabad-Panaji Economic Corridor, at a cost of over

₹3,175
crore

This will reduce travel time by approx 1 hour and 30 minutes.

- Foundation stone laid for the Zaheerabad Industrial Area, being developed under the Hyderabad-Nagpur Industrial Corridor (HNIC) in the Ranga Reddy district. Spanning 3,245 acres, this area is being developed at a total cost of over ₹2,350 crore.
- Projects to be established within the Zaheerabad Industrial Area are expected to attract investments of approximately ₹10,000 crore and generate large-scale employment opportunities.

Railway infrastructure projects worth approximately ₹1,535 crore were dedicated to the nation

These include several sections—spanning 118 kilometers—of the Kazipet-Vijayawada multi-tracking project.

- The Malkapur Terminal project, developed by Indian Oil in Hyderabad at a cost exceeding ₹600 crore, has been dedicated to the nation. This terminal has a total tank capacity of 165,000 kiloliters.

PM Modi stated that we should strive to consume only as much energy as is necessary to conserve foreign exchange and mitigate the adverse effects of crises stemming from conflicts.



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Telangana. Addressing the critical importance of energy security in the global context of the 21st century, PM Modi emphasized that any disruption in energy supply could bring all economic activity to a complete standstill. It is for this very reason that the Government of India is making unprecedented investments to bolster the nation's energy security. Describing the inauguration of the new Indian Oil terminal in Malkapur as a significant strategic step, PM Modi stated that this terminal will meet Telangana's growing energy needs and strengthen the supply chain. ●

75 Years of the Restoration of the Somnath Temple

Somnath Amrit Mahotsav

A Celebration of India's Unwavering Spirit

Somnath is not merely a temple; it symbolises the immortal flame of the Sanatan faith. Its journey, from ruins to reconstruction, reflects India's invincible heritage and its indomitable resolve. Prior to participating in the Somnath Amrit Mahotsav, an event organised to mark the completion of 75 years since the restoration of the Somnath Temple in Gujarat, Prime Minister Narendra Modi penned an editorial article. In it, he discussed the enduring significance of May 11th in the context of Somnath, as well as the greatness of India's civilization. Additionally, during his visit to Gujarat, he also inaugurated the Sardardham Hostel in Vadodara...

Our ancient scriptures state: प्रभासं च परिक्रम्य पृथिवीक्रमसंभवम्। This means that performing a Parikrama of the divine Prabhas (Somnath) is equivalent to performing a Parikrama of the entire Earth! When devotees come here for Darshan, they also experience the marvellous continuity of a civilisation whose flame has never been extinguished. Many empires rose and fell, times changed, and history witnessed countless vicissitudes; yet, Somnath has always remained enshrined in the hearts of the nation's citizens.

Addressing a grand gathering held within the Somnath Temple complex on the occasion of the 75th anniversary of its restoration, Prime Minister Narendra Modi remarked: "As an ardent devotee of Dada Somnath. I have bowed before Him countless times, but today, when I was coming here, this journey through

time was giving me a delightful experience. It was only a few months ago that I last visited this site; at that time, we were celebrating the Somnath Swabhiman Parv. The pride of Somnath being indestructible even 1000 years after the first destruction, and today, 75 years after the Pran Pratishtha of this modern form, we have got the opportunity to experience the immortal journey of a thousand years.

Seventy-five years ago, on May 11th, the consecration of the Somnath Temple was no ordinary occasion. If India became independent in 1947, then in 1951, the Pran Pratishtha of Somnath proclaimed the independent consciousness of India. At the time of independence, Sardar Sahib forged the modern contours of a unified India by integrating over 500 princely states. When the nation freed itself from foreign shackles, Somnath's res-



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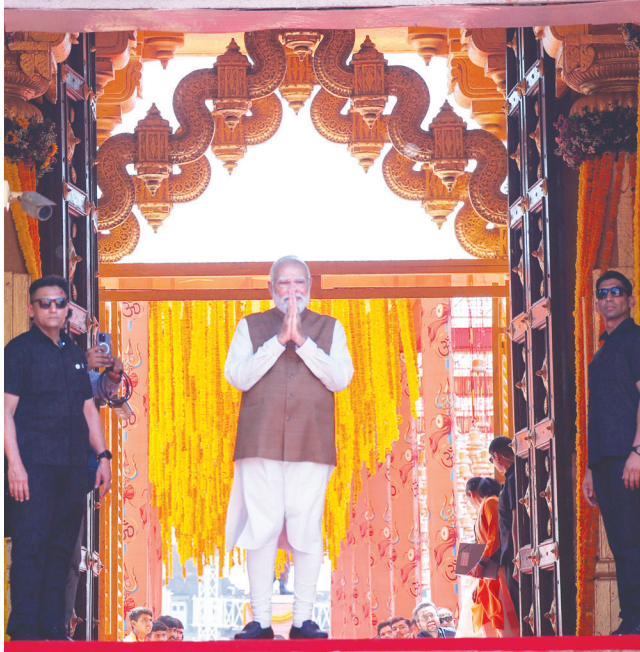
Inauguration of Sardardham Hostel in Vadodara

Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated the Sardardham Hostel in Vadodara. This project comprises hostel facilities for 1,000 boys and 1,000 girls, alongside amenities such as a central dining hall, a library, and an auditorium. Additionally, he toured various facilities within the Sardardham complex, including the reception area, civic amenities, dining area, and e-library.



Today, the need of the hour is to turn “Vocal for Local” into a mass movement. Instead of foreign goods... let us adopt local products. Let us empower the entrepreneurs of our villages, our cities, and our country.

Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Fascinating Facts Associated with the Somnath Temple

- Approximately 10 million devotees visit Somnath every year. On the auspicious occasion of Mahashivratri in 2025, more than 356,000 devotees offered prayers and sought the darshan of Lord Shiva in a single day.
- Every year, the Somnath Trust empowers hundreds of women toward economic self-reliance by providing them with employment and livelihood opportunities.
- The sacred Bilva (wood apple) forest situated within the Somnath Temple complex, home to approximately 1,700 Bilva trees, is maintained and conserved by a team of female caretakers.
- Somnath’s Miyawaki forest absorbs approximately 93,000 kilograms of carbon dioxide annually.
- Every month, approximately 4,700 tiles are manufactured in Somnath by recycling plastic waste. These tiles are utilised in the construction of pathways and walkways within the temple complex.

toration simultaneously declared to the world that India was not merely independent; it was already reclaiming its ancient glory.

The Prime Minister stated he is not merely witnessing a 75-year retrospective. “I am seeing here the resolve of creation in destruction, which Somnath has fulfilled.” He described perceiving the eternal victory of truth over falsehood in the sacred precincts. The Prime Minister spoke of witnessing millennia of spiritual consciousness that has imparted lessons of universal welfare. He articulated his vision of India’s indestructible essence embodied in Somnath’s resilience. “I am seeing here

Heartfelt Tribute Paid to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

Prime Minister Modi paid a heartfelt tribute to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at Somnath, Gujarat. He stated that Sardar Patel's foresight and unwavering resolve played a decisive role in the reconstruction of the Somnath Temple. He highlighted that it was Sardar Patel's dream to witness Somnath restored to its full glory, standing as a symbol of India's civilizational pride and spiritual continuity. The nation will remain forever committed to realising this vision of Sardar Patel.

Witnessed a breathtaking flypast

On the auspicious occasion of the Somnath Amrit Mahotsav, PM Modi witnessed a breathtaking flypast performed by the Indian Air Force's 'Suryakiran' Aerobatic Team. He remarked that this magnificent confluence of glory and valour in the skies cast a radiant glow of saffron and the tricolour over the Somnath Temple. This spectacular sight and spirit of bhakti (reverence) and shakti (power) filled every heart with deep joy and made every Indian proud.



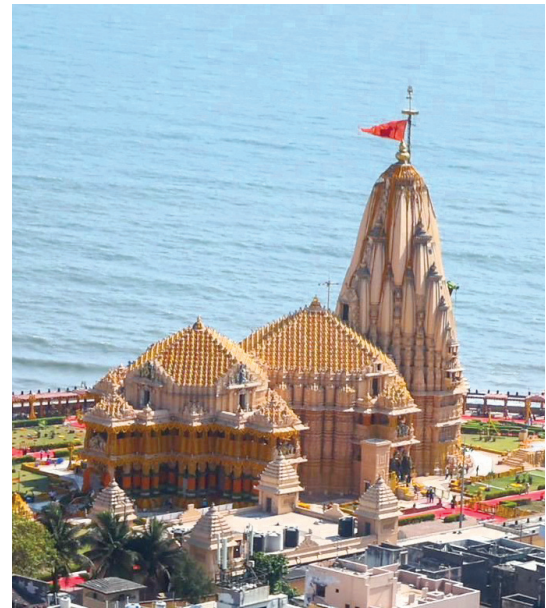
that the indestructible form of India, which could not be erased by centuries of vicious attempts, could not be defeated," asserted PM Modi. He stated that the Somnath Amrit Mahotsav transcends mere commemoration. "This is not just a celebration of the past; this is also India's inspiration for the next one thousand years."

PM MODI PARTICIPATES IN SOMNATH AMRIT MAHOTSAV

PM Modi participated in the Somnath Amrit Mahotsav at the sacred Somnath Temple – one of India's twelve Jyotirlingas and a symbol of the nation's unwavering faith and civilisational heritage. The Somnath Amrit Mahotsav was celebrated to mark the completion of 75 years since the inauguration of the reconstructed temple. As part of the festivities, he took part in several auspicious religious and cultural programmes and attended the flag-hoisting ceremony. On this occasion, a commemorative postage stamp and coin were also released, paying tribute to Somnath's rich heritage and spiritual significance.

MAHAPUJA AND KUMBHABHISHEK AT THE SOMNATH TEMPLE

During his visit to Gujarat, Prime Minister Narendra Modi also performed the Mahapuja and Kumbhabhishek rituals at the Somnath Temple. He remarked that being bestowed with such immense good fortune constitutes one of the most emotional and unforgettable moments of his life. Worshipping Lord Mahadev on this special occasion, held to commemorate the 75th anniversary of the reconstructed Somnath Temple, was truly an unforgettable experience. He further stated that Darshan and Pujan serve as a source of boundless spiritual energy.



SHARED A PHOTOGRAPH OF SOMNATH

PM Modi shared a photograph of the Somnath Temple, captured while he was travelling from Somnath to Vadodara. He further noted that on the shores of Prabhas Patan, the Somnath Temple stands tall as a radiant symbol of devotion, history and civilisational spirit. It has outlasted barbaric attacks, invasions and the passage of centuries. It is eternal. Somnath gives every Indian strength, courage and hope. ●



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PM Narendra Modi's 7 Appeals

A CALL FOR A STRONGER INDIA

India, moving forward towards becoming a 'Developed India', has already built a foundation upon capable, competent, and empowered pillars. Throughout its developmental journey, the nation has involved every Indian—a driving force in this transformation. Public participation serves as the bedrock of this endeavor. It is for this very reason that, amidst global challenges, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has issued 7 significant appeals aimed at further strengthening India. In past decades, whenever the nation has faced war or other major crises, every citizen has similarly risen to the occasion and fulfilled their duty in response to the government's call. When 1.4 billion Indians unite to bring about incremental changes, nothing can stand in the way of making the nation self-reliant and empowered...

1.4 billion people's collective efforts constitute India's greatest strength. Fulfill your small responsibilities...

Come, let us make India even stronger...



NEW INDIA SAMACHAR
FORTNIGHTLY

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