

SAMACHAR



26 May 2014



30 May 2019



09 June 2024

TRIVENI OF RESOLUTIONS

Election results symbolizing the victory of continuity, stability, and good governance again show trust in Narendra Damodardas Modi for the consecutive third term to lead the country as Prime Minister to realize the vision of Viksit Bharat

'Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam' Campaign

Prime Minister Narendra Modi launched the 'Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam' campaign on the occasion of World Environment Day. PM Modi planted a Peepal tree in Delhi's Buddha Jayanti Park on 5th June. He also requested all the countrymen to contribute to making our planet better and said that in the last decade, India has made many collective efforts, which has increased the forest area of the whole country. PM Modi said that this is very good for our efforts towards sustainable development.

In the last decade, India has undertaken many collective efforts, which have increased the forest area of the whole country. It is also commendable that local communities have played a leading role in this endeavour.



On World Environment Day, I am very happy to launch the campaign 'Ek_Ped_Maa_Ke_Naam'. I urge the countrymen as well as people across the world to plant a tree in the coming days as a tribute to their mother and share a photo of themselves using #Plant4Mother or #Ek_Ped_Maa_Ke_Naam.

- Narendra Modi,
Prime Minister

NEW INDIA SAMACHAR

VOLUME 4, ISSUE 24 | JUNE 16-30, 2024

EDITOR IN CHIEF

SHEYPHALI B. SHARAN

Principal Director General,
Press Information Bureau,
New Delhi

SENIOR CONSULTING EDITOR

SANTOSH KUMAR

SENIOR ASST. CONSULTING EDITOR

PAWAN KUMAR

ASST. CONSULTING EDITORS

AKHILESH KUMAR

CHANDAN KUMAR CHOUDHARY

LANGUAGE EDITORS

SUMIT KUMAR (English)

NADEEM AHMED (Urdu)

PAULAMI RAKSHIT (Bengali)

SENIOR DESIGNERS

PHOOL CHAND TIWARI

RAJEEV BHARGAVA

DESIGNERS

ABHAY GUPTA

FIROZ AHMAD



NEW INDIA SAMACHAR
AVAILABLE IN 13 LANGUAGES
<https://newindiasamachar.pib.gov.in/news.aspx>
TO READ THE NEW INDIA
SAMACHAR ARCHIVE
EDITIONS CLICK
<https://newindiasamachar.pib.gov.in.archive.aspx>



Follow **@NISPIBIndia**
on Twitter for
regular updates on
'New India Samachar'

INSIDE PAGES

Shapath...Shapath....Shapath...

Central government formed under the leadership of
PM Narendra Modi for the third consecutive time



COVER STORY

'Viksit Bharat'
resolution gets
new direction

The great festival of democracy of 2024 turned into a 'Lokotsav' which after six decades has created a new history as a government has returned to power for the third consecutive time at the Center. After the results were declared on June 4, the country reposed faith in Prime Minister Narendra Modi who became the first person since 1962 to take oath as Prime Minister for the third consecutive time on June 9... | 12-23

LOK SABHA ELECTIONS 2024
VOTERS CAST THEIR
VOTES, WORLD
RECORD CREATED



64.2 crore voters made
this great festival of
democracy a 'Lokotsav'.

| 4-11

World leaders congratulate PM Modi on winning the election

Head of state of many countries and many famous personalities of the world congratulated Prime Minister Narendra Modi on his victory. | 24-25

Modi Cabinet 3.0: Unity in Diversity

Beginning of the new era, 71 ministers were sworn in the new cabinet | 26-33

9 years of PM Awas Yojana-Urban

Cabinet approves 3 crore additional PM houses | 34-36

First Parliament session of the 18th Lok Sabha

In the first session of Parliament, oath-taking of newly elected members, the election of the Lok Sabha Speaker, the President's Address, and motion of thanks on the address. | 37-39

**10th International Day of Yoga:
Turning into a mass movement**

Prime Minister Narendra Modi not only made India's ancient tradition of yoga global with his vision, but now it has become a part of people's daily routine | 40-41

News Briefs

| 42-43

Personality - Bihar Vibhuti Dr. Anugrah Narayan Sinha

He followed the footsteps of the Father of the Nation Mahatma Gandhi, and contributed immensely to the nation's progress

Published & Printed by **Dhirendra Ojha**, Director General, on behalf of Central Bureau Of Communication Printed at Infinity Advertising services Pvt.Ltd. FBD-One Corporate Park, 10th floor, New Delhi-Faridabad border, NH-1, Faridabad-121003.

Communication Address : Room No-278, Central Bureau Of Communication, 2nd Floor, Soochna Bhawan, New Delhi -110003. **e-Mail**: response-nis@pib.gov.in, **RNI No.** : DELENG/2020/78811

FROM THE EDITOR'S DESK...

‘Jai Ghosh’ of the power of democracy

Our ancient text Hitopadesha, says

“उद्यमेन हि सिध्यन्ति कार्याणि न मनोरथैः”

Meaning- Success is not achieved by merely wishing. One has to toil hard to accomplish the work.

Greetings,

Readers, the grand festival of Lok Sabha elections 2024 has been extraordinary. In the parliamentary history of India, more than 64 crore voters have set a world record by exercising their franchise this time. We are bringing a special issue based on the mandate delivered by the voters in this great festival of democracy and the oath ceremony of the new government. By taking oath as Prime Minister for the third consecutive time, the government led by PM Narendra Modi has resolutely moved towards the 'Sankalp Siddhi'. For him, government means - a symbol of strength, dedication, and energy of resolutions. A new era has started where solutions for problems are found seamlessly. The government reaches the people on their doorsteps. Service, good governance, and the welfare of the poor have become the cornerstone of politics. The past decade has been marked by the fulfillment of resolutions and now the 'Triveni' of resolutions is committed to script a success story for India.

This issue includes Janadesh-2024, the oath of the Prime Minister and his cabinet, the formation of new governments in four states, and quick decision-making of the government which has come into action mode from day one which is indicative of a new work culture stressing holistic, all-encompassing, inclusive development. The decisions of the Union Cabinet and the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana have been also included in this issue. Information about the first session of the 18th Lok Sabha, Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam Abhiyan, and New resolutions that emerged from meditation in Kanyakumari are also part of this issue. Anugrah Narayan Sinha in the personality section, congratulatory messages to PM Modi from world leaders and special content on the 10th International Day of Yoga are the other highlights.

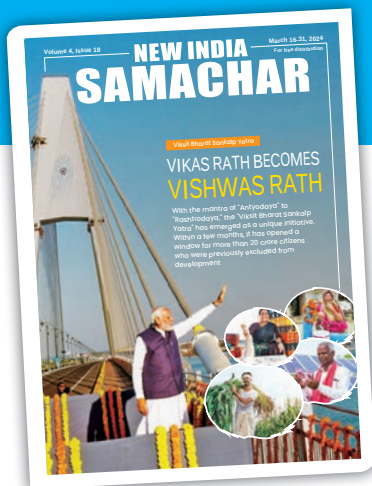
In the new government, the public has given a clear message for the 'Sankalp Ki Siddhi' of a Viksit Bharat, so that the coming centuries mark the golden period in history...

Keep sending us your suggestions.

(Sheyphali B. Sharan)



Read/Download the magazine available in Hindi, English and 11 other languages.
<https://newindiasamachar.pib.gov.in/>



MAIL BOX

New India Samachar provides valuable information

I got the opportunity to read New India Samachar magazine. I was impressed by the fortnightly edition of the magazine which gives valuable information about contemporary India and important activities happening around us.



Samarendra
samarendrachandradeb@gmail.com

New India Samachar magazine is very informative and interesting

I am a regular reader of New India Samachar magazine. This magazine is very informative and interesting. Reading this magazine not only provides information about the achievements, schemes, and policy-making of the government but it is also very useful for competitive examinations, especially the Civil Services Examination. For this, I express my heartfelt thanks and gratitude to the entire family of New India Samachar magazine. I hope that this magazine will continue to be published in the future as well.



Sadhna Shukla
sadhnashukla112001@gmail.com

I share this magazine with others as well

I am grateful to the Central Bureau of Communication for publishing the fortnightly magazine New India Samachar. I read this magazine and then share it in the WhatsApp library group. Due to this, many other reader friends also take advantage of reading this magazine.



rajeshbanchhor01@gmail.com

Eagerly await each issue

Eagerly await each issue of New India Samachar magazine. As always, each issue is very informative and has a beautiful layout. Hearty congratulations, thanks, and best wishes to your entire team.



Hari Vishnoi
vishnoi.hari@gmail.com

New India Samachar is full of new information

I am a regular reader of New India Samachar magazine. Being a reader, I feel that this magazine follows the concept of New India. Every youth in India should read this magazine. This magazine is full of new information in every issue.



Parmesh Patidar
patidarparmesh@gmail.com





GREAT FESTIVAL OF DEMOCRACY TURNS INTO A 'LOKOTSAV'

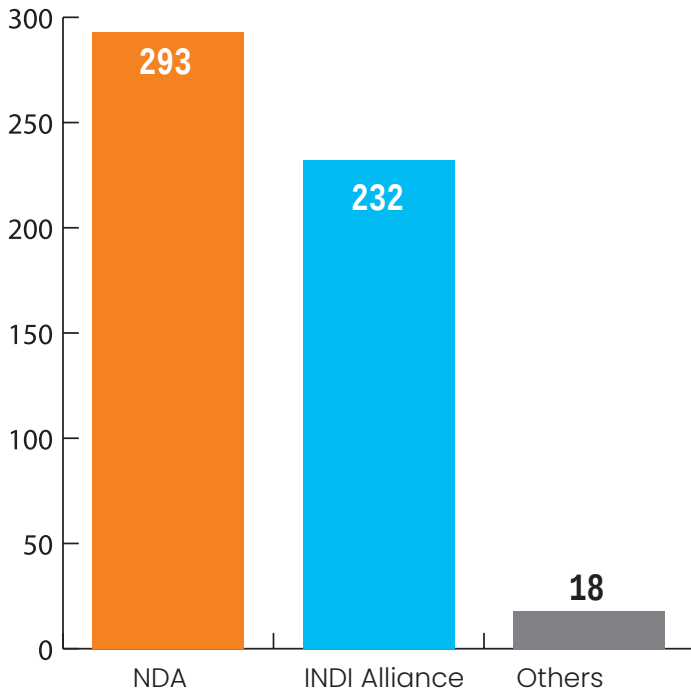
The marathon election process of the world's largest democracy, which spanned two and a half months in 7 phases, is over. The country's people have exercised their mandate and chosen their elected representatives. 64.2 crore voters made this great festival of democracy a 'Lokotsav'. This number of voters is one and a half times the total voters of the G-7 countries and two and a half times the voters of the European Union comprising 27 countries. The voters of the country have created a world record in this election...

Chief Election Commissioner Rajiv Kumar, along with Election Commissioners Gyanesh Kumar and Dr. Sukhbir Singh Sandhu, announced the election dates for the 18th Lok Sabha on March 16, 2024. In this election process that lasted for about two and a half months, the first phase of voting took place on April 19, and the last phase on June 1. The election results were declared on 4 June after which the team of Chief Election Commissioner Rajiv Kumar submitted a copy of the notification containing the names of the newly elected members of the 18th Lok Sabha

on 6 June.

In this grand festival of democracy, 1.5 crore election and security personnel along with 68000 monitoring teams played a pivotal role. CEC praised the election personnel for reaching polling stations by walking on difficult paths in the hot weather to get every vote and then completing the election process. He said, "The beauty of the garden is in the flowers, who cares about the gardener? Victory and defeat are important in a democracy, but who cares about you." People voted for 8,363 candidates and 751 political parties in the Lokotsav held in the

Number of seats



A world record for voting

64.2 crore

voters exercised their right to vote.

31.2 crore

women voters exercised their right to vote.

- This number is more than 1.5 times the number of voters in G-7 countries.
- This number is two and a half times more than the number of voters in 27 countries of the European Union.

scorching heat of 40-47 degrees in the country. In this election, for the first time, such tribal communities also participated in the election who had never voted before. In the festive atmosphere, tribal voters arrived in traditional attire at many



centers. PVTG and ST participated enthusiastically in voting. The Shompen tribe of Great Nicobar voted for the first time. This time the Election Commission had also set up polling stations with unique tribal themes. The participation in the elections and the

curiosity about the elections can be gauged from the fact that 62 crore searches were done on the Election Commission's website in the seven days of the seven phases of voting.

To felicitate the voters, Chief Election Commissioner Rajiv Kumar, along with the entire Election Commission team, stood up to honor the voters. Voters above the age of 85 years, who had seen pre-independence India, participated in the voting in large numbers. Many people voted from home. The importance of votes cast by the centenarian voters, voters above the age

of 85 years, Divyangjans and the third gender is an inspiration for many people, especially the youth, who will take democracy further ahead. The Election Commission of India has expressed hope that the next generation of voters in India will take this participation to even greater heights.

Chief Election Commissioner Rajiv Kumar, while referring to the strict protocol followed during the elections, said that officers were removed from 6 Chief Minister's offices, which included Gujarat, UP, Bihar, Jharkhand, Himachal, and Uttarakhand. All the relatives of politicians were also removed.



World's biggest election exercise

10.5 lakh
polling stations

68,763
monitoring teams

55 lakh
EVMs

4 lakh
vehicles

1.5 crore
polling and security
personnel

135
air flights



Election Commission has conducted so far...

18
Lok Sabha elections

16
Presidential elections

More than
400
state assembly elections

16
Vice Presidential elections



Re-polling at only 39 polling stations

No need for re-polling in **27** states and union territories.

Re-polling at **39** polling stations, including 25 in Arunachal Pradesh and Manipur.

Re-polling had to be conducted at **540** polling stations in 2019.

Power of ballot seen in Jammu and Kashmir

A total of 58.58 percent voting took place in Jammu and Kashmir while 51.05 percent voting took place in the valley. Such a high turnout was witnessed after 35 years for the three parliamentary constituencies of the valley. This achievement reflects the credibility and fairness of Indian democracy.



Victory of ballot papers over bullets, trust in democracy

- Voting centers were also set up in 102 villages of Bastar affected by left-wing extremism. 68.29 percent voting took place in the Bastar parliamentary constituency without any violence.
- Heavy voting took place in 140 polling stations in 126 villages and 199 settlements of Surguja parliamentary constituency in northern Chhattisgarh, which has a significant PVTG population of Pahadi Korwa.
- 64.10 percent of voting took place in Andaman and Nicobar, the Shompen tribe of Great Nicobar participated in the Lok Sabha elections for the first time.
- 84.16 percent of voting also took place in Lakshadweep. Despite living far from the mainland, the faith and trust of the people of these islands are as strong as those living on the mainland.

...so that obstacles are removed and voting becomes easy

- Vote from home was introduced for voters above 85 years of age and the disabled.
- The policy for Kashmiri migrants was revised, and the cumbersome "Form-M" was abolished for Jammu and Udhampur, while self-verification was accepted for the rest. 26 special polling stations were created.
- 94 special polling stations were created in 10 districts so that the displaced people of Manipur could exercise their franchise.
- A special polling station was set up for one voter, in the Tengnoupal district of Manipur.
- Nearly 72 percent of voting was recorded in Inner Manipur.
- Nearly 52 percent of voting was recorded in Outer Manipur.



The biggest victory

Congress candidate Rakibul Hussain won from Dubri, Assam by 10,12,476 votes. Rakibul Hussain got 14,71,885 votes while All India United Democratic Front candidate Mohammad Badruddin Ajmal, who came second, got 4,59,409 votes. The second highest vote getter was BJP candidate from Indore, Shankar Lalwani, who got 12,26,751 votes and won by 10,08,077 votes.

The largest delegation came to see the Lok Sabha elections

Delegates from 23 countries came, visited six states Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh.

3M - Muscle Power, Money Power, Model Code of Conduct

'Bahubal' means muscle power

There was no major incident of violence in Left Wing Extremist areas (Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh, Odisha, Maharashtra), Manipur, Jammu and Kashmir, Tripura, West Bengal and other states. There was a festive atmosphere everywhere, and strict and prompt action was taken throughout the state.

Model Code of Conduct i.e. MCC

- Detailed report published on MCC enforcement
- More than 90% of 495 major complaints resolved
- Reduction in violence, noise, disorder, and inducement in the last two months
- Notices to several top leaders, FIRs against many, and transfer of top officials for free and fair elections

Curb on Money Power:

Action taken to seize money worth Rs 10,000 crores, in the 2019 elections this amount was just Rs 3475 crores

Seized

- **Cash** Rs. 1054 crore
- **Liquor** Rs. 898 crore
- **Precious metal** Rs. 1459 crore
- **Free goods** Rs. 2,198 crore
- **Drugs** Rs. 4,391 crore

Percentage of voting in the country

Year	Male	Female	Total
2024	65.80	65.78	65.79
2019	67.12	67.28	67.40
2014	67.09	65.59	66.44

Loksabha	Voters	Voted
16th	83.40 crore	55.41 crore
17th	91.19 crore	61.46 crore
18th	96.90 crore	64.20 crore



NOTA

In the Indore parliamentary seat of Madhya Pradesh, NOTA got the second-highest number of votes as compared to the winning candidate, which was about 14 percent of the total votes. On this seat, 2,18,674 people pressed the NOTA button while BJP candidate Shankar Lalwani, who came first, got 12,26,751 votes. Apart from this, Sanjay of Bahujan Samaj Party came third with 51,659 votes.

Party-wise position in terms of MPs in the 18th Lok Sabha

Bharatiya Janata Party	240
Indian National Congress	99
Samajwadi Party	37
AITC	29
DMK	22
TDP	16
JDU	12
Shiv Sena UBT	9
NCPSP	8
Shiv Sena SHS	7
LJP(Ram Vilas)	5
YSRCP	4
Rashtriya Janata Dal	4
CPI(M)	4
Indian Union ML	3
Aam Aadmi Party	3
JMM	3
Janasena Party	2
CPI(M)(L)	2
Janata Dal (S)	2
VCK	2
CPI	2
Rashtriya Lok Dal	2
Jammu-Kashmir National Conference	2
United People's Party, Liberal	1
Asom Gana Parishad	1
Hindustani Awam Morcha Secular	1
Kerala Congress	1
RSP	1
NCP	1
Voice of People's Party	1
JPM	1
Shiromani Akali Dal	1
Rashtriya Loktantrik Party	1
Bharat Adivasi Party	1
Sikkim Adivasi Party	1
MDMK	1
Azad Samaj Party(Kashiram)	1
Apna Dal Sonelal	1
AJSU Party	1
AIMIM	1
Independent	7
Total	543

Votes received by Bharatiya Janata Party

2024	23.60 crore	36.56%
2019	22.90 crore	37.70%
2014	17.19 crore	31.34%



BJP has got around 10 crore more votes than Congress

MP elected unopposed from Surat

In the 18th Lok Sabha elections, the nomination of the Congress candidate fighting against the Bharatiya Janata Party candidate for the Surat seat was canceled, and the rest of the candidates withdrew their nominations. This



is the reason why Mukesh Dalal, the BJP candidate from Surat, got the certificate of winning the election unopposed. The special thing is that this is not the first case of an MP winning unopposed in the Lok Sabha elections. In the elections held since independence, about two and a half dozen candidates have reached the Parliament by winning the Lok Sabha elections unopposed. If we talk about the fourth Lok Sabha election, 1967, then 5 candidates reached the Parliament by winning unopposed, while in the 1962 elections, three candidates were declared unopposed winners. In the 6th Lok Sabha general election held in 1977, the candidates of Sikkim and Arunachal Pradesh West parliamentary seats had won the election unopposed. The special thing was that for the first time in this election, the people of Sikkim and Arunachal Pradesh had directly chosen the candidate for the Lok Sabha according to the constituency. In the 7th Lok Sabha, candidate Farooq Abdullah from Srinagar parliamentary seat was also elected unopposed because he was the only candidate left after the withdrawal of nominations.

Win with the least number of votes

Shiv Sena candidate Ravindra Dattaram Waikar won the Mumbai North West seat by 48 votes. Waikar got 4,52,644 votes. Shiv Sena (Uddhav Bala Saheb Thackeray) candidate Amol Gajanan Kirtikar, who came second, got 4,52,596 votes.



The large participation of half the population in democracy

Women took part in this great festival of democracy in large numbers. In the seven phases of voting, women outnumbered men in voting in many phases, which shows increasing participation of women in elections. 797 women contested in this election out of which 74 won. There has been a slight increase in the number of successful women candidates.

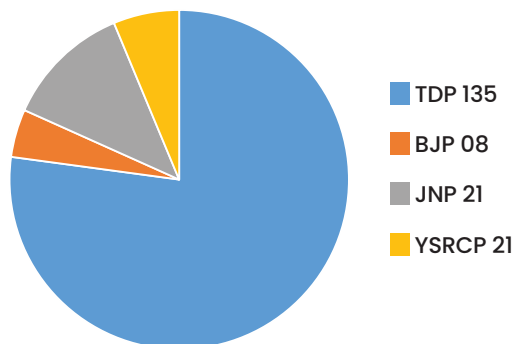
Women in these states are ahead of men in voting (in percentage)

State	Male	Female	Total
Arunachal Pradesh	75.62	79.67	77.68
Assam	81.42	81.71	81.56
Bihar	53.28	59.39	56.19
Dadra Nagar Haveli	69.99	72.73	71.31
Goa	75.42	76.66	76.06
Himachal Pradesh	69.19	72.64	70.90
Jharkhand	63.79	68.67	66.19
Kerala	70.63	71.88	71.27
Ladakh	71.44	72.20	71.82
Lakshadweep	82.88	85.47	84.16
Manipur	77.63	78.72	78.19
Meghalaya	74.35	78.80	76.60
Nagaland	57.55	57.90	57.72
Odisha	73.37	75.55	74.44
Puducherry	78.64	79.13	78.90
Tamil Nadu	69.59	69.86	69.72
Uttar Pradesh	56.65	57.24	56.92
Uttarakhand	55.96	58.58	57.22
West Bengal	78.43	80.18	79.29

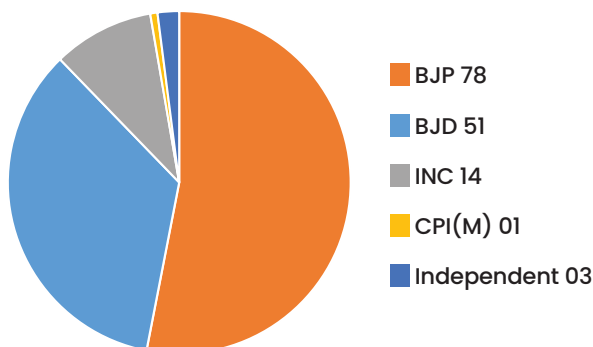
Assembly elections of 4 states along with Lok Sabha

The Election Commission conducted assembly elections of 4 states – Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Odisha, and Sikkim simultaneously with the 18th Lok Sabha elections. The results of these elections have also come out. Voting was held for 147 seats in Odisha, 175 seats in Andhra Pradesh, 60 seats in Arunachal Pradesh, and 32 seats in Sikkim.

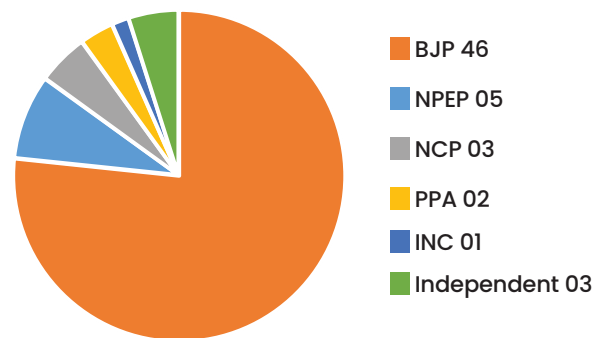
Andhra Pradesh



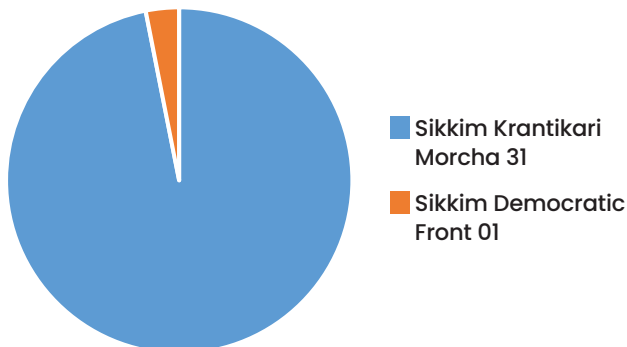
Odisha



Arunachal Pradesh



Sikkim



Chief Ministers along with Ministers took oath in four states

In the presence of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the Chief Minister and other members of the Council of Ministers in Odisha and Andhra Pradesh took the oath of their respective offices. While in Arunachal Pradesh, Pema Khandu took oath of office along with his Council of Ministers, in Sikkim Prem Singh Tamang took oath as Chief Minister along with 11 other ministers. BJP or NDA constituent parties have formed the government in all four states. Prime Minister Modi has congratulated all four Chief Ministers and Ministers on taking oath.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi attended the swearing-in ceremony of Odisha Chief Minister Mohan Charan Majhi who took oath as the Chief Minister of the state. Along with him Kanak Vardhan Singh Dev and Pravati Parida became Deputy Chief Ministers. For the first time, Bharatiya Janata Party has formed a government in the state.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi attended the swearing-in ceremony of the new government in Andhra Pradesh. Here N. Chandrababu Naidu became the Chief Minister of the state for

the fourth time.

In Arunachal Pradesh, Pema Khandu took oath as Chief Minister for the third time. Chowna Mein was sworn in as Deputy Chief Minister and 10 other MLAs as ministers. Union Home Minister Amit Shah, and Union Health Minister JP Nadda were present during the ceremony.

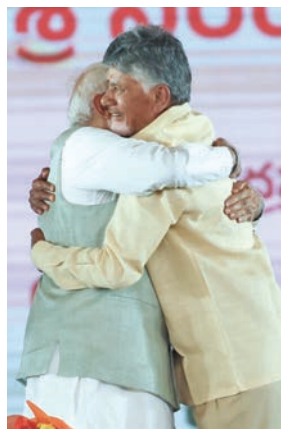
Prem Singh Tamang of Sikkim Krantikari Morcha, who won 31 out of 32 seats in Sikkim, was sworn in as Chief Minister for the second consecutive time. Along with him, 11 other ministers were sworn in.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi congratulated all four teams



"This is a historic day in Odisha! With the blessings of my sisters and brothers of Odisha, the BJP is forming its first government in the

state. With the blessings of Mahaprabhu Jagannath, I am confident that this team will bring record development in Odisha and improve the lives of countless people."



"Congratulations to N Chandrababu Naidu on becoming the Chief Minister and also to all others who have taken oath as Ministers in the Government. The TDP, Janasena, and BJP Government are fully committed to take Andhra Pradesh to new heights of glory and fulfill the aspirations of the youth of the State."



"Congratulations to Pema Khandu ji on taking oath as the Chief Minister of Arunachal Pradesh. I would also like to congratulate all those who took oath

as ministers. I wish them all the best in their future endeavors to serve the people. This team will ensure that the state develops at an even faster pace."



"Congratulations to Prem Singh Tamang Golay on being sworn in as the Chief Minister of Sikkim. Wish him a successful tenure and look forward to working with him for the progress of Sikkim."

Desire + Stability = Resolution
Resolve + Hard work = Success



Shapath... Shapath... Shapath...

Central government formed under the leadership of Prime Minister Narendra Modi for the third consecutive time

'Viksit Bharat' resolution gets new direction

The great festival of democracy of 2024 turned into a 'Lokotsav' which after six decades has created a new history as a government has returned to power for the third consecutive time at the Center. After results were declared on June 4, the country reposed faith in Prime Minister Narendra Modi who became the first person since 1962 to take oath as Prime Minister for the third consecutive time on June 9. The mandate received for the commitment to serve 140 crore citizens and take the country to new heights of development has transformed the hope of 'New India' into faith and confidence. Also, in the third term of the Prime Minister, synonymous with continuity, stability, and guarantee of good governance, the country will take big decisions and the resolution of developed India of 2047 will be realized...

Getting a third consecutive mandate to run the country is a very rare phenomenon in Indian politics. But in the great festival of democracy in 2024 a pre-election coalition has taken an oath to form the government at the Centre for the third time to fulfill the resolve of 'Viksit Bharat'. Prime Minister Narendra Modi took oath at 7.15 pm on June 9 in the courtyard of Rashtrapati Bhavan followed by 71 ministers. This has heralded the golden journey of making India developed in the Amrit Kaal with a well-thought-out goal. The Central Government, moving ahead with the mantra of 'Antyodaya to Rashtra Uday' with the idea of taking the country to new heights and keeping it on the path of continuous progress, has made the years 2014 to 2024 a decade of development in the true sense by ensuring the delivery of schemes in a timely manner. The successful conclusion of the great festival of Indian democracy- 2024 is the victory of the world's largest democracy. It is the victory of unwavering loyalty to the Constitution of India. It is the victory of the resolve of Viksit Bharat. It is the victory of the mantra of 'Sabka Saath- Sabka Vikas'. It is the victory of 140 crore Indians. It is a symbol of the unprecedented success of democracy with the active participation of all.

For every citizen, the country has always been paramount. There can be no greater politics than service. Therefore, for the third time, the central government led by Prime Minister Modi has become the custodian of strengthening the tradition of keeping service paramount. The central government represents public aspirations, public sentiments, and public expectations.

After six decades, the voters of the country have created a new history. After six decades, an alliance has the opportunity to serve the country for the third consecutive term. This unbreakable relationship of trust with the people is the great power of democracy. The blessings of the people... have become a source of energy to work with new enthusiasm and new zeal.

Pre-poll alliances have never been as successful in the political history of India as they have been in the 2024 general elections. This alliance has not only secured a majority, but it also carries a message of stability... continuity... In a democracy, a majority is necessary to run a government, but consensus is very important to run a country. Referring to the mandate given by the countrymen in this general election, Prime Minister Narendra Modi says, "I want to assure from here that the way you have given us the privilege of running a government by giving us a majority, it is the responsibility of all of us that we will continuously strive for consensus and we will leave no stone unturned to take the country forward."

Government in action from the first day

On June 10, the very next day after taking oath, Prime Minister Modi and his cabinet colleagues gave a glimpse of quick decision-making. Prime Minister Modi first signed the file to issue Prime Minister Kisan Samman Nidhi in the interest of the country's food providers, i.e. farmers, and in the Union Cabinet meeting held late in the evening, an important decision was taken to provide 3 crore more new concrete houses with all basic facilities to the poor. The message of the central government is clear the government is dedicated to good governance, service, and welfare of the poor, and farmers for an all-round, all-encompassing, and inclusive development. Addressing the officers and employees of the Prime Minister's Office, Prime Minister Narendra



Modi said that from the very beginning, the PMO has tried to make it service-oriented and the PMO of the people. He says, "We have tried to develop the PMO as a catalytic agent, which becomes a source of new energy and inspiration." Prime Minister Modi said that the government means new energy of power, dedication, and resolution. He expressed confidence that the PMO is ready to serve the people with dedication. He highlighted that it is not Modi alone who runs the government but thousands of people together shoulder the responsibility and as a result, it is the citizens who witness the grandeur of its capabilities.

After assuming office as Prime Minister for the third consecutive time, Prime Minister Narendra



Modi emphasized that the people in his team have no time constraints. They are striving to make every effort with bountiful ideas and thinking.

The Prime Minister said that the whole country has faith in this team. At the same time, he also called upon all those people of the country who want to join the journey of 'Viksit Bharat' for the next 5 years and dedicate themselves to nation-building. The Prime Minister said, "Together we will achieve the goal of 'Nation First' with the intention of Viksit Bharat 2047." He also reiterated that his every moment belongs to the nation. Prime Minister Modi said that the combination of desire and stability makes determination, while hard work with determination leads to success. He further said that if someone's desire is permanent, it takes

the form of a resolution.

Election results and natural coincidence

When the election results came on 4 June, it was also a natural coincidence. Jyestha month is the third month of Chaitra month and in this scorching heat of Jyestha month, the people gave a mandate that will be remembered for ages. This Tuesday of Jyestha month has special significance. On this day, the National Democratic Alliance (NDA) led by Prime Minister Narendra Modi got the mandate to form the government at the center for the third time in a row. This message of the people and destiny is clear only a strong government along with blessings of divine power can take the nation to the highest peak. There is a coincidence of four Bada Mangal



A successful person is one whose inner student never dies. The secret of my energy is that I have kept the inner student alive throughout my life. The person who keeps the inner student alive is never incapable, powerless, and lazy. He is always full of energy.

– Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

in the month of Jyestha and the second Bada Mangal was on 4 June. In our scriptures, it is also called Budhwa Mangal i.e. Bada Mangal. Tuesday is dedicated to Bajrangbali. Every Tuesday in the month of Jyestha is said to be auspicious for the worship of Hanuman ji. Bada Mangal has a deep connection with Hanuman Ji and Lord Shri Ram. On Bada Mangal, the old form of Hanuman ji is worshipped. There are many stories about this. It is said that in the month of Jyeshtha in Treta Yuga, Lord Ram met Veer Bajrangi.

The number of people who voted in India in this great festival of democracy is more than the total population of many big democratic countries. The voters of Jammu and Kashmir showed unprecedented enthusiasm by voting record in this election. This huge success of democracy would not have been possible without the active participation of all. For the first time since 1962, a government has returned for the third time after completing its two terms. Not only this, wherever assembly elections were held in the states along with the Lok Sabha, the NDA got a grand victory, be it Arunachal Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Odisha, or Sikkim.

10 years ago, the country had given a mandate for change. In 2013-14, India was called Fragile Five, every day the headlines of newspapers were filled with news of scams, and the young generation of the country had become apprehensive about its future. At such a time, the country had entrusted the responsibility of extracting pearls of hope from the deep sea of despair to Prime Minister Narendra Modi. After that, the honesty with which

the central government worked with the mantra of Sabka Saath-Sabka Vikas by changing the system and working style, its results were also seen in the 2019 Lok Sabha elections. The second term of the coalition government under the leadership of PM Modi became a guarantee of development and legacy. With this guarantee in 2024... the coalition again sought the blessings of the people, and people in turn reposed their trust in it.

A strong foundation built in 10 years

The Prime Minister expressed his desire to take the country to new heights and inspired his team to surpass global benchmarks by performing better than the work of the last 10 years in the future. He gave a clear message, "We should take the country to such heights, which no other country has ever achieved." Clarity of thoughts, strong belief, and zeal to work are essential for any success. If the citizens of a nation have these three things, then the accomplishment of its resolutions is assured. Therefore, after taking oath for the third time, he also said in a message, "Many congratulations and best wishes to all the colleagues who have taken oath as ministers in the NDA government. This team of ministers is a wonderful amalgamation of youthful enthusiasm and experience. We will leave no stone unturned in improving the lives of all the countrymen. I am also heartily grateful to the dignitaries from all over the world who were a part of the swearing-in ceremony. As a 'Vishwa Bandhu', India will always work in the interest of humanity along with its close partners." In the last 10 years, the country has made very big decisions. The feeling of nation first gives courage to achieve extraordinary goals. It generates the will to do something. The world's largest public welfare schemes were launched. After 70 years of independence, 12 crore people got tap water. After 70 years of independence, 4 crore poor people got concrete houses. 80 crore needy people of the country got the facility of free ration. Crores of poor people got the facility of free treatment up to Rs 5 lakh. Due to this feeling of nation first, Article 370 was abrogated from Jammu and Kashmir. Reforms like GST and IBC became possible. Banking reforms took place. Keeping national interest always paramount, the biggest crisis of the century like Covid was dealt with in a commendable manner.



The central government took the decision, which was in the national interest... in the public interest. The result of this is - today India is the fastest-growing economy in the world. This feeling of nation first will make India self-reliant in the times to come.

In the last five years, the Centre has worked on projects such as the ambitious Multi-modal Connectivity platform Gatishakti. It signals that the work that used to take several months is now completed in 15-20 days. Technology has emerged as the biggest factor for this. Its main advantage is that there are many employment opportunities for the youth of the country.

The alliance's great victory: Message of stability

NDA which came into existence nearly 3 decades ago gives a message of great strength amid its diverse democratic and social structure. Prime Minister Modi says, "I can say based on reality and facts that this is the most successful alliance. We can proudly say that the term is of 5 years. This alliance has completed three terms of 5 years each out of 30 years and the alliance is entering its fourth term." Further, he adds that if the experts in politics

think about this matter, they will find that NDA is not a gathering of some parties to gain power or run the government, it is a group committed to Nation First with the basic spirit of Nation First. I can say that there is an organic alliance in the political system of India and these values were held by the late Atal Bihari Vajpayee, Prakash Singh Badal, Bala Saheb Thackeray, George Fernandes, Sharad Yadav, I can name countless people. The seed that was sown by these people, today the people of India have nurtured this seed with trust and made it a banyan tree and we all have the legacy of such great leaders.

If the analysts of politics examine, they will see that the common thread between NDA partners is good governance. In this way, as soon as we say NDA, good governance automatically becomes a synonym. This is also an important aspect of good governance. We will script a new chapter of development, a new chapter of good governance, a new chapter of people's participation, and together we will make the dream of a Viksit Bharat a reality. The Prime Minister says, "I believe that the world will recognize the results of the 2024 Lok Sabha elections from every parameter, that this is NDA's Maha Vijay." He further adds that if I keep NDA



on one side and the dreams and resolutions of the people of India on the other side, then I would say NDA - New India, Developed India, Aspirational India and fulfilling these dreams and resolutions is our resolution, commitment and we also have a roadmap.

The journey of Amrit Kaal with continuity

There is a great resolution before the new India - the resolution of a Viksit Bharat. After 10 years, for the third consecutive time, the blessings of the people have bolstered the confidence, which gives new strength and new energy to the resolution. Every Indian is eager to take the country forward together and the third term of Prime Minister Narendra Modi is going to write a new chapter known for making big decisions for the country.

The NDA-led central government has always been committed to the development of every sector and every section of society. In the last 10 years, 25 crore people have been lifted out of poverty through the welfare schemes of the central government. A large number of these are from Scheduled Castes, Tribals, and Backward Classes. Now the central government is determined that it will not stop to achieve this goal until poverty becomes a part of the country's past. Women-led development has also been at the center of the central government's model of good governance. The central government has expressed its commitment to work to give new opportunities to women power in every field from sports to space and entrepreneurship.

In the last 10 years, the number of medical colleges has doubled. The number of AIIMS has



tripled. There has been a historic increase in self-employment and startups. Today, India is the second largest mobile manufacturer in the world. Now the goal is to work more ambitiously in electronics, semiconductors, and such new sectors. Efforts have been made to increase the country's defense production and exports. The goal of the central government is to make India completely self-reliant in the defense sector. Along with this, the youth have to be empowered in every field including education, employment-self-employment. The work of making modern policies from seed to market for farmers will be given more priority. From pulses to edible oil, work will be done to make farmers self-reliant in every field.

The future belongs to the green era. For this, the policies of the central government emphasize the

confluence of progress-nature-culture. Investment in green industrialization will increase. Be it green energy or green mobility, the new India resolves to take nation to the forefront. To make India the third-largest economy in the world.

The provision of free treatment up to Rs 5 lakh for people above 70 years of age, and the promise of providing bank loans up to Rs 20 lakh for business under the Mudra scheme to youngsters are the guarantees of Prime Minister Modi's third term. It was also announced that no stone will be left unturned to fulfill this. Empowerment of the poor and facilities for the middle class are also the priorities of the central government because the middle class is associated with being the engine driver of the progress of the country. The center will try to take steps to increase the savings of the



middle class, and what steps can be taken for their better quality of life. Work will also be done in the coming days on how to expand the schemes of the center, and how to bring modifications in policies and rules.

Continuity in the policy of zero tolerance on corruption

If 21st-century India has to move forward, it will have to continuously curb corruption. Digital India and technology have closed many avenues of corruption. But it is also true that the fight against corruption is becoming more difficult day by day. When corruption starts being glorified for political gain, it gains a lot of strength. Therefore, in the third term, the central government will put a lot of emphasis on uprooting all kinds of corruption.

The Constitution is the beacon of development

Our Constitution is writing a new chapter in a decade by becoming a guarantee of development. This year marks the 75th anniversary of the Indian constitution. The central government is determined to work together with all the state governments, irrespective of the party they are governed by. Prime Minister Modi says, "We will work hard for the goal of a Viksit Bharat... we will work very hard... we do not have time to stop or pause. This is the time to move forward unitedly. We have to

continuously make big decisions for a developed India, and also take good decisions for the bright future of India." He says that we are dedicated to our Constitution of equality for all religions. The kind of guideline that the Constitution of India has given - cooperative federalism, Prime Minister Modi has added competitive cooperative federalism to it so that there is healthy competition among the states as well as between the state and the center.

Call for positivity from the opposition

Strength of democracy and faith in the people, democracy teaches us to respect everyone, while congratulating the MPs who have won even in the opposition, Prime Minister Modi said that in the last 10 years, Parliament was deprived of one thing. That was - , participation and quality debate. But now he hopes that this will not be missed in the 18th Lok Sabha and that those colleagues will also come to the House with the intention of national interest. Even though they will be sitting in the opposition, they are not in opposition of the nation, they are in opposition to us, in the nation we are all in the same direction, we do not have any party or opposition in the nation, we are 140 crores in the nation and I hope that they will come to the House with the spirit of national interest, they will contribute in some way or the other to make the debate experience enriching.



India's progress on the world stage

Today India is an important player providing global solutions. In the Covid period, the world has seen how India's vaccine helped save the world from crisis. By landing on the south pole of the moon, India's Chandrayaan has opened new avenues of exploration in space. India considers it its responsibility to work on all the issues facing the world, from climate change to food security. India also considers it its responsibility to provide stability and diversity to the global supply chain. That is why India is embracing everyone as Vishwabandhu today. In the times to come, a strong India will prove to be a strong pillar of a strong world.

In the G-20 Summit, India came forward with the approach for women-led development, which had an impact on the whole world. More than 200 meetings were held in many cities in India and policymakers from all over the world went to their countries impressed by the diversity and vastness of India. India's initiative of promoting aspiring districts and aspiring blocks is presenting a model of good governance for the developing nations of the world, which has become a subject of research. New India is committed to working towards the all-round development of every region of the country.

The world is looking towards India. Today India is emerging as a new manufacturing hub for the world and when we are talking about a manufacturing hub, it is not just about electronic



I believe that now it is my responsibility to think more than what I have thought in the last 10 years and to do more than that. Now whatever has to be done, has to be done in the direction of surpassing the global benchmark. What you were yesterday, how well you did today, that time is gone. Now the world is here on this subject, there is nothing ahead of it, so we will be ahead of it. We have to take our country to where no one has reached.

– Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

goods or services. India is also progressing very fast in food processing today and it is going to give great strength to the farmers of India. Similarly, whether it is space, artificial intelligence, startups, or skill job opportunities, today India will move forward very fast. Mudra Yojana, Drone Didi, and Vishwakarma Yojana, this has also given rise to new possibilities.

Today the fields of infrastructure have opened up. Be it airways, railways, our expressways, our traffic is improving a lot. Our work of digital



Signed his first file to release the 17th installment of PM Kisan Nidhi. This will benefit 9.3 crore farmers and about Rs 20,000 crore will be distributed among them



benefit of the industrial revolution as we should have. Now a new era is starting, the Green Era. India has a lot of potential to lead in the Green Era. For this, in the coming days, whether it is about green hydrogen, green energy, green jobs, or green mobility, the country wants to work so fast that the leadership of the Green Era proves India's strength in the world.

The feeling of 'Vishwabandhu' has become very strong in the mind of the common man and the world has recognized India's service spirit. Whether it is the Ukraine crisis, Afghanistan crisis, or saving stranded people, the Centre has not left any stone unturned in any area. Due to this capability, the possibilities of investment in India are going to increase a lot. Prime Minister Modi says that the policies that India has made, the environment that India has created, every state of India should get its benefits and we want to work fast in that direction. Prime Minister Modi says, "For me, birth is just one life- one mission and that is my Bharat Mata. This mission is to devote me to fulfilling the dreams of 140 crore countrymen, the mission is to free 140 crore countrymen from the problems that have been faced generation after generation for a thousand years, and when the world sees my every countryman then he wants that this person is from India if only eyes meet then it would be good, this is the situation I want to create."

Certainly, the mandate of continuity, stability, and good governance has given new wings to the hopes and aspirations of 140 crore citizens, which gives the message that how the current leadership is trustworthy in taking the country forward by fighting the challenges, this history of a few years gives a new direction to the country's resolve towards the future 'New India' that 'Together we will win.' ●



I invite all those who want to devote themselves with dedication to making a developed India a reality. There is only one goal, Nation First, and only one intention – Viksit Bharat by 2047. I have publicly said – my every moment is for the country. I have also made this promise to the country 24X7 for 2047, I have those expectations from the team.

– Narendra Modi, Prime Minister

connectivity is creating a huge impact and its benefits are going to be reaped. This Vocal for Local and Regional Tourism is working to strengthen it. Now the world is entering a new era. When the Industrial Revolution took place, we went through the era of slavery, so we could not take as much





Heads of state of neighboring countries

World leaders congratulate PM Modi on winning the election for the third consecutive time

Many eminent personalities of the world including the leaders of the Indian Ocean region, India's neighboring countries, Presidents of many countries, and Microsoft founder Bill Gates congratulated PM Narendra Modi on his victory in the 18th Lok Sabha elections. PM Modi thanked many of these leaders over the phone for their congratulatory messages, while he replied to many leaders on the social media platform X...

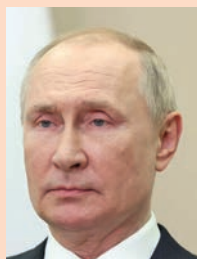
US President Joseph R. Biden congratulated Prime Minister



Narendra Modi over the phone. Both leaders agreed to work together to further strengthen the India-US comprehensive

global strategic partnership for global welfare.

Russian President Vladimir Putin congratulated PM



Modi. The two leaders agreed to work together to further strengthen the India-Russia special and privileged strategic

partnership in all areas.

French President Emmanuel Macron congratulated PM Modi on his historic election victory



and wished him well for his third consecutive term. PM Modi expressed his gratitude and agreed to continue working

together towards fulfilling the commitments made in the 'Horizon 2047' roadmap.



United Kingdom Prime Minister Rishi Sunak also congratulated PM Modi on his historic victory for the third consecutive time. The two leaders reiterated their commitment to work to further strengthen the India-United Kingdom comprehensive strategic partnership.



Responding to the post of Prime Minister of the Republic of Mauritius Pravind Kumar Jugnauth, Prime Minister Modi said, "Thank you Prime Minister Pravind Kumar Jugnauth ji for your heartfelt message. Mauritius plays an important role in our Neighbourhood First policy, Vision Sagar, and our commitment to the Global South."



Responding to the post of Italian Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni, the Prime Minister said "Thank you Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni for your wishes. We are committed to further strengthening the India-Italy strategic partnership, which is based on shared values and interests. Look forward to working together for global welfare."



Responding to the post of Nepalese Prime Minister Prachanda, Prime Minister Modi said, "Thank you Prime Minister Prachanda ji for your good wishes. Look forward to continued cooperation to strengthen India-Nepal friendship."



Bangladeshi Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina congratulated PM Modi for his victory in the 18th Lok Sabha elections. Sheikh Hasina was among the first foreign leaders to congratulate him. PM Modi thanked her. Both leaders expressed their commitment to work together to further strengthen the historic and close ties towards achieving the vision of Developed India 2047 and Smart Bangladesh 2041.



In response to Sri Lankan President Ranil Wickremesinghe's post, Prime Minister Modi said, "Thank you, Mr. Ranil Wickremesinghe. I look forward to our continued cooperation on the India-Sri Lanka economic partnership."



In response to the post of Bhutanese Prime Minister Tshering Tobgay, Prime Minister Modi said, "Thank you my friend Prime Minister Tshering Tobgay for your good wishes. India-Bhutan relations will continue to grow stronger."



In response to Jamaican Prime Minister Andrew Holness' post, Prime Minister Modi said, "Thank you, Prime Minister Andrew Holness. India-Jamaica relations are identified by centuries-old people-to-people ties. I look forward to working closely with you for the welfare of our people."



Responding to the post of Dr. Mohammed Muizzu, President of Maldives, the Prime Minister said, "Thank you President Mohamed Muizzu. Maldives is our valued partner and neighbor in the Indian Ocean Region. I too look forward to close cooperation to further strengthen our bilateral relations."



In response to Barbados Prime Minister Mia Amor Mottley's post, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said, "Thank you, Prime Minister Mia Amor Mottley. I look forward to working with you for a strong partnership between India and Barbados for the welfare of our people."



MODI CABINET 3.0

UNITY IN DIVERSITY

Prime Minister Narendra Modi has started his third inning as the head of the government at the center. In this inning to continue with the same spirit of service for the welfare of the poor, downtrodden, deprived, Dalits, and farmers along with strengthening the middle class, he has selected an all-inclusive, all-encompassing team that will fulfill the resolution of developed India. The new cabinet comprises of 71 ministers. It consists of 30 cabinet ministers, 5 ministers of state with independent charge, and 36 ministers of state. While picking up his new cabinet he strikes a balance between experience and youth enthusiasm.

The cabinet reflects a sincere effort to accommodate every state, every alliance partner, and every section in the cabinet. The commitment to respect every section and its inclusive development is visible in the government formation as it balances the number of ST, SC, OBC, and general category MPs in the cabinet. Seven women have also bagged a place in the cabinet.



NARENDRA MODI

Prime Minister and also in-charge of:

- Ministry of Personnel,
- Public Grievances and Pensions;
- Department of Atomic Energy;
- Department of Space;
- All important policy issues; and
- All other portfolios not allocated to any Minister.

Uttar Pradesh - Bharatiya Janata Party

He has started his third term as the Prime Minister of India. Before that, he also served as the Chief Minister of Gujarat for four terms.

CABINET MINISTERS



Raj Nath Singh
Uttar Pradesh: BJP
Minister of Defence

He has previously served as Defence Minister, Home Minister and also as Chief Minister of UP.



Amit Shah
Gujarat: BJP

Minister of Home Affairs; and Minister of Cooperation

In the last cabinet also held the same portfolios.



Nitin Jairam Gadkari
Maharashtra: BJP

Minister of Road Transport and Highways

For last 10 years he has been the minister of Road, Transport and Highways.



Jagat Prakash Nadda
Himachal Pradesh, Rajya Sabha

Member from Gujarat: BJP
Minister of Health and Family Welfare; and Minister of

Chemicals and Fertilizers
BJP National President has been the former Union Health Minister.



Shivraj Singh Chouhan
Madhya Pradesh: BJP

Minister of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare; and Minister of Rural Development

He has been the CM of Madhya Pradesh for four times and is a Union Minister for the first time

Nirmala Sitharaman
Tamil Nadu, Rajya Sabha
Member from Karnataka: BJP
Minister of Finance; and Minister of Corporate Affairs
She has also been the Finance and Defence Minister in the previous governments.



Dr. S. Jaishankar
Tamil Nadu, Rajya Sabha
Member from Gujarat: BJP

Minister of External Affairs
He has also served as Foreign Minister, Foreign Secretary, and Diplomat in the previous governments.

Manohar Lal
Haryana: BJP
Minister of Housing and Urban Affairs; and Minister of Power

He was the former Chief Minister of Haryana.



H.D. Kumaraswamy
Karnataka: JDS
Minister of Heavy Industries; and Minister of Steel

Son of former Prime Minister HD Devegowda, former CM of Karnataka

Piyush Goyal
Maharashtra: BJP
Minister of Commerce and Industry

He has handled the portfolios of Commerce and Industry, Railways, Finance, and Textiles Minister in the past.

Dharmendra Pradhan
Odisha: BJP
Minister of Education

He was also the Education Minister in the previous government and was the longest-serving Petroleum and Natural Gas Minister.

Jitan Ram Manjhi
Bihar: HAM(S)
Minister of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The former CM of Bihar became MP for the first time.



CABINET MINISTERS



**Rajiv Ranjan Singh
alias Lalan Singh**

Bihar: JDU

Minister of Panchayati Raj; and
Minister of Fisheries, Animal
Husbandry and Dairying
Became MP for the fourth time,
former minister of Bihar.



Sarbananda Sonowal

Assam: BJP

Minister of Ports, Shipping
and Waterways

Former Chief Minister of Assam,
he was the port and waterways
minister during the second
term of Modi government.



Dr. Virendra Kumar

Madhya Pradesh: BJP

Minister of Social Justice
and Empowerment

MP for the 8th consecutive time,
was also the Minister of Social
Justice and Empowerment in
the previous government.



**Kinjarapu Rammohan
Naidu**

Andhra Pradesh: TDP

Minister of Civil Aviation

Consecutive three-time winning
MP has completed his studies in
engineering from the USA.

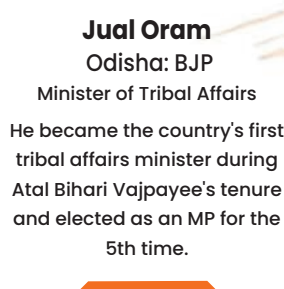


Pralhad Joshi

Karnataka: BJP

Minister of Consumer Affairs, Food
and Public Distribution; and Minister
of New and Renewable Energy

In the second term of the Modi
government, he was in charge
of the Ministry of Parliamentary
affairs, Coal and Mining.



Jual Oram

Odisha: BJP

Minister of Tribal Affairs

He became the country's first
tribal affairs minister during
Atal Bihari Vajpayee's tenure
and elected as an MP for the
5th time.



Giriraj Singh

Bihar: BJP

Minister of Textiles

He was the Rural development
minister in previous
government.



Ashwini Vaishnaw

Rajasthan, Rajya Sabha

Member from Odisha: BJP

Minister of Railways; Minister of
Information and Broadcasting;
and Minister of Electronics and
Information Technology

Railway Minister in the second
term of PM Modi, former
Administrative Services Officer.



Annpurna Devi

Jharkhand: BJP

Minister of Women and Child
Development

Second-time MP, she was
Minister of State for Education in
the previous Modi Government.

Jyotiraditya M. Scindia

Madhya Pradesh: BJP

Minister of Communications;
and Minister of Development of
North Eastern Region

He was the Civil Aviation
Minister in the second term of
the Modi government.



Bhupender Yadav

Rajasthan: BJP

Minister of Environment, Forest
and Climate Change

He was the Minister of
Environment, Forests and
Climate Change in the second
term of the Modi government.

**Gajendra Singh
Shekhawat**

Rajasthan: BJP

Minister of Culture; and Minister
of Tourism

He was in charge of the Ministry
of Jal Shakti in previous
Modi Government.



CABINET MINISTERS



Kiren Rijiju

Arunachal Pradesh: BJP
Minister of Parliamentary Affairs;
and Minister of Minority Affairs

He has served as Sports Minister,
Youth Affairs Minister and Union
Law Minister.



Hardeep Singh Puri

Delhi, Rajya Sabha Member
from Uttar Pradesh: BJP

Minister of Petroleum
and Natural Gas

He is a retired bureaucrat and
has been the minister of housing
and urban affairs in the previous
government.



Mansukh Mandaviya

Gujarat: BJP
Minister of Labour and
Employment; and Minister of
Youth Affairs and Sports

A postgraduate degree in Political
Science and also holds a doctorate.



G. Kishan Reddy

Telangana: BJP
Minister of Coal;
and Minister of Mines

Social worker
and agriculturist.

Chirag Paswan

Bihar: LJP(RV)

Minister of Food Processing
Industries.

Politician and former actor



C R Patil

Gujarat: BJP

Minister of Jal Shakti

He is a three-time Member
of Parliament elected
from Navsari in Gujarat

MINISTERS OF STATE-INDEPENDENT CHARGE



Rao Inderjit Singh

Haryana: BJP
Ministry of Statistics and
Programme Implementation;
MoS of the Ministry of Planning
(IC) and MoS in the Ministry of
Culture.
A member of the Indian shooting
Team from 1990 to 2003.



Arjun Ram Meghwal

Rajasthan: BJP
Ministry of Law and
Justice (IC); and Minister
of State in the Ministry of
Parliamentary Affairs

Masters in Political Science
and MBA degree, former
Minister of Law & Justice
in former Government and
former Bureaucrat.



Jayant Chaudhary
Rajya Sabha Member
from Uttar Pradesh: RLD

Ministry of Skill Development
and Entrepreneurship (IC);
and Minister of State in the
Ministry of Education

Grandson of former Prime
Minister Chaudhary
Charan Singh, and son of
Chaudhary Ajit Singh



Jitendra Singh

Jammu and Kashmir: BJP
Minister of State (IC) of the Ministry
of Science and Technology;
Minister of State (IC) of the Ministry
of Earth Sciences; Minister of State
in the Prime Minister's Office;
Minister of State in the Ministry of
Personnel, Public Grievances and

Pensions; Minister of State in the Department of Atomic Energy;
and Minister of State in the Department of Space.

He is a doctor by profession and has also been a
minister in the previous government.



**Jadhav Prataprao
Ganpatrao**

Maharashtra: Shiv Sena
Ministry of Ayush (IC);
and Minister of State in
the Ministry of Health and
Family Welfare

A Maratha leader who
has won from Buldhana in
Maharashtra.

MINISTERS OF STATE



Jitin Prasada

Uttar Pradesh: BJP

Ministry of Commerce and Industry; and Minister of State in the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology

A commerce graduate from the Shri Ram College of Commerce.



Shripad Yesso Naik

Goa: BJP

Ministry of Power; and Ministry of New and Renewable Energy

A businessman, he has been elected as MP from Goa North for the sixth time in a row and has been a minister in the previous government.



Pankaj Chaudhary

Uttar Pradesh: BJP

Ministry of Finance

He became Union Minister of State (Finance) in the Second Modi ministry after the Cabinet reshuffle.



Krishan Pal

Haryana: BJP

Ministry of Cooperation

Graduated from Jawaharlal Nehru College in 1978 and got his law degree from Meerut University.



Ramdas Athawale

Maharashtra, Rajya Sabha: RPI

Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment

A Dalit leader and former trade unionist.



Ram Nath Thakur

Bihar, Rajya Sabha: JDU

Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare

Son of the late Chief Minister of Bihar and Bharat Ratna Karpooi Thakur.



Nityanand Rai

Bihar: BJP

Ministry of Home Affairs

The son of a farmer who started his political inning with ABVP in 1981.



Anupriya Patel

Uttar Pradesh: Apna Dal

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare; and Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers

Teacher and social worker.



V Somanna

Karnataka: BJP

Ministry of Jal Shakti; and Ministry of Railways

Actively involved in social and cultural activities.



Chandra Sekhar Pemmasani

Andhra Pradesh: TDP

Ministry of Rural Development; and Ministry of Communications

A doctor who completed his MBBS from the Dr NTR University of Health Sciences in 1999. He is the richest parliamentarian.



S. P. Singh Baghel

Uttar Pradesh: BJP

Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying; and Ministry of Panchayati Raj

He has a bachelor of law degree, a master's degree in science, and a doctoral degree.



Shobha Karandlaje

Karnataka: BJP

Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises; and Ministry of Labour and Employment

Master's degree in two subjects including Sociology.

MINISTERS OF STATE



Kirtivardhan Singh

Uttar Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Environment,
Forest and Climate Change;
and Ministry of External Affairs

He has a Master of Science (M.Sc.) degree
from Lucknow University.



BL Verma

Uttar Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Consumer Affairs,
Food and Public Distribution; and
Ministry of Social Justice and
Empowerment

He comes from a farming family.



Shantanu Thakur

West Bengal: BJP
Ministry of Ports, Shipping
and Waterways

He has been championing
the cause of the welfare of
the Matua community.



Suresh Gopi

Kerala: BJP
Ministry of Petroleum
and Natural Gas;
and Ministry of Tourism

Renowned figure in
Malayalam Film Industry.



L. Murugan

Rajya Sabha member from
Madhya Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Information and
Broadcasting; and Ministry of
Parliamentary Affairs

He started his political journey
as a student activist.



Ajay Tamta

Uttarakhand: BJP
Ministry of Road Transport
and Highways

He remained active
at the Panchayat level
for many years.



Bandi Sanjay Kumar

Telengana: BJP
Ministry of Home Affairs

He rose from the humble
background and has also
served as General Secretary
of his party.



Kamlesh Paswan

Uttar Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Rural Development

He holds an MA degree in
political science from DDU
Gorakhpur University.



Bhagirath Choudhary

Rajasthan: BJP
Ministry of Agriculture
and Farmers Welfare

A businessman by profession,
he has completed higher
secondary education.



Satish Chandra Dubey

Bihar, Rajya Sabha: BJP
Ministry of Coal;
and Ministry of Mines

Currently a Rajya Sabha MP, Dubey
had represented the Valmiki Nagar
seat from 2014 to 2019.



Sanjay Seth

Jharkhand: BJP
Ministry of Defence

He became an MP for the
second time in a row.



Ravneet Singh

Punjab, not a member of any
of the houses: BJP
Ministry of Food Processing
Industries; and Ministry
of Railways

Grandson of former
CM of Punjab, Beant Singh.

MINISTERS OF STATE



Durgadas Uikey
Madhya Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Tribal Affairs

Uikey has been a well known teacher before entering in the politics.



Raksha Nikhil Khadse
Maharashtra: BJP
Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports

A champion of the cause for women empowerment and farmers' welfare.



Sukanta Majumdar
West Bengal: BJP
Ministry of Education; and Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region

Before joining politics, he has served as a teacher.



Savitri Thakur
Madhya Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Women and Child Development

A prominent woman tribal leader in the state.



Tokhan Sahu
Chhattisgarh: BJP
Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs

Rose from Panchayat leader in 1994 to become Minister in 2024.



Raj Bhushan Choudhary
Bihar: BJP
Ministry of Jal Shakti

He is a doctor by profession.



Bhupathi Raju Srinivasa Varma
Andhra Pradesh: BJP
Ministry of Heavy Industries; and Ministry of Steel

Highly educated Varma rose from a councillor to a Union Minister.



Harsh Malhotra
Delhi: BJP
Ministry of Corporate Affairs; and Ministry of Road Transport and Highways

Harsh Malhotra is a graduate in botany and holds a law degree from Delhi University.



Nimuben Bambhaniya
Gujarat: BJP
Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution

A former teacher, Bambhaniya hails from the OBC Koli Community.



Murlidhar Mohol
Maharashtra: BJP
Ministry of Cooperation; and Ministry of Civil Aviation

He has become an MP for the first time. He has been the Mayor of Pune.



George Kurian
Kerala, not a member of any of the houses: BJP
Ministry of Minority Affairs; and Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying

He earlier served as the vice-chairman of the National Commission for Minorities.



Pabitra Margherita
Assam: BJP
Ministry of External Affairs; and Ministry of Textiles

A Rajya Sabha MP, Pabitra has contributed to the cultural and administrative spheres as well apart from his political roles.



Cabinet approves 3 crore additional PM houses

Boosting ease of living and respect

The house is the most important component of life after food and clothing. Every person cherishes the dream of having a house of his own. To help fulfill this unfulfilled dream of the deprived section for decades, the Central Government launched Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Urban on 25 June 2015 and PM Awas Yojana Gramin on 20 November 2016. In the last 10 years, 4 crore 21 lakh houses have been built for eligible rural and urban beneficiaries under PMAY. To fulfill the dream of housing for all, now in the first cabinet meeting of the third term, a proposal to provide assistance in the construction of 3 crore additional rural and urban houses has been approved.....

On the 9th anniversary of Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Urban, it is important to mention that the plan to assist in 3 crore additional rural and urban houses under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana will boost 'ease of living' and respect of crores of Indians. Earlier, in the last term, the government led by Prime Minister Narendra Modi had extended the scheme till December 2024 so that the construction of approved houses could be completed and the keys could be handed over to the beneficiaries. Out of the more than 4 crore houses built so far, more than one crore houses have been given to the urban poor. Now the decision to build additional houses in rural and urban areas reflects the commitment of the Central Government in its third



Urban housing construction increased more than 9 times in nine years



22X total investment, from Rs 0.38 lakh crore in 2014 to Rs 8.19 lakh crore

term to meet the housing needs of the nation, ensure a better quality of life for every citizen and provide pucca houses to the deprived.

All the houses constructed under PMAY are equipped with basic amenities like household toilets, LPG connection, electricity connection, active household tap connection, etc. by merging other schemes of the Central Government and State Governments. It has been said in the meeting of the Union Cabinet that these 3 crore additional houses will meet the housing needs arising out of the increase in the number of eligible families, for which the government will assist rural and urban families.

Awas Yojana is giving great strength to the poor as well as women empowerment. In the last nine years, about 70 percent of the houses given to the beneficiaries in the country are in the name of women beneficiaries. Among the beneficiaries, the majority consists of those women in whose name a property has been registered for the first time. People are not only feeling respected by getting a house under the Central Government's Housing for All Scheme, but their confidence is also increasing.

The Central Government is also continuously increasing its budget for pucca houses under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana. In the current financial year, a provision of Rs 80 thousand 671 crore has been made in the budget of 2024-25 to build as many pucca houses as possible for the needy eligible beneficiaries. These houses are being given to such families who do not have their own permanent house. Light houses with modern technology are being built, in which about 16 lakh houses are being constructed.

This assistance available under PM Awas Yojana-Gramin

A fixed amount of assistance is given by the Central Government under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana for which the process has been laid out. In PMAY-G, financial assistance of Rs 1.20 lakh is provided to the beneficiaries of the plain area and Rs 1.30 lakh in the northeast and hilly states, difficult areas, and Integrated Action Plan districts. Additional assistance of Rs 12,000/- is given for the construction of toilets under collective schemes of Swachh Bharat Mission - Gramin, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), or any other dedicated source of funding. PMAY-G families are also provided with



8X central assistance increased from Rs 0.20 lakh crore to Rs 1.53 lakh crore



A boost to 'ease of living' and dignity of crores of Indians! The Union Cabinet has decided to further expand the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana and construct 3 crore additional rural and urban houses. This decision underlines the Government's commitment to meet the housing needs of our country and ensure a better quality of life for every citizen. The expansion of PMAY also reflects our Government's commitment to inclusive growth and social welfare.

- Narendra Modi, Prime Minister





water, LPG, and electricity connections along with other relevant schemes.

Efforts for saturation of schemes

People in the old system were finding it difficult to meet the necessities of life for years. Those who were born in slums never expected their generations to come out of it. But now the country is replacing this despair with hope. The current government has been trying to saturate schemes for the last 10 years in which PM Awas Yojana has a big role to play. Rising above religion, caste, and province, houses are being given to all eligible beneficiaries. Prime Minister Narendra Modi says that when the poor are less worried about the necessities of life, their confidence increases.

The government is also making arrangements for rental houses

The central government is also taking care that those who do not have their own house, get a good house at the reasonable rent. The government has made a special scheme for renting houses for urban migrants, laborers, and other working people. For this, special complexes are also being built in many cities.

The central government has started the Affordable Rental Housing Complex (ARHC). Under one of its models, a total of 48,113 units are being constructed including 18,112 units in Tamil Nadu. Under this scheme, affordable rental houses will be provided to migrants near their workplaces.

Under model- 1 of the scheme, 5648 existing government-funded houses in Chandigarh, Gujarat, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand and Jammu and Kashmir have been converted into ARHCs for the urban poor and

When there was a storm, we used to get very scared. Where would we go with the children? Water would fall from the roof. We would pray to God to get us a house. When we had to go out of the house, we used to get tension. That is why we used to think a lot about having our own house having a toilet then the children will be safe. Once a snake had come into our house, and then we ran out with the children. We were very happy when we got the house. I liked the green color of the house very much. The advantage of getting a house is that the children are living well, and they study well. They stay at home. I used to think, about decorating my own house, now I have got a house. Everyone is moving forward.

—Urmila Devi, Bhadohi, Uttar Pradesh

migrants. Also, the process of converting more than 7 thousand vacant houses into ARHCs is underway.

The story of crores of families who have become owners of a permanent house through Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Gramin and Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Urban is similar. Some used to live in huts and some were forced to live in urban slums. Now that people have their own house, they do not get tired of telling the story of their self-confidence, self-respect, and increased dignity. Prime Minister Narendra Modi has said on many occasions that the happiness of getting one's own house is also greater because a house is not just a structure made of bricks and cement but our emotions and our aspirations are attached to it. The four walls of our home not only provide us with security but also instill in us the confidence and belief about a better tomorrow. ●

First Parliament Session of 18th Lok Sabha

Oath taking of newly elected members, election of Lok Sabha Speaker, and President's Address

The people have delivered their mandate and elected their representatives for the 18th Lok Sabha. Prime Minister Narendra Modi has taken the oath of office along with his 71 ministers.

The first session of the 18th Lok Sabha has been called from 24 June to 3 July for the oath-taking of all the 543 newly elected members, election of Lok Sabha Speaker, and the President's Address to the joint session of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha. Parliamentary Affairs Minister Kiren Rijiju called for everyone's cooperation and positive participation to run the Parliament and fulfill the duty of national service...



According to Parliamentary Affairs Minister Kiren Rijiju, the first session of the 18th Lok Sabha will be held from 24 June to 3 July. It will include oath-taking of newly elected MPs, the election of the Speaker, the President's Address, and discussion on it. The 264th session of the Rajya Sabha will begin on June 27 and will continue till July 3. The first session of the Lok Sabha will have a total of 8 sittings. President Droupadi Murmu will address a joint session of both the Houses of Parliament on June 27. Media reports said that Prime Minister Narendra Modi will introduce members of his Council of Ministers in Parliament after the President's address on June 27. PM Modi will reply in both Houses of Parliament after the discussion on the motion of thanks on the President's address.

Parliamentary Affairs Minister Kiren Rijiju has said that every party irrespective of size or number will have an equal role to play. Every member's contribution is needed to run the Parliament well. All political parties should come together to run the Parliament of the world's largest democracy properly. Every political party will be given time as per the rules. We hope that a good Parliament session will be run as per the guidelines of the Speaker of the House and the vision of Prime Minister Narendra Modi. The roles of the opposition and the ruling party are different but the purpose is the same - national service. There should be good debate in Parliament, there should be positive discussion. I believe that everyone will contribute together. Together we will play a positive role in the upcoming Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha sessions.

Also, know this about Lok Sabha

G.V. Mavalankar was the first Speaker of Lok Sabha whose tenure was from 15 May 1952 to 27 February 1956. The first Deputy Speaker was M Ananthasayanam Ayyangar whose tenure was from May 1952 to March 1956.



Know this about the 18th Lok Sabha members

- Candidates of 41 political parties were elected, while 36 parties were represented in the 17th Lok Sabha.
- 280 newly elected MPs have been elected for the first time which is 52% of the total MPs.
- 262 newly elected MPs have been elected who have been members of Lok Sabha at any time.



Dr. Virendra Kumar, MP from Tikamgarh in Madhya Pradesh, reached the Parliament by winning the eighth consecutive election, while Pankaj Chaudhary, who became MP from Maharajganj in Uttar Pradesh, has also reached the Parliament for the seventh time

- 216 MPs have been elected in the 18th Lok Sabha who were also members of the 17th Lok Sabha.
- The average age of the elected members of the 18th Lok Sabha is 56 years, while it was 59 years in the 17th Lok Sabha.
- 48 percent of the MPs have declared their profession as social service and 37 percent have declared agriculture.
- 3 MPs have won this time at the age of 25, these include Pushpendra Saroj from Kaushambi Lok Sabha seat of Uttar Pradesh, Priya Saroj from the Machhali Shahar seat, and Shambhavi Chaudhary from Samastipur Lok Sabha seat of Bihar.
- Jitan Ram Manjhi is the oldest MP at 78 years of age, he was elected from the Gaya Lok Sabha seat of Bihar.

74 women MPs have been elected, out of which 16% are under 40 years of age.





Not more than 530 members can be elected from the states

According to the Constitution, there should not be more than 530 members in the Lok Sabha elected by direct election from the territorial constituencies of the states, and not more than 20 members to represent the Union Territory. The number of members elected by direct election from the territorial constituencies of the states can be increased if this has happened due to the reorganization of the states by an Act of Parliament.

Tenure of Lok Sabha

The normal term of the Lok Sabha is five years but it can be dissolved earlier by the President. This normal term can be extended by an Act passed by Parliament during the period of operation of a proclamation of emergency under Article 352 of the Constitution. This period cannot be extended by more than one year at a time.

Who will preside in the absence of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker?

The Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Lok Sabha provide that at the beginning of the session or from time to time as the case may be, the Speaker shall issue a list of not more than ten Chairmen from among the members. In the absence of the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker, one of them shall preside over the session at the request of the Speaker or, in his absence, the Deputy Speaker.

Right to the Speaker

In case of a tie, the Speaker has a casting vote. It is customary for the Presiding Officers to vote to maintain the status quo.



Parliament is an ideal forum for discussion, debate, and action to fulfill the aspirations of 140 crore Indians. We believe in the mantra of 'Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas' of Hon'ble Prime Minister Narendra Modi. Those who have been given mandate by the people to work in the government have to run the government well. Those who have been given mandate to play the role of opposition have to play the role of a positive opposition. Be it the ruling party or the opposition, everyone's contribution is needed to run the Parliament.

**– Kiren Rijiju,
Minister of Parliamentary Affairs**

Normally three sessions are held in the Lok Sabha in a year

Budget session	February–May
Monsoon session	July–August
Winter session	November–December

10th International Day of Yoga



Yoga: Turning into a mass movement

Yoga is an invaluable gift of ancient Indian tradition. Yoga is one of the most reliable means of promoting physical and mental well-being. Prime Minister Narendra Modi not only made India's ancient tradition of yoga global with his vision, but now it has become a part of people's daily routine. This is the reason why the central government took yoga out of the national boundaries to make it popular offshores. With the efforts of PM Modi, the United Nations had decided to celebrate International Day of Yoga on 21 June every year. In the year 2024, the world is celebrating the 10th International Day of Yoga...

Prime Minister Narendra Modi exhorted all the countrymen to make yoga an integral part of their lives. The Prime Minister believes that yoga brings immense peace so that one can face the challenges of life with calmness and patience. Before Yoga Day, a set of videos was also shared by PM Modi which offers guidance about various yoga asanas and their benefits. Prime Minister Modi believes that yoga has crossed cultural and geographical boundaries and has united millions of people across the world in search of holistic well-being.

International Day of Yoga started in the year 2015. Since then, not only has its scope expanded

but people have also included it in their daily routine. People are doing yoga regularly to keep their health in good shape. It is the result of the efforts of Prime Minister Narendra Modi that a large number of yoga institutes and yoga instructors have found a preeminent position in the country. This year the theme of International Yoga Day is 'Yoga for Self and Society'. Based on this theme, programs are being organized on a large scale in the country for the International Day of Yoga.

The Ministry of Information and Broadcasting and the Ministry of AYUSH organized a series of programs to create awareness about the benefits of yoga practice as well as the Common Yoga



Year-2023

PM Modi led the celebration at the United Nations Headquarters in 2023. Participation of 135 countries in the Yoga festival.

Theme: 'Yoga for Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam'



Year-2022

PM Modi practiced yoga with other participants in Mysore, Karnataka.

Theme: Yoga for humanity



Year-2021

Given the global pandemic, the PM addressed virtually. WHO-M Yoga App launched.

Theme: Yoga for wellness



International Day of Yoga has been celebrated like this till now

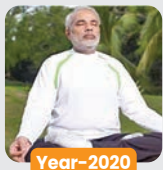
Year 2024 theme

**Yoga for Self
and Society**



Protocol (CYP). Activities like the 'Yoga with Family' competition were organized which involved families doing yoga together and uploading reels using yoga songs.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi has been at the forefront of the government's efforts to take yoga to the world after June 21 was recognized as "International Day of Yoga". On the occasion of the 9th International Day of Yoga in 2023, Prime Minister Modi led the celebrations at the United Nations Headquarters in 2023. The yoga celebration set a Guinness World Record with the participation of 135 countries. In the 'Ocean Ring of Yoga', 19 ships and naval forces from 34 countries participated in yoga in collaboration with the Ministries of Defence, External Affairs, Ports, Shipping, and Waterways. Yoga demonstrations were held from the Arctic to Antarctica, including India's research stations Himadri and Bharati. The Indian Armed Forces created the 'Yoga Bharatmala' and the coastal demonstrations were named 'Yoga Sagarmala'. At the grassroots level, the 'Har Angan Yoga' initiative engaged rural communities, conducting yoga sessions in panchayats, Anganwadi centers, and schools, covering about 200,000 locations. The estimated participation for the International Day of Yoga in 2023 was 23.4 crore. ●



Year-2020

Due to the global pandemic Covid, there was no public ceremony, but it was organized virtually.

Theme: Yoga at home and yoga with family



Year-2019

Prime Minister Modi celebrated Yoga Day with participants in Ranchi.

Theme: Yoga for the heart



Year-2018

Prime Minister Narendra Modi practiced yoga with 50 thousand participants in Dehradun.

Theme: Yoga for peace



Year-2017

Celebrated in Lucknow with 51 thousand participants, here PM Modi discussed its importance in lifestyle.

Theme: Yoga for health



Year-2016

At a formal event in Chandigarh, 30 thousand people participated in the presence of PM Modi.

Theme: Yoga for the achievement of SDGs



Year-2015

Event on Kartavya Path in New Delhi, and 35,985 participants took part in it. Two Guinness World Records were made.

Theme: Yoga for harmony and peace

Farmer Welfare, Commitment of the Central Government

Villages and farmers weigh high in the priorities of the Central Government which is also evident by the first decision of the new Central Government. Once again, the Central Government led by Prime Minister Narendra Modi has kept farmers at the top of its priority. The first decision taken after taking oath as the Prime Minister for the third consecutive time was related to the welfare of farmers. The first file that Prime Minister Modi signed was related to the release of Kisan Samman Nidhi. Along with this, Prime Minister Modi has also assured that in the coming time, he wants to undertake the welfare of farmers and the agriculture sector more vigorously. Releasing the 17th installment of PM Kisan Nidhi will benefit 9.3 crore farmers and around Rs 20,000 crores will be distributed. Under PM Kisan Samman Nidhi, the Central Government gives Rs 6,000 in three installments of Rs 2,000 per year to farmers across the country for their assistance. Under this scheme, till now an amount of more than 3 lakh crore rupees has been sent directly to the accounts of the farmers of the country.



Brain tumor surgery will be easier

Surgery of patients suffering from brain tumors will now be easier. A state-of-the-art intraoperative ultrasound (IUS) machine has been installed in the neurosurgery department of Tata Memorial Center (TMC) in Mumbai to perform brain tumor surgery. The hospital has informed that this is the first time such an advanced intraoperative ultrasound (IUS) system has been installed in the country. This system will help in removing brain tumors safely and accurately, patients will have to stay in the hospital for less time and recovery will also be easy. Not only this, the treatment cost of patients will also be reduced in treatment with this technology because the cost of treatment with IUS will be less compared to other intraoperative imaging systems.

The government made a big decision, jail for not getting vehicle insurance

The central government has made a big decision to prevent the risk of road accidents. Now it has been made mandatory to have third-party insurance for vehicles. Not having third-party insurance has now become a punishable offense. Not only this, negligence in taking vehicle insurance can now lead to jail. According to the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, driving a motor vehicle without valid motor third-party insurance is a punishable offense. According to Section 196 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988, all vehicles plying on Indian roads must compulsorily take third-party insurance. Having a third-party insurance cover is an important aspect as it assists the victims in case of accidents or damage.



Lieutenant General Upendra Dwivedi will be the next Army Chief of the country

The Central Government has appointed Lieutenant General Upendra Dwivedi, PVSM, AVSM as the next Army Chief of the country. Lieutenant General Upendra Dwivedi is currently serving as the Vice Chief of Army Staff. The current Army Chief General Manoj C Pande, PVSM, AVSM, VSM is retiring on June 30, 2024. Born on July 1, 1964, Lieutenant General Upendra Dwivedi was commissioned into the Infantry (Jammu and Kashmir Rifles) of the Indian Army on December 15, 1984. During his long and distinguished service of about 40 years, he has served in various commands, staff, training, and foreign appointments. Lieutenant General Dwivedi has held important positions including Director General Infantry and General Officer Commanding in Chief (Headquarters Northern Command) from 2022 to 2024 before his appointment as Vice Chief of Army Staff. An alumnus of Sainik School Rewa, National Defence College and US Army War College, Lt Gen Upendra Dwivedi has also studied at DSSC Wellington and Army War College, Mhow. Lt Gen Dwivedi holds an M Phil in Defence and Management Studies and two postgraduate degrees in Strategic Studies and Military Science. He has been awarded the Param Vishisht Seva Medal (PVSM) and Ati Vishisht Seva Medal (AVSM) along with several other decorations.



Plan to leverage 'Khadi Gram Swaraj Abhiyan'

Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC), under the Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, has started working rapidly on the plan to strengthen 'Khadi Gram Swaraj Abhiyan' in every village as per the vision of Prime Minister Narendra Modi to achieve the goal of Viksit Bharat by the year 2047. Due to the policies of the government, the artisans of rural India have become economically prosperous with the increase in the production and sale of Khadi in the last few years. This is the reason why a margin subsidy of Rs 299.25 crore has been distributed to 7,444 units across the country under the Pradhan Mantri Employment Generation Program (PMEGP). 81,884 new jobs have been created in the country with the loan amount sanctioned for the beneficiaries. Not only this, the increase of more than 233 percent in the remuneration of artisans in the last 10 years has also attracted artisans towards Khadi work.

Request to remove 'Modi Ka Parivar tag' from social media handles

After the completion of the Lok Sabha elections, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has requested supporters to remove the tagline "Modi Ka Parivar" from their social media handles. PM Modi has expressed gratitude for the continued support of the people of the country. Prime Minister Narendra Modi said that during the Lok Sabha election campaign, a large number of people wrote "Modi Ka Parivar" in their social media profiles, showing affection for him. Prime Minister Narendra Modi said that the name appearing on social media may change, but our bond as a family striving for the progress of India will remain strong and unbreakable. Prime Minister Modi said that the enthusiasm shown by the people of the country after this initiative on social media gave him a lot of strength and energy. He also expressed gratitude for creating a record by giving a majority to the NDA alliance in the country for the third consecutive time. ●



BIHAR VIBHUTI

DR. ANUGRAH NARAYAN SINHA

BORN: 18 JUNE 1887 | DIED: 5 JULY 1957

One of the stalwarts from Bihar Dr. Anugrah Narayan Sinha is revered by millions as a national icon who played an important role in the freedom struggle of India and the creation of modern Bihar. He was a vivacious orator, teacher, lawyer, and politician, who followed the footsteps of the Father of the Nation Mahatma Gandhi, and contributed immensely to the nation's progress with his steadfast loyalty and administrative abilities..

This towering personality who fought against the oppression of the British, was born on 18 June 1887 in Poiwan village of the then Gaya district (present Aurangabad) of Bihar. He was a meritorious student who received primary education from the local school of his village. Dr. Anugrah Sinha was a staunch supporter and follower of Mahatma Gandhi and Gandhian principles. He is considered an influential figure in the politics of Bihar who shaped the political history of the state. He is also called 'Sardar Patel of Bihar', as he not only made efforts to bring communities together but also successfully led the Satyagrahas conducted by Mahatma Gandhi.

Anugrah Sinha had immense love for the motherland from childhood. In 1917, he left his legal profession to join the Champaran Satyagraha movement launched by Gandhiji. This movement not only made Dr. Sinha a preeminent leader at the national level but it also marked the beginning of a decisive shift towards adopting Gandhian methods of protest and agitation in India. Dr. Sinha was also one of the driving forces behind the Civil Disobedience Movement in 1930, one of the most important movements in the history of the Indian freedom struggle.

Due to his patriotic spirit and active participation in the freedom struggle, he was also

imprisoned for 15 months between 1933 and 1934. He was reportedly the first freedom fighter to respond to Gandhiji's call for Satyagraha (1940-41). In 1942, he was arrested by the British authorities and imprisoned in Hazaribagh Central Jail. After being released from jail in 1944, he served people suffering from epidemics.

From 1937 till his demise on 5 July 1957, Dr. Anugrah Narayan Sinha actively worked for the welfare of the state of Bihar. He also served in the first Parliament of independent India and was a member of the Constituent Assembly, formed to draft the Constitution of India. His tireless efforts for the modernization of Bihar is acknowledged by everyone. The prestigious Anugrah Memorial College located in Gaya is named after him. In the words of Loknayak Jai Prakash Narayan, "In modern times, there are very few people like our Anugrah Babu to whom Bihar is indebted. The people of this state are indebted to this great son of the soil of Bihar."

On 2 March 2024, at the launch of various projects in Aurangabad, Bihar, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said in his address that this land of Aurangabad is the birthplace of many freedom fighters. This is the birthplace of great men like Bihar Vibhuti Anugrah Narayan Sinha ji. Today a new chapter of Bihar's development is being written on the same land of Aurangabad. ●



Narendra Modi
@narendramodi

Upon reaching back to Delhi after today's two oath taking ceremonies, chaired a meeting to review the situation in the wake of the fire mishap in Kuwait, where people of Indian origin have been affected.

Gol is doing everything possible to assist those affected by this gruesome fire tragedy. pib.gov.in/PressReleaseSelf...



Nitin Gadkari
@nitin_gadkari

Resuming office as the Minister of Road Transport and Highways, alongside Ministers of State Shri @AjayTantiaBJP Ji and Shri @hdmalhotra Ji. Heartfelt gratitude to the Hon'ble Prime Minister, Shri @narendramodi Ji, for reassigning me this role in Modi 3.0. Under your visionary leadership, India will be equipped with world-class, modern infrastructure at an accelerated pace.



Rajnath Singh
@rajnathsingh

किसान कल्याण के प्रति हमारे प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi की प्रतिबद्धता जग जग्राह है। तीसरी बार प्रधानमंत्री पद की शपथ लेने के बाद उन्होंने सबसे पहला निर्णय ही किसानों के हित में किया है। आज प्रधानमंत्री मोदी जी ने 'पीएम किसान सम्मान निधि' की 17वीं किस्त जारी कर दी जिसके कारण देश के किसानों के बैंक खातों में ₹20,000 करोड़ की धनराशि सीधे पहुँच गई। मैं इस किसान हितैषी निर्णय के लिए मोदीजी को धन्यवाद देता हूँ।



Amit Shah
@AmitShah

प्रधानमंत्री श्री @narendramodi जी के नेतृत्व व विजन पर भरोसा जताने के लिए ओडिशा की जनता का हार्दिक धन्यवाद। ओडिशा वासियों की सांस्कृतिक, आर्थिक और सामाजिक आकांक्षाओं को मोदी जी जैसा संवेदनशील और सजग नेतृत्व ही पूरा कर सकता है। प्रदेश की जनता के हर सपने को साकार करने के लिए और ओडिशा को देश के अग्रणी राज्यों में लाने के लिए भाजपा की केंद्र और राज्य सरकार समन्वित पकनित्व भाव से कार्य करेगी।



C R Paatil
@CRPaatil

संकल्प : जल शक्ति मंत्रालय के माध्यम से, जल संरक्षण, स्वच्छता और प्रबंधन में नए कीर्तिमान स्थापित करने का।

#modikaparivaar

Narendra Modi sworn in as PM for the third consecutive term

LION'S SHARE. BJP retains top Cabinet berths, including Home, Defence, Foreign Affairs and Finance

Our Bureau
New Delhi

Narendra Modi took oath as Prime Minister for a third term in a glittering ceremony in the Rashtrapati Bhavan on Sunday along with a 72-member Council of Ministers. The top berths including Defence, Finance, Foreign Affairs and Home Ministries, are all held by the BJP although it has asked for the end respect for all allies barring the National Congress Party (NCP), which has stayed out of the Cabinet formation.



HISTORIC MOMENT. Narendra Modi takes oath as PM at the Rashtrapati Bhavan in New Delhi on Sunday.

Modi, senior BJP leaders, including Rajnath Singh, Amit Shah, Nitin Gadkari, Nirmala Sitharaman and S. Jaishankar, all ministers in the Modi 3.0 Cabinet, took oath as Cabinet members at the Rashtrapati Bhavan.

dropped were Sharad Pawar, Anurag Thakur, Rajendra Prasad, and others.

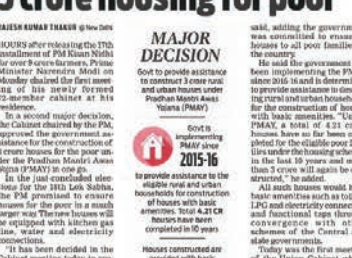
NOPEL OUT. An ally who was left out of the Cabinet formation was the National Congress Party (NCP), led by Ajit Pawar. With only one seat in the Lok Sabha, the BJP's ally in a Minister of State (MoS) position. No party's presence in the cabinet, leading the NCP to decide against joining the Cabinet.

Modi hails PMO staff, says 'you have nation's trust'



Modi hails PMO staff, saying they have the nation's trust. He said the PMO staff is the backbone of the government and they have the nation's trust.

First Cabinet meet clears 3 crore housing for poor



The first Cabinet meeting cleared 3 crore housing for poor. The PMO staff is the backbone of the government and they have the nation's trust.

With no change of guard in key Ministries, PM signals continuity

Modi allocates portfolios a day after new Ministry assumed charge

Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Monday sent out a message of continuity in governance with Ministers handling key portfolios unchanged from his previous Ministry.



Taking CHARGE
Called Ministers and their portfolios

Rajnath Singh: Defence, Small and Medium Enterprises

Amit Shah: Home Affairs, Panchayati Raj and Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying

Nitin Gadkari: Road Transport and Highways

S. Jaishankar: External Affairs, Handloom, Textiles and Handicrafts, and Urban Affairs and Power

Nirmala Sitharaman: Finance and Corporate Affairs

Ajit Pawar: Minister of State (MoS)

Shri @AjayTantiaBJP Ji and Shri @hdmalhotra Ji: Ministers of State

PM signals farmer outreach, signs first file on their welfare

PM signals farmer outreach, signs first file on their welfare. The PMO staff is the backbone of the government and they have the nation's trust.

'Message conveyed': PM asks social media users to remove 'Modi Ka Parivar' from handles

'Message conveyed': PM asks social media users to remove 'Modi Ka Parivar' from handles. The PMO staff is the backbone of the government and they have the nation's trust.

NEW RESOLUTIONS EMERGED FROM MEDITATION IN KANYAKUMARI

After the end of the poll campaign PM Modi retreated to Kanyakumari for a three-day spiritual journey where he meditated. Meditation becomes challenging amidst such huge responsibilities, but the land of Kanyakumari and the inspiration of Swami Vivekananda made it effortless for him.



- ✓ This place in Kanyakumari has been very close to PM Modi. Vivekananda Rock Memorial was built in Kanyakumari by Eknath Ranade.
- ✓ From Kashmir to Kanyakumari, this is our common identity, which is deeply ingrained in the heart of every citizen of the country. This is the Shaktipeeth where Maa Shakti took incarnation in the form of Kanyakumari.
- ✓ At this southern end, Maa Shakti did penance and waited for Lord Shiva, who was residing in the Himalayas in the northernmost part of India.
- ✓ Kanyakumari is the land of confluences. The sacred rivers of our country flow into different seas, and here, those very seas converge.
- ✓ Along with Vivekananda Rock Memorial, here we find a grand statue of Saint Thiruvalluvar, Gandhi Mandapam, and Kamarajar Mani Mandapam.
- ✓ The grand statue of Saint Thiruvalluvar in Kanyakumari seems to be looking at the expanse of Maa Bharti from the sea

"The good fortune I got to do Sadhana in the presence of Maa Bharti in Kanyakumari, the land of the confluences is an invaluable asset of my life. I have tried to put into words the feelings that inspired my heart after contemplation and meditation here."

- Narendra Modi, Prime Minister



Scan the QR code to read the blog written after Kanyakumari Sadhana

**NEW INDIA
SAMACHAR
FORTNIGHTLY**

RNI No. : DELENG/2020/78811

June 16 - 30, 2024

RNI Registered No DELENG/2020/78811, Delhi Postal License No DL(S)-1/3545/2023-25, WPP NO U (S)-93/2023-25, posting at BPC, Market Road, New Delhi-110001 on 13-17 advance Fortnightly (Publishing June 16, 2024, Pages - 48)

Editor in Chief
Sheyphali B. Sharan
Principal Director General,
Press Information Bureau, New Delhi

Published & Printed by:
Dhirendra Ojha, Director General,
on behalf of **Central Bureau Of
Communication**

Published from:
**Room No-278, Central Bureau Of
Communication, 2nd Floor, Soochna
Bhawan, New Delhi -110003**

Printed at
Infinity Advertising services Pvt.Ltd.
FBD-One Corporate Park, 10th floor,
New Delhi-Faridabad border,
NH-1, Faridabad-121003